

STATUS of LAND SURFACE MODELING and DATA ASSIMILATION at ECCC

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3rd ISWG Workshop, Montreal, 15-17 July 2019

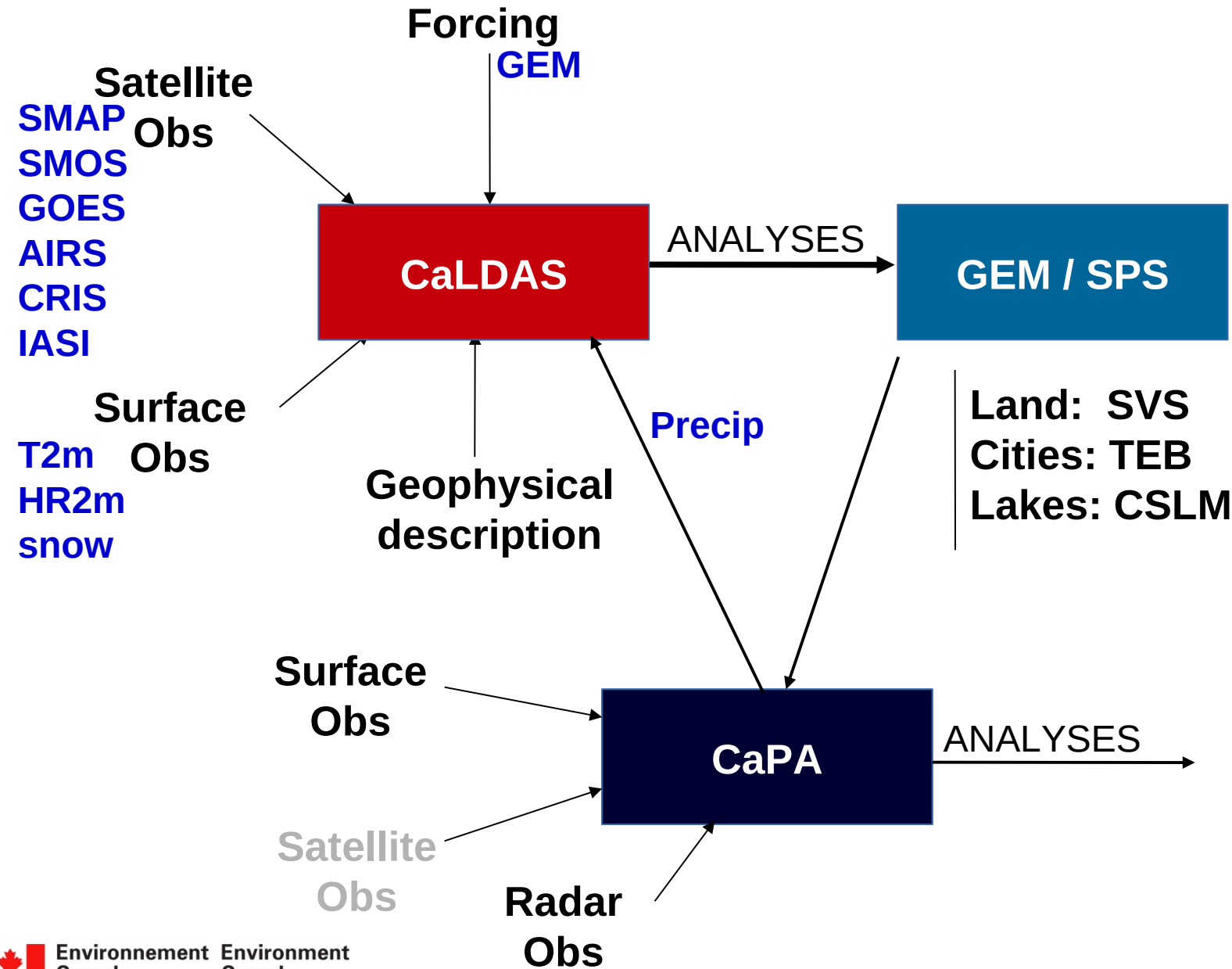


Environment and
Climate Change Canada

Environnement et
Changement climatique Canada

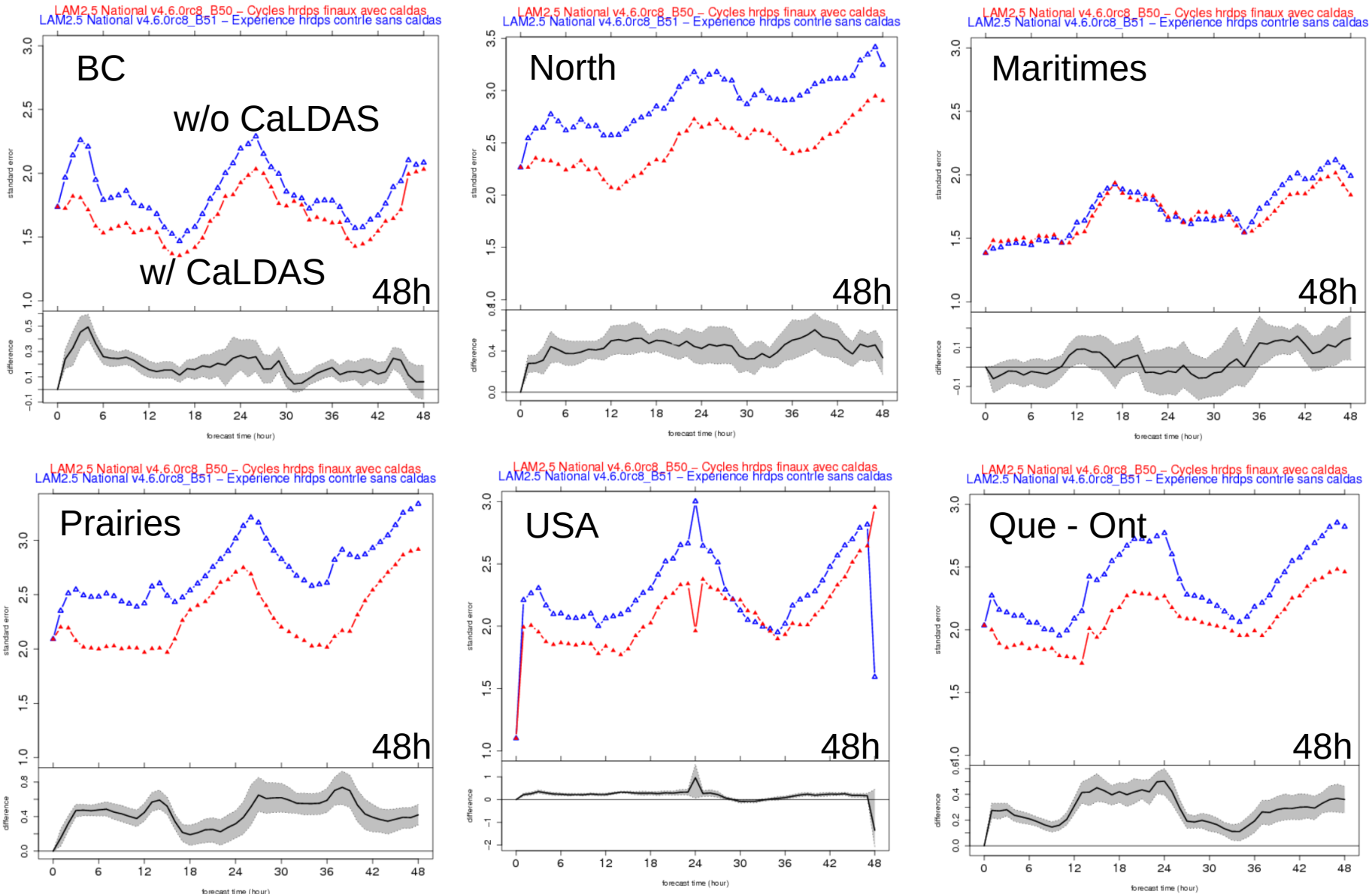
Canada

ECCC land surface (non-climate) “universe”



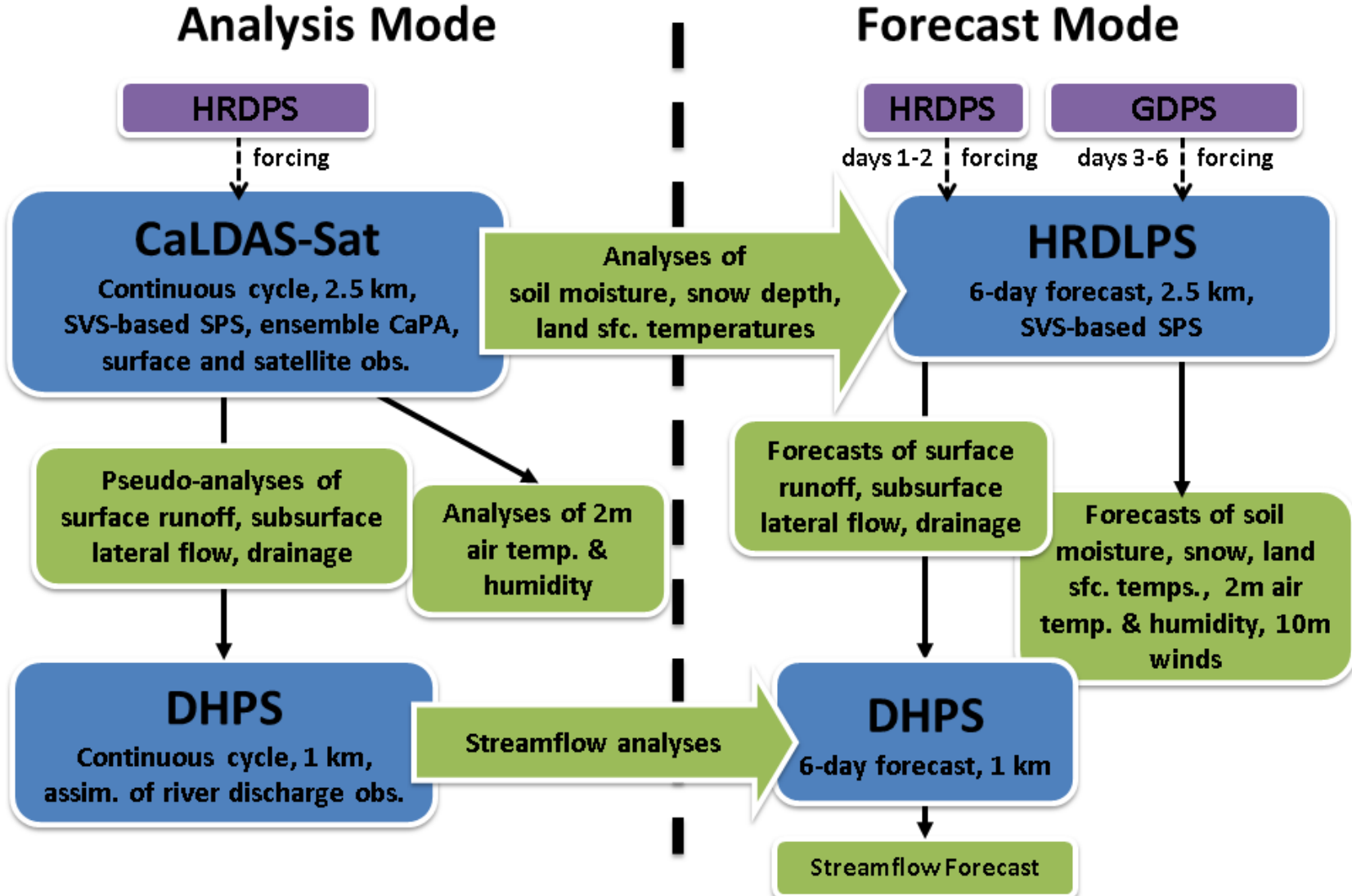
CaLDAS "screen" (ISBA) in HRDPS (a few years ago)

Dew point temp., STDE, summer, 00 UTC cases

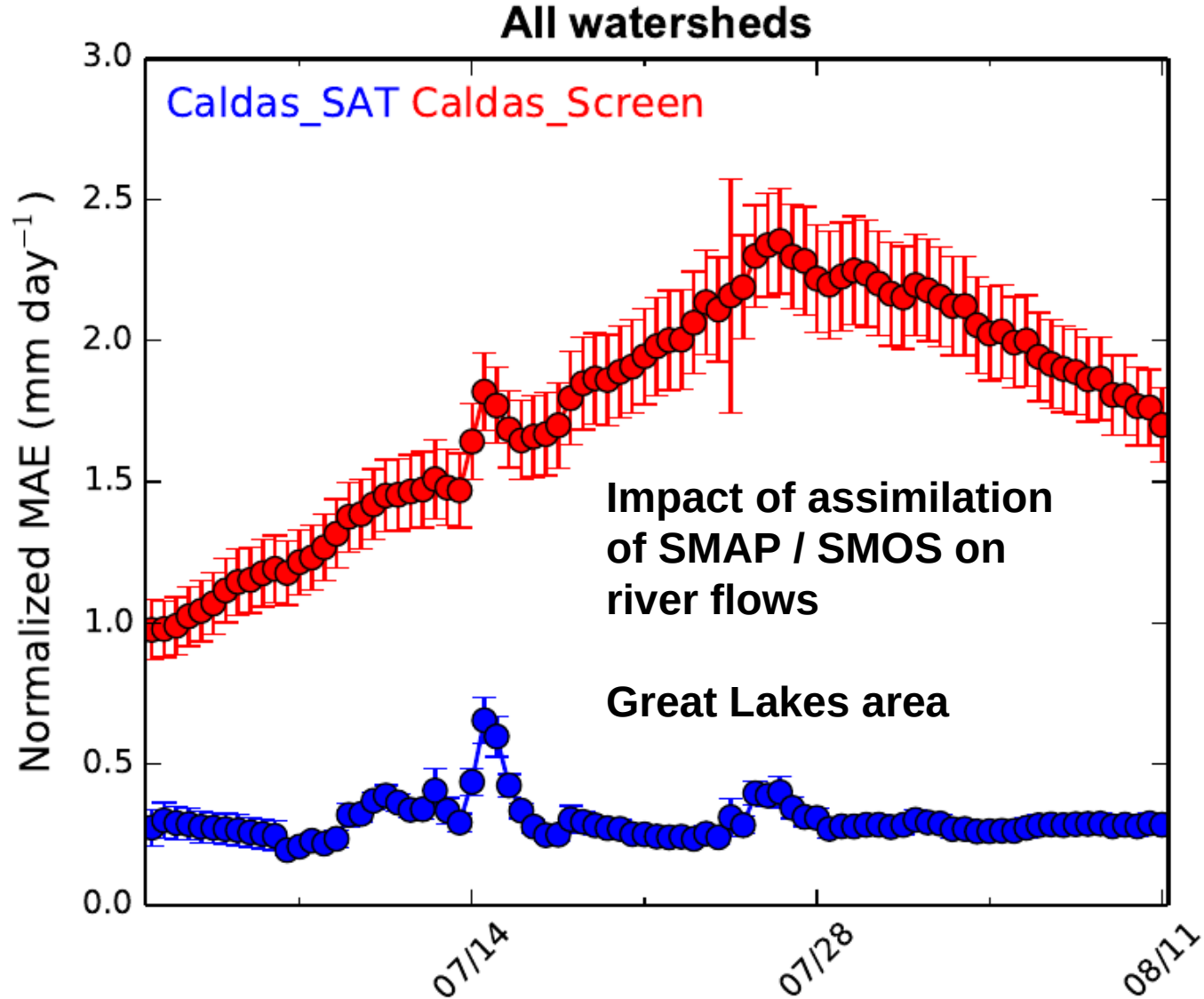


Implementation of CaLDAS “sat” 2.5-km regional (2019)

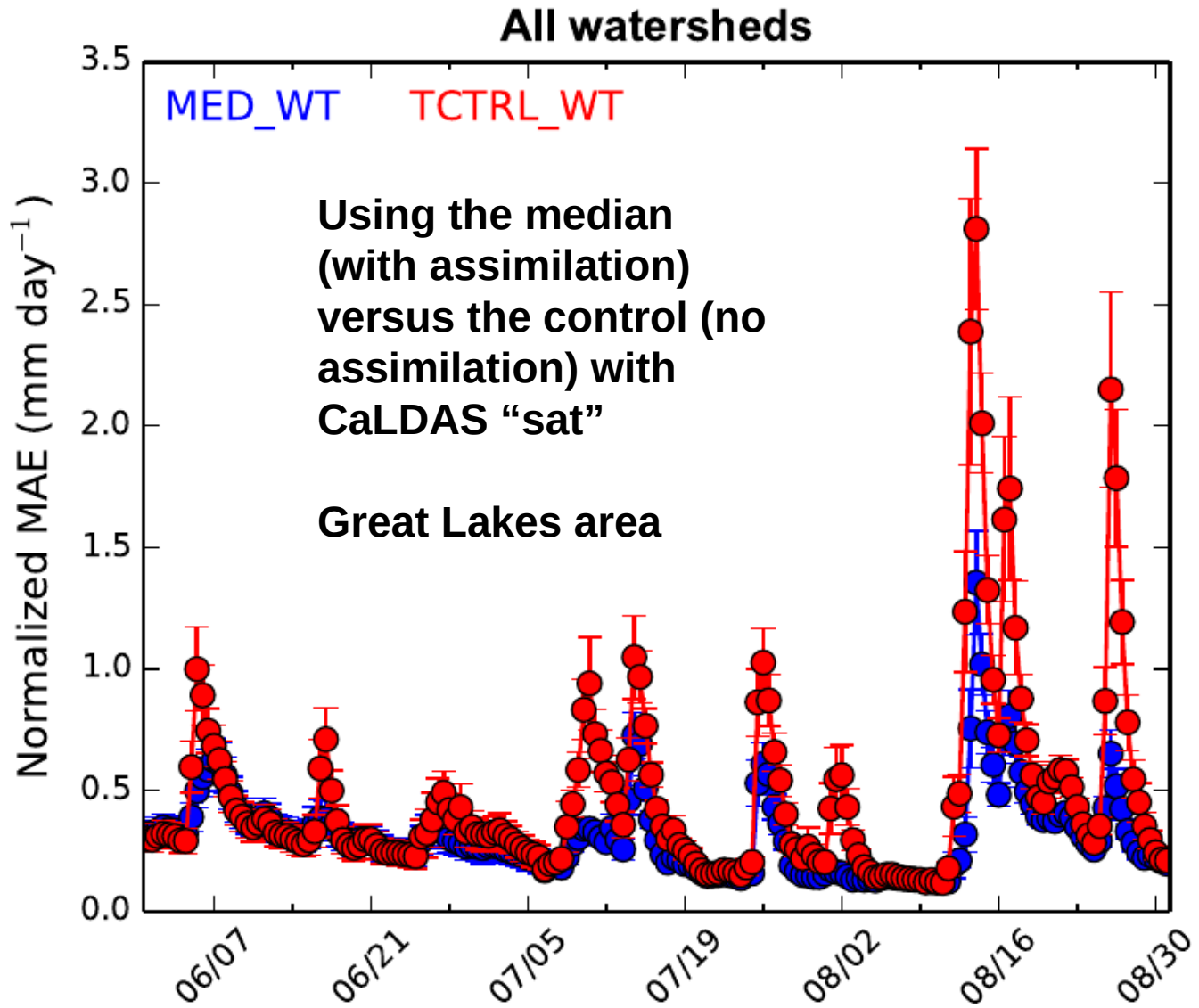
Surface and River Prediction System



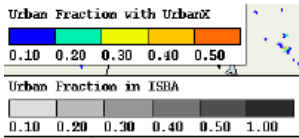
Impact of CaLDAS “sat” on hydrological prediction



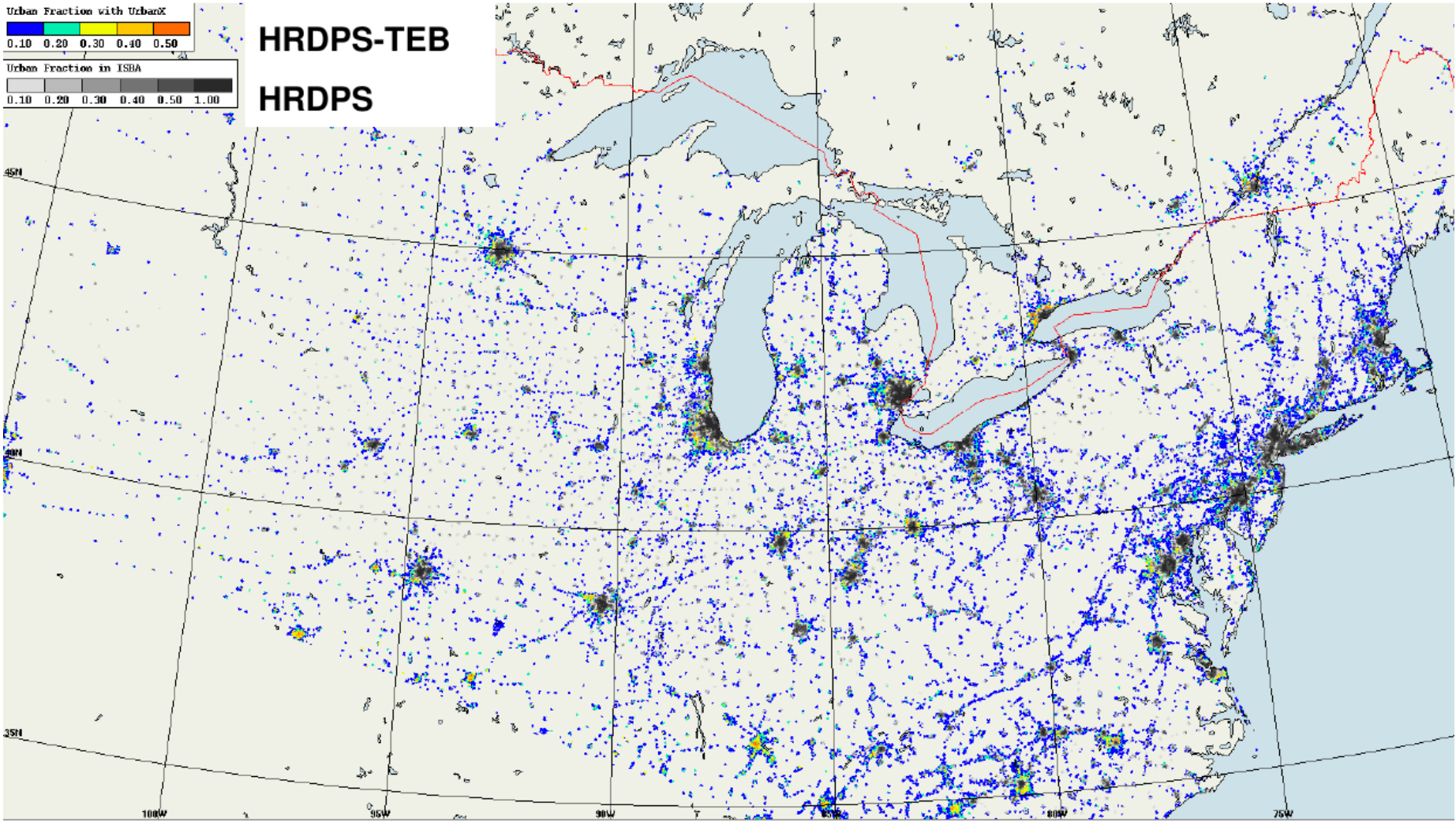
Impact of CaLDAS “sat” on hydrological prediction



Implementation of cities in km-scale NWP

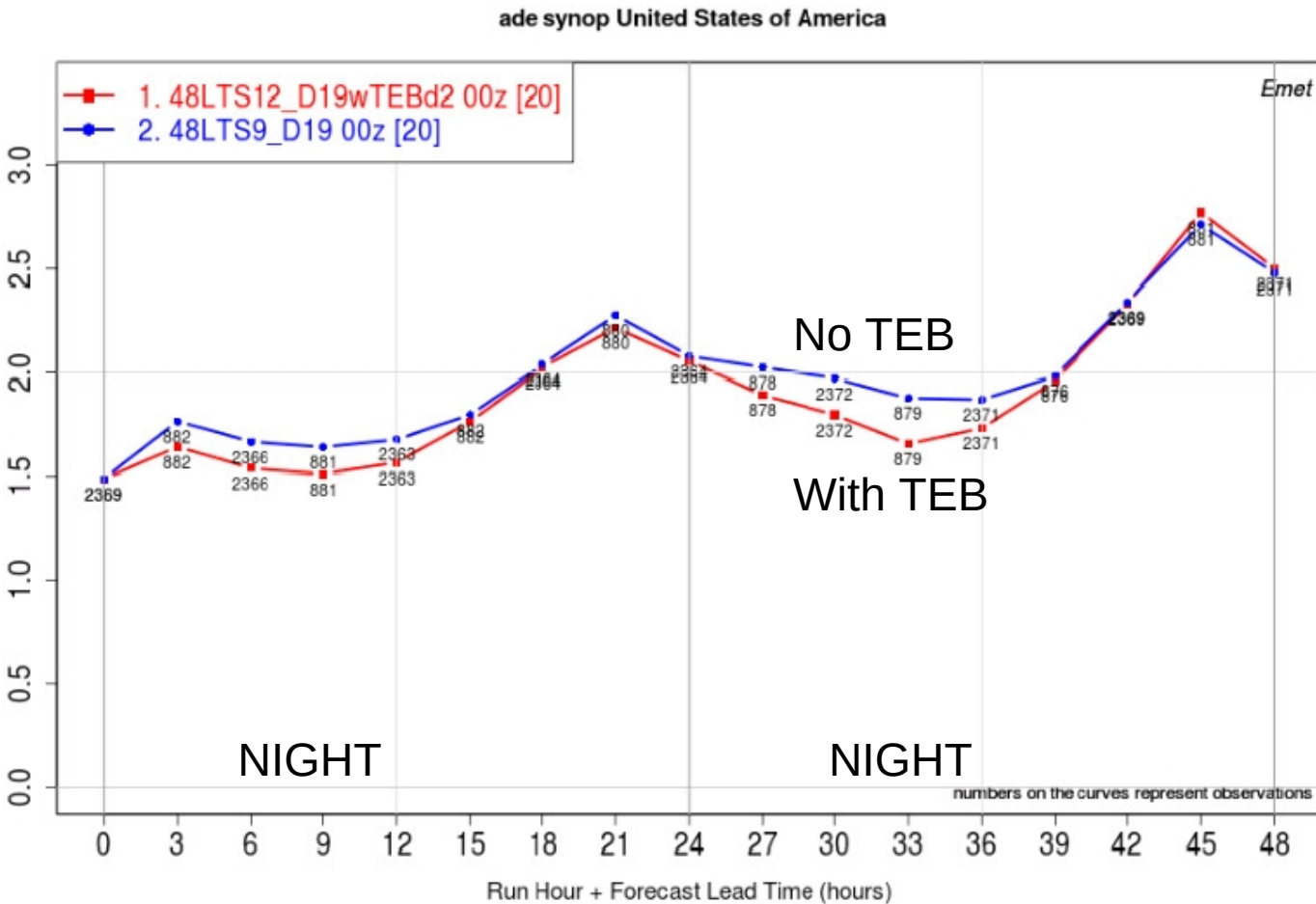


HRDPS-TEB
HRDPS



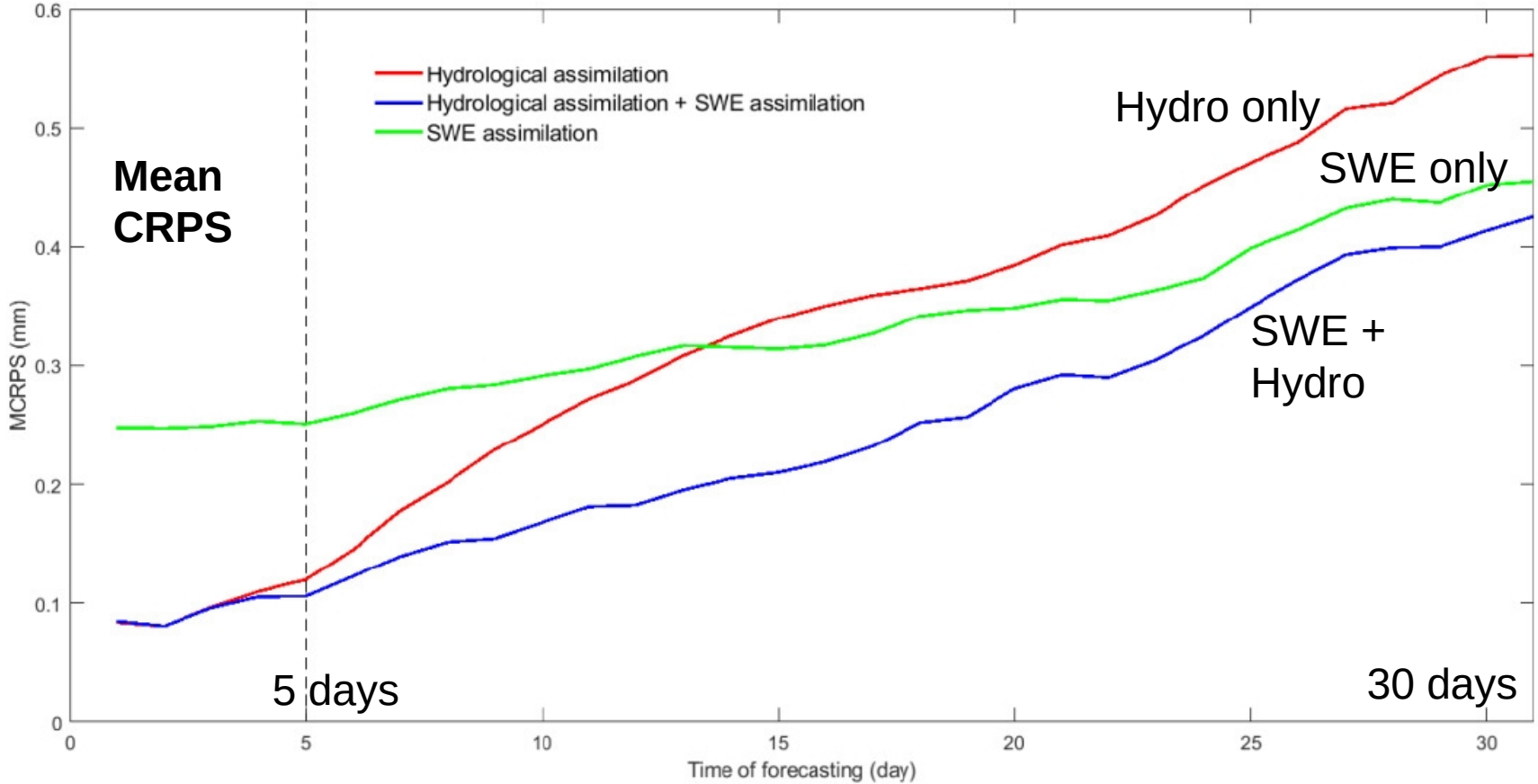
Impact of cities on HRDPS predictions

STDE
Air
temperature
20 Summer
cases
USA



TEB will also be implemented in 2.5-km offline surface system for medium and long-range forecasts

Impact of snow on hydro forecasts (as part of motivation for TSMM mission)



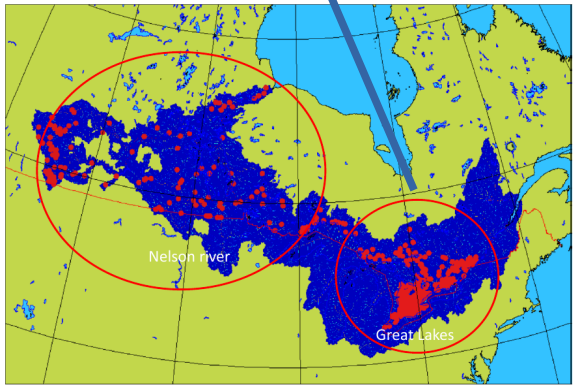
(Abaza et al. 2019, under review)

Impact of snow on hydro forecasts (as part of motivation for TSMM mission)

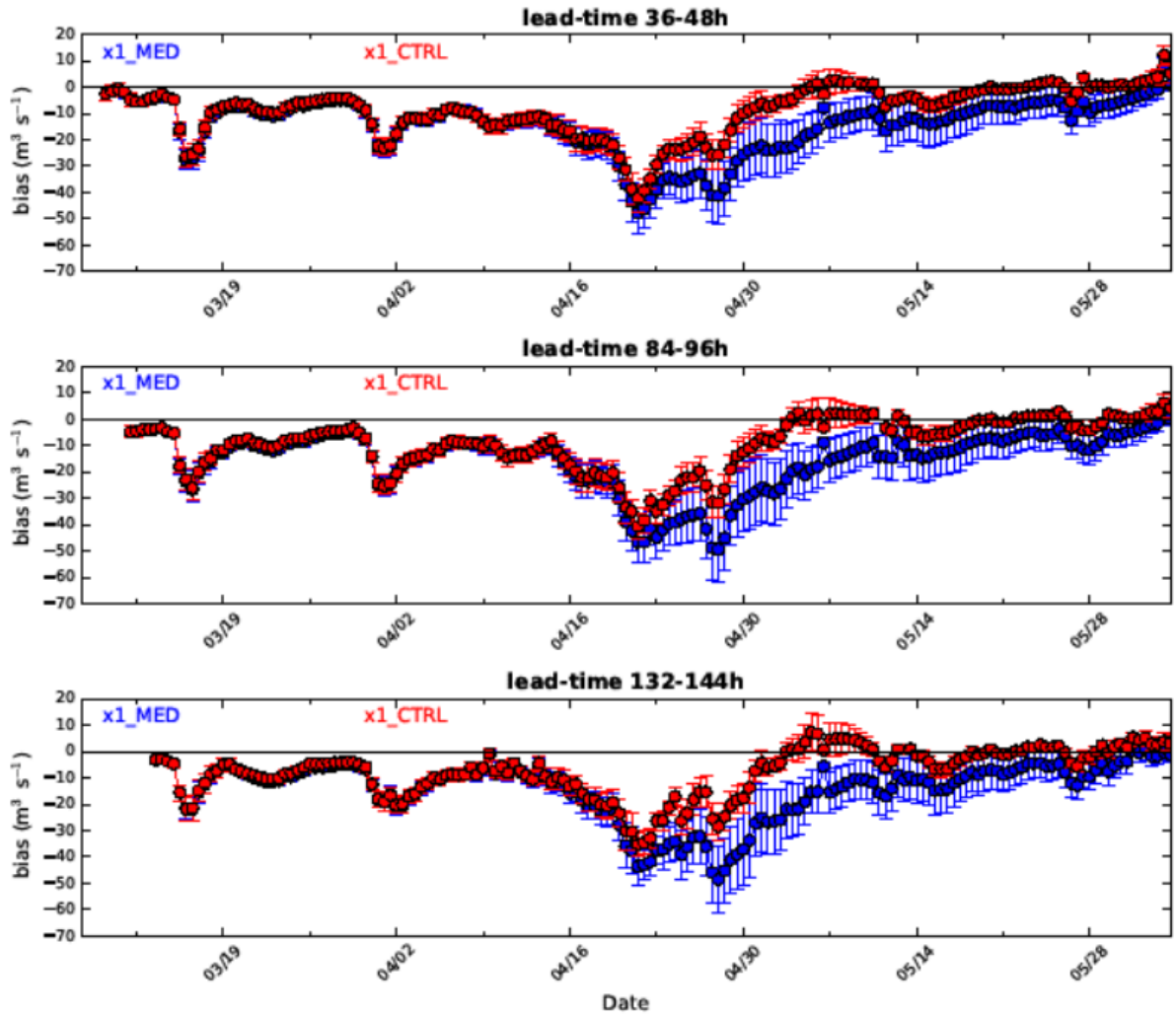
BIAS
streamflow

CaLDAS median
(blue) vs CaLDAS
control (no
assimilation of
surface snow depth
obs – red)

Over the Great Lakes
area



Verification of streamflow predictions for: 20190307 - 20190603, gls, all watersheds



Weakly coupled vs offline land DA cycles

Impact on near-surface soil moisture

“coupled”
minus
“offline”

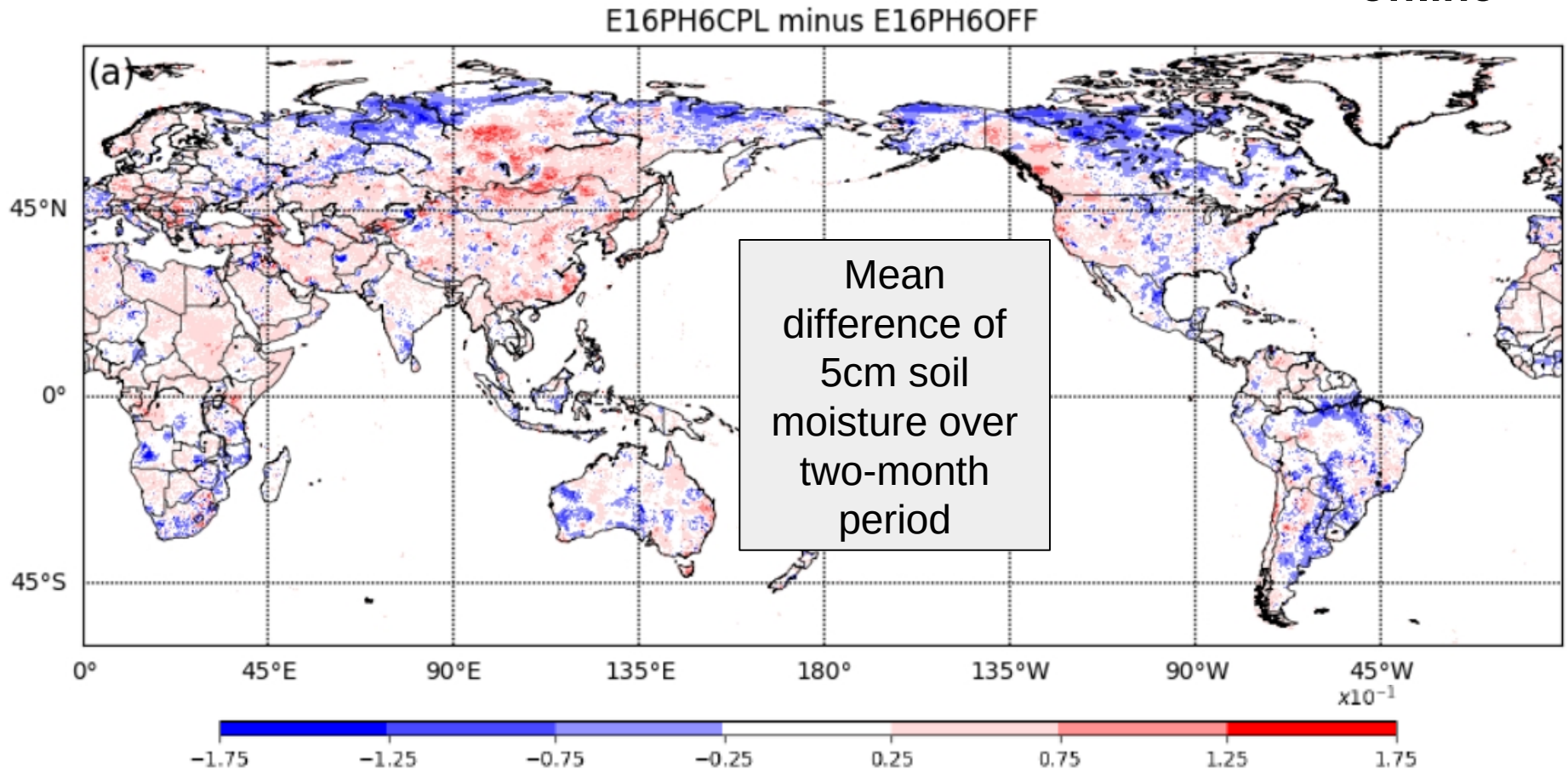
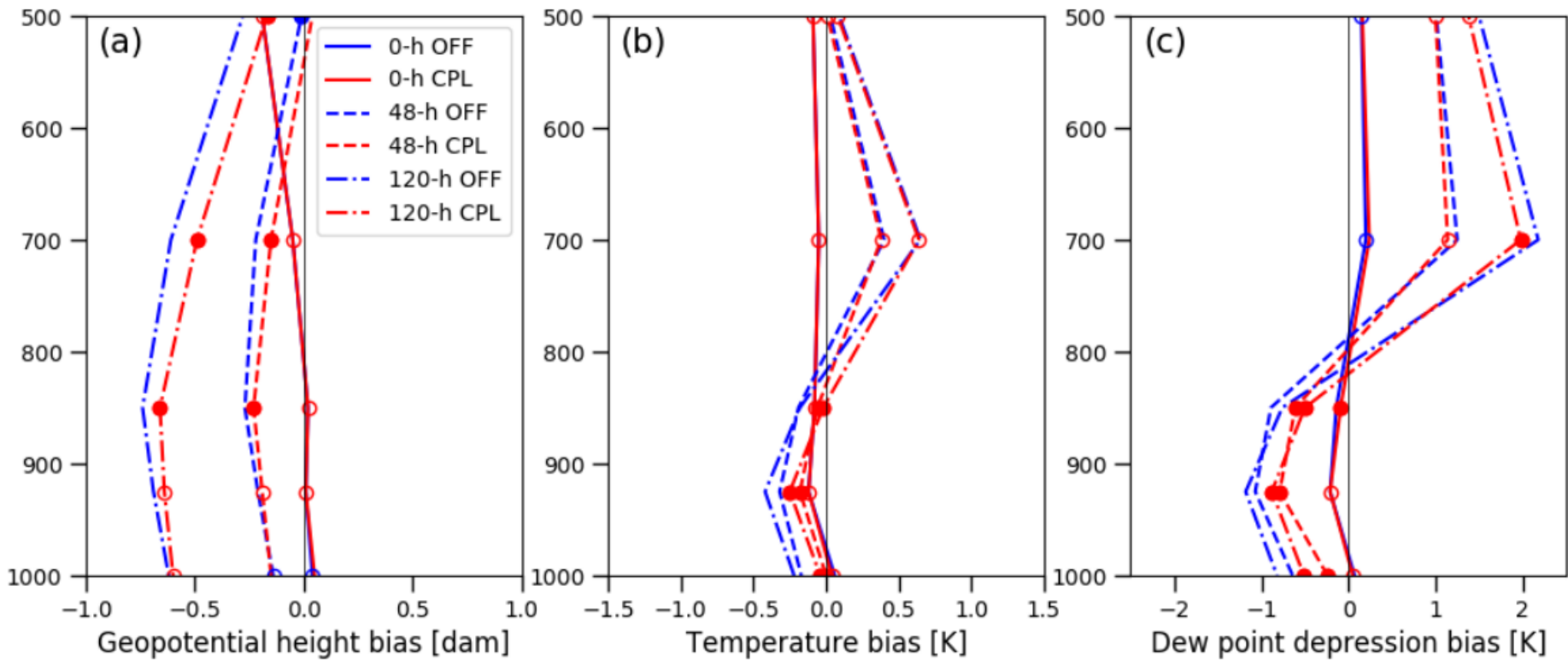


Figure 2. Two month difference of the mean of the top layer (5 cm) soil moisture analyses [$\text{m}^3 \text{m}^{-3}$] of the coupled and uncoupled experiments during summer 2016 (top; E16CPL-E16OFF) and winter 2017 (bottom; H17CPL-H17OFF) periods.

Weakly coupled vs offline land DA cycles

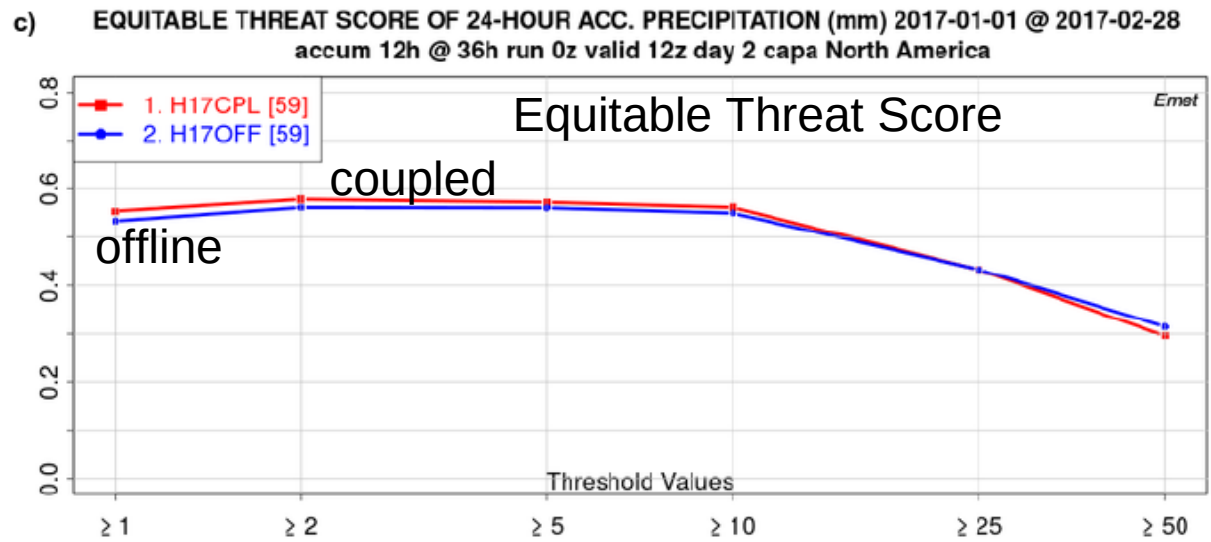
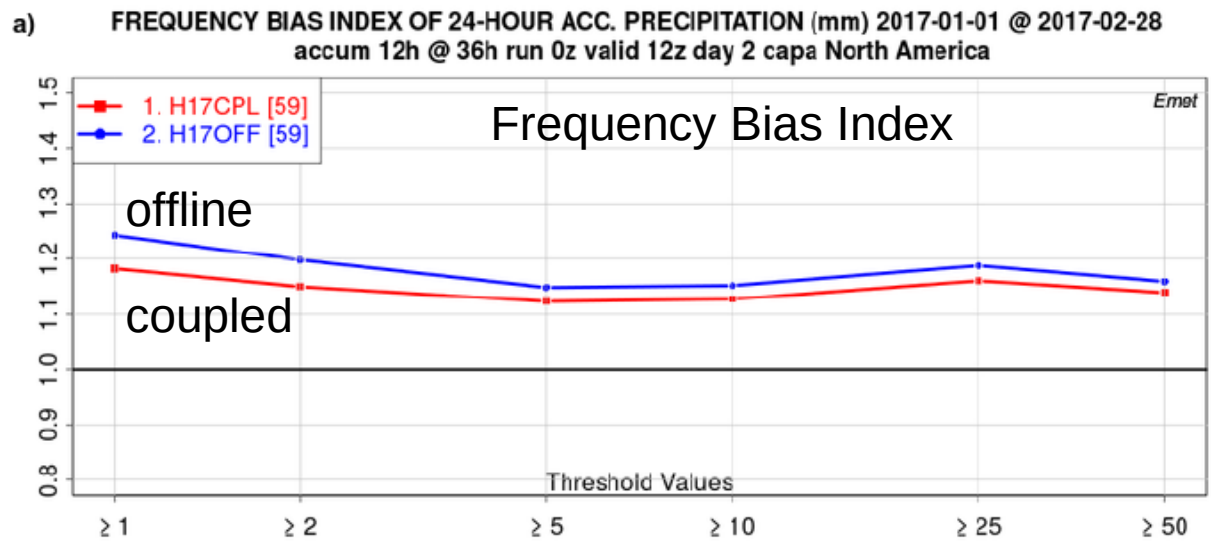
Impact on atmospheric boundary layer



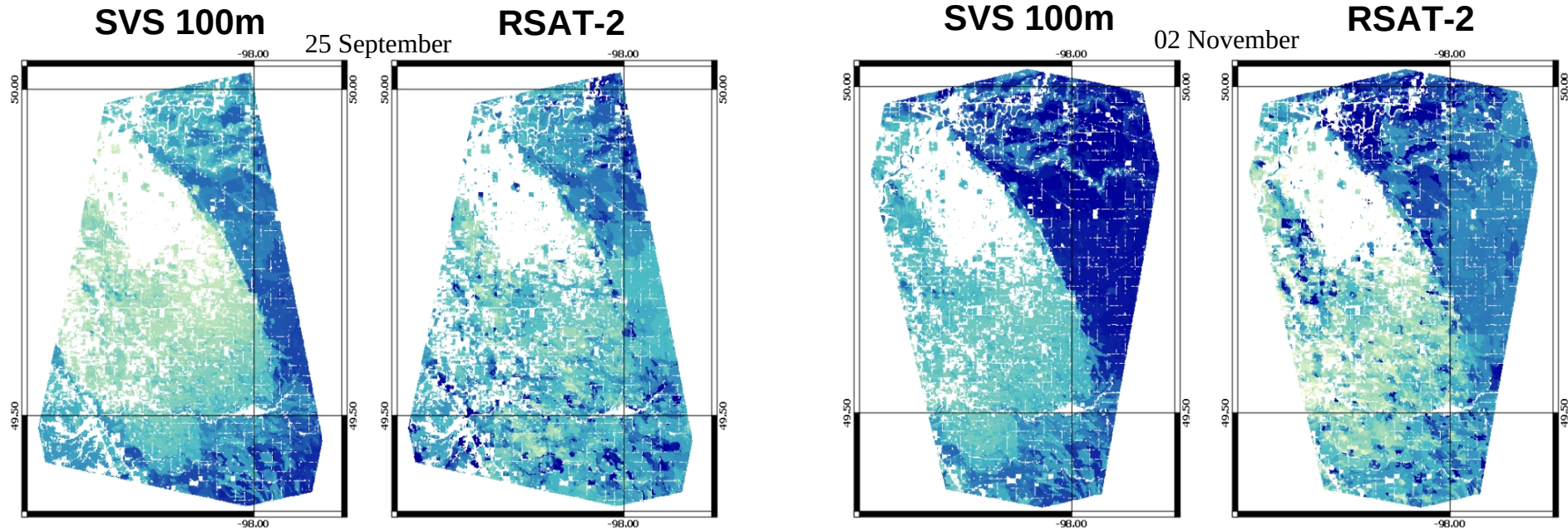
(Bani Shahabadi et al. 2019, under review)

Weakly coupled vs offline land DA cycles

Impact on precipitation



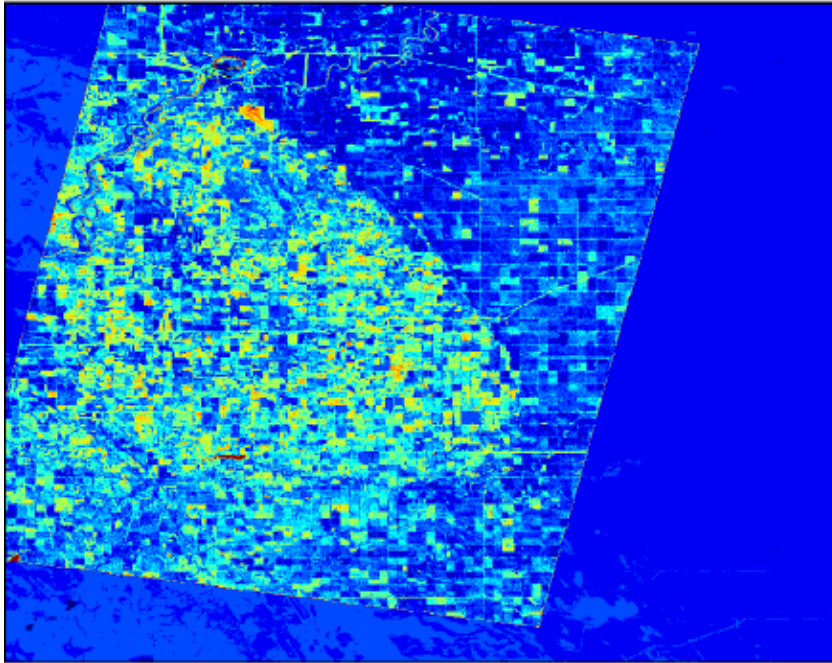
Field-scale soil moisture (in the soil moisture space)



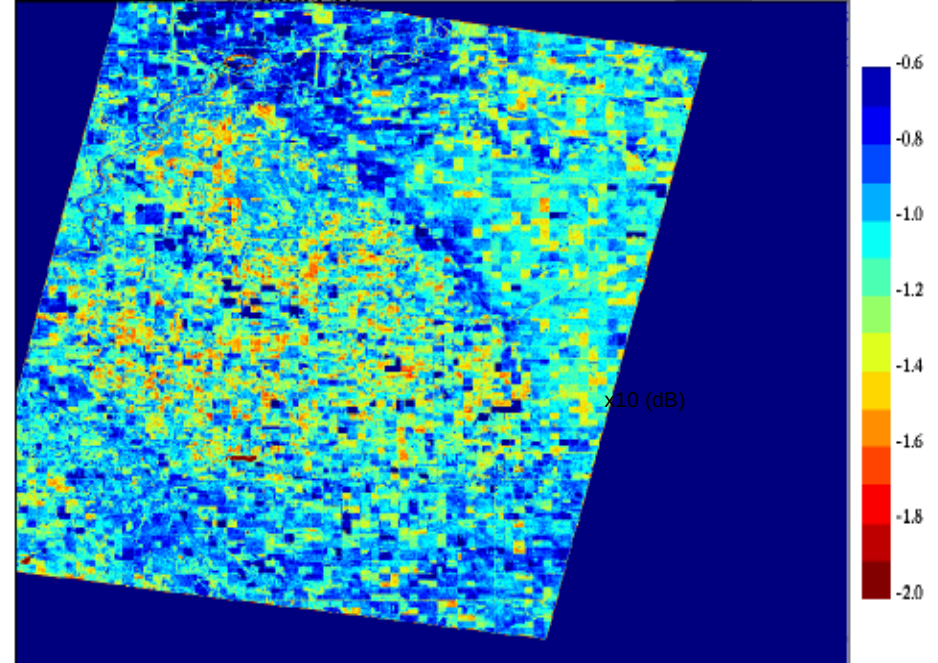
(Dabboor et al. 2019)

Field-scale soil moisture (in the C-band backscatter space)

SVS+IEM

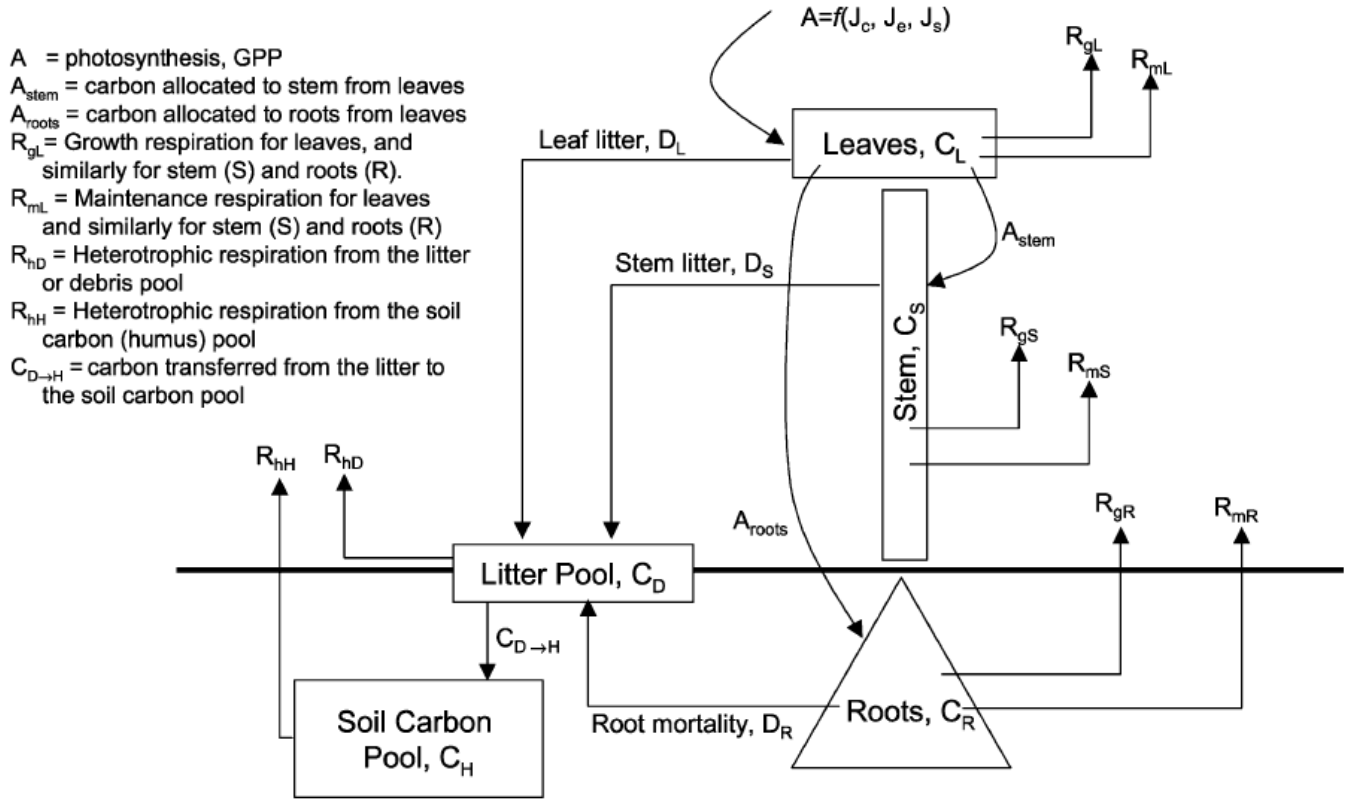


RSAT-2



(Sun et al. 2019)

Ecosystems (CTEM) in SVS (based on Arora et al.)



$$\frac{dC_L}{dt} = A - R_{gL} - R_{mL} - A_{roots} - A_{stem} - D_L$$

$$\frac{dC_S}{dt} = A_{stem} - R_{gS} - R_{mS} - D_S$$

$$\frac{dC_R}{dt} = A_{roots} - R_{gR} - R_{mR} - D_R$$

$$\frac{dC_D}{dt} = D_L + D_S + D_R - R_{hD} - C_{D \rightarrow H}$$

$$\frac{dC_H}{dt} = C_{D \rightarrow H} - R_{hH}$$

$$\frac{dC_{(L+S+R+D+H)}}{dt} = A - R_{g(L+S+R)} - R_{m(L+S+R)} - R_{h(D+H)}$$

Fig. 1. The structure of the terrestrial ecosystem module and the rate change equations for the carbon in five model pools: leaves (L), stem (S), root (R), litter or debris (D), and soil organic matter or humus (H).

Photosynthesis already included in SVS

**Gross
Primary
Production
from
SVS
(2.5km
national)**



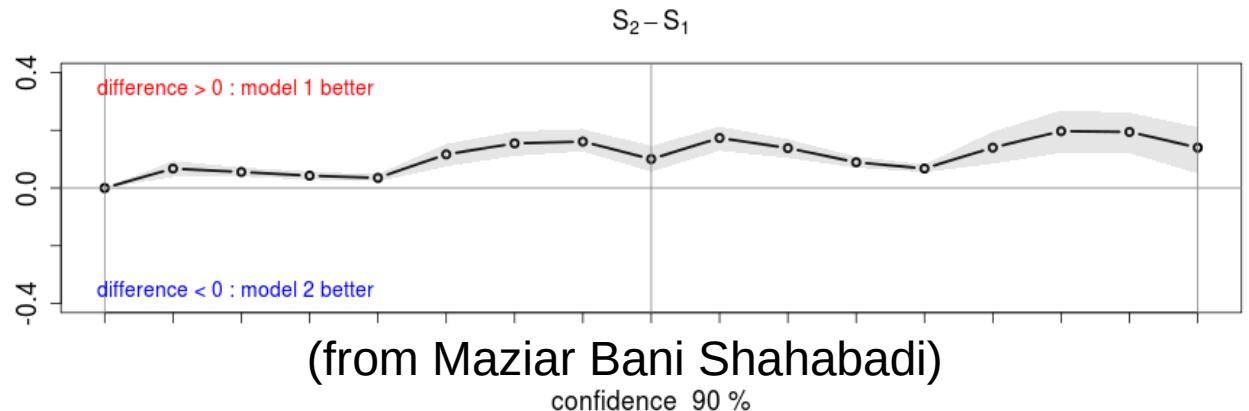
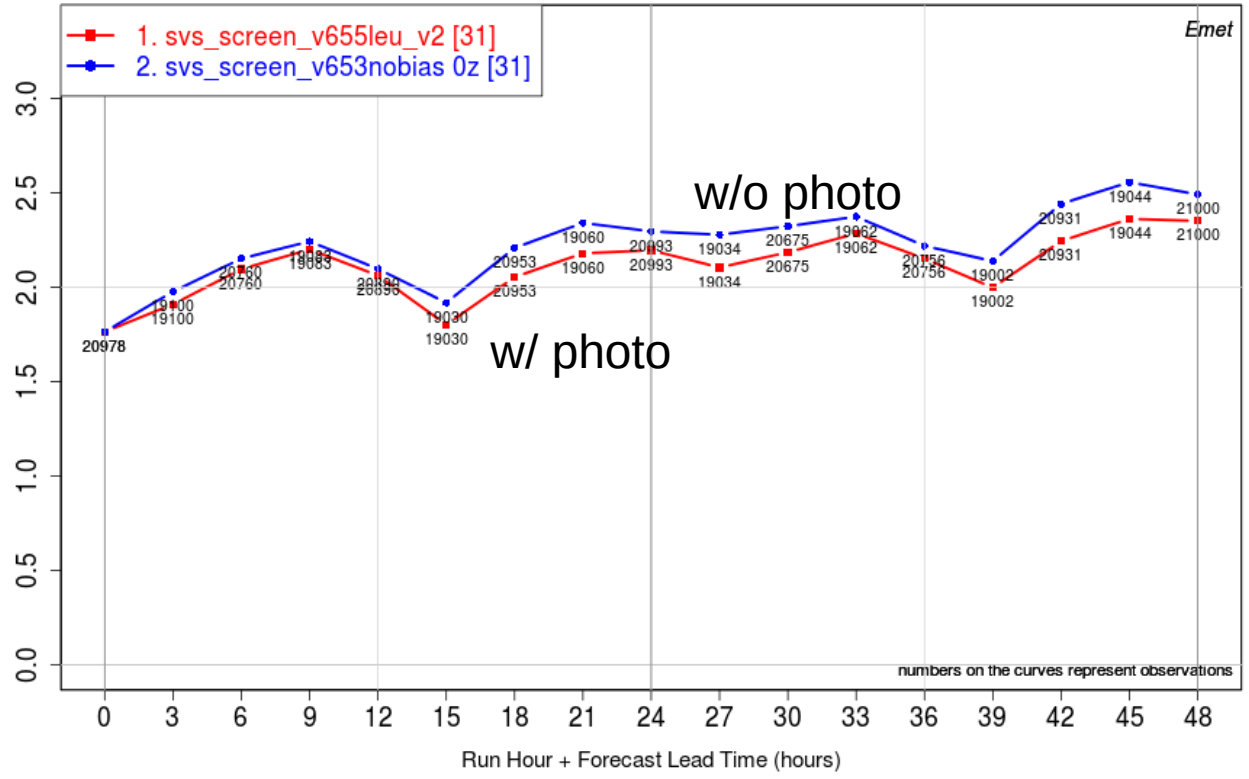
Impact of photosynthesis on NWP

STANDARD DEVIATION (P-O) OF SURFACE TEMPERATURE (C) 2015-07-01 @ 2015-08-30
ade synop Canada

2-m Air Temperature STDE

Based on 31 forecasts (48h) in July and August 2015

CANADA



A few other items

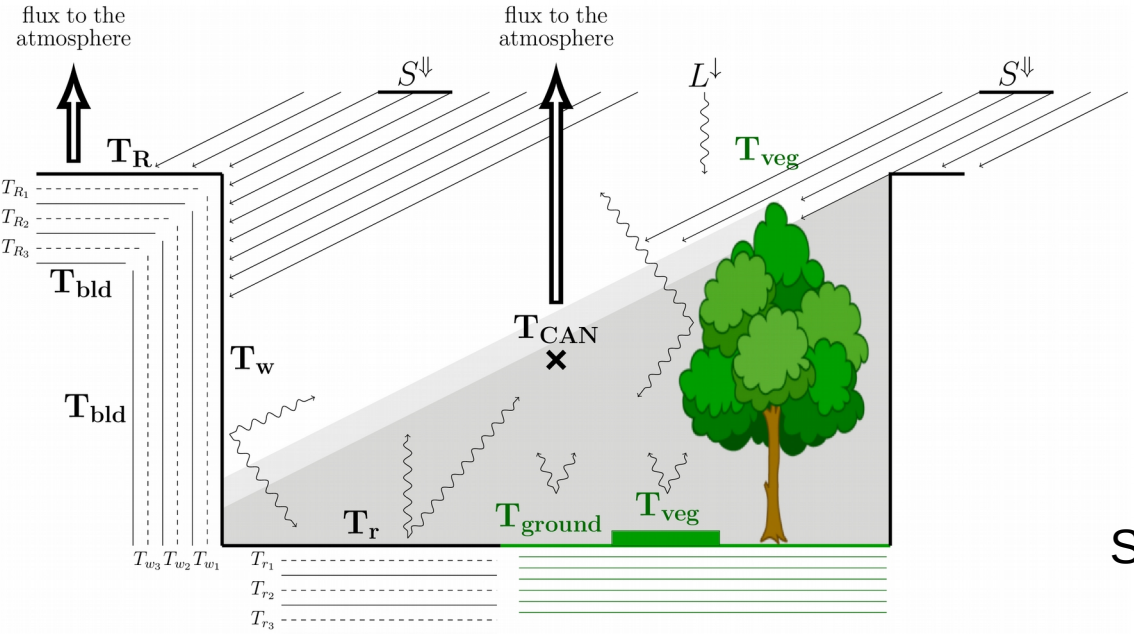
Vegetation in cities

Traceability of errors related to land surface

Snow modeling (12-layer snow model, SVS-ES)

Snow data assimilation (IMS, passive MW, problem with snow depth obs)

Canadian precipitation analysis (satellite products, solid precipitation, hourly products).



Stephane Belair, Montreal,
15 July 2019

