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Satellite and Information Service

29 October 2018

NOAA Update to the ICWG-2

Andrew Heidinger, NOAA Rep to CGMS ICWG International Cloud Working Group II Madison, WI

With slides from Mitch Goldberg and Pam Sullivan







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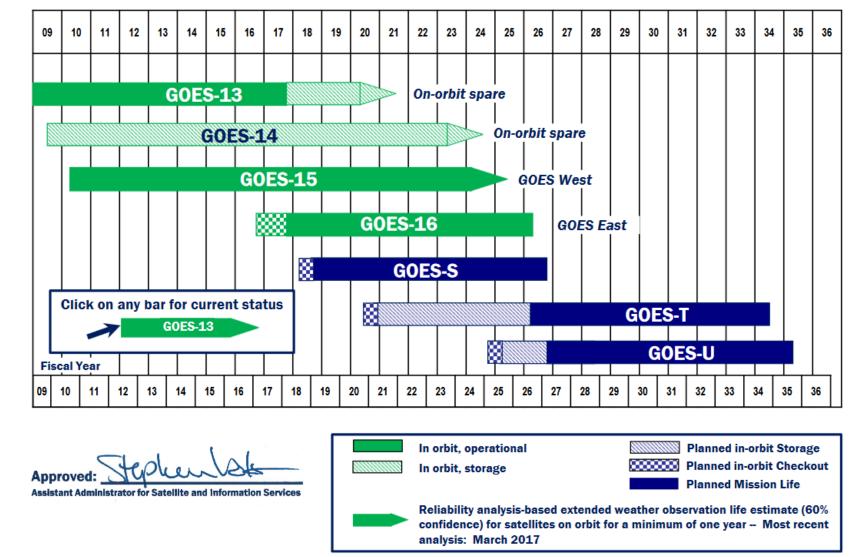
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GOES Flyout Chart



https://www.nesdis.noaa.gov/content/our-satellites

SPIE ASIA-PACIFIC Remote Sensing: EARTH OBSERVING MISSIONS



GOES-R Series: The Future of Forecasting

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3X MORE CHANNELS



Improves every product from current GOES Imager and will offer new products for severe weather forecasting, fire and smoke monitoring, volcanic ash advisories, and more.



The GOES-R series of satellites will offer images with greater clarity and 4x better resolution than earlier GOES satellites. 5X FASTER SCANS



Faster scans every 30 seconds of severe weather events and can scan the entire full disk of the Earth 5x faster than before.





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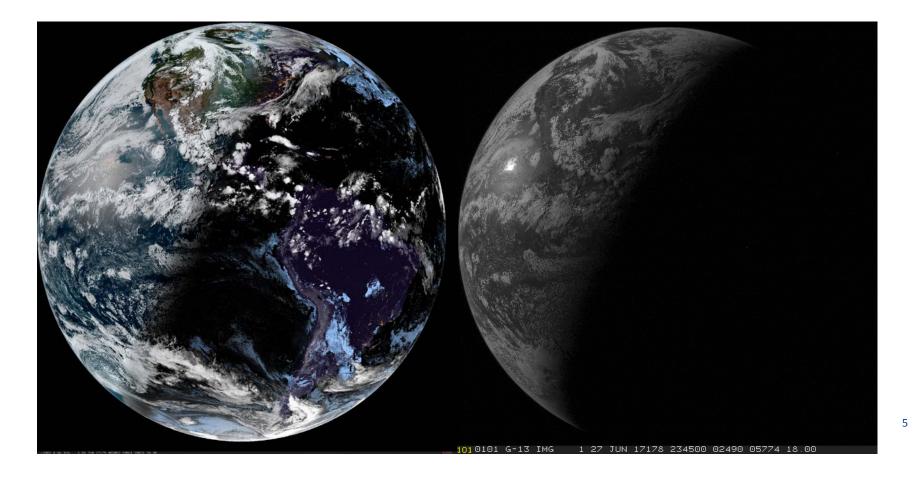


Full Disk Imagery Increased From 8X to 96X per Day



GOES-16 every 15 minutes

GOES-13 every 3 hours



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GOES-R Series Payload Capability

		GOES	-R Series Instruments	Measurements & Products	Vendor
औ	serving		ABI – Advanced Baseline Imager	Provides Earth weather, climate, ocean, and environment imagery, 4x spatial resolution, 5x faster	Harris
	Earth-Observing		GLM – Geostationary Lightning Mapper	Maps in-cloud and cloud-to-ground lightning activity	Lockheed Martin
哭	g		SEISS – Space Environment In-Situ Suite	Monitors proton, electron, and heavy ion fluxes	ATC
л	serving	Magnetometer		Measures space environment magnetic field	Lockheed Martin
۵	Solar-Ob	EXIS – Extreme Ultraviolet and X-Ray Irradiance Sensors		Monitors solar flares and solar variations	LASP
見き			SUVI – Solar Ultraviolet Imager	Observes coronal holes, solar flares, and coronal mass ejections	Lockheed Martin

NESDIS Program Overview and Decadal Survey Priorities. 2016



GOES-17 Status



- Reached geostationary orbit on March 12, 2018 and renamed GOES-17
- Reached 89.5°W longitude checkout location March 18
 - Post-launch testing began March 26; planned to complete late September
 - Data/imagery released from all six instruments
 - Addressing issue with Advanced Baseline Imager (ABI) cooling system



Current Assessment of



GOES-17 ABI Channel Availability

				GOES-17 Availability (Hours)			
Band	Channel (µm)	Function	GOES-15	Initial Estimate (5/6/18)	Current Estimate (Cold Season) ⁽¹⁾	Current Estimate (Warm Season) ⁽²⁾	
1	0.47	Blue		24	24	24	
2	0.64	Red	Yes (0.63 µm)	24	24	24	
3	0.86	Green (Veggie)		24	24	24	
4	1.38	Cirrus		22	24	24	
5	1.61	Snow/Ice		22	24	24	
6	2.25	Cloud Particle Size		22	24	24	
7	3.90	Shortwave Window	Yes	14	24	24	
8	6.18	Upper-Level Water Vapor	Yes (6.48 µm)	14	24	18-20	
9	6.95	Mid-Level Water Vapor		14	24	18-20	
10	7.34	Lower-Level Water Vapor		14	24	18.20	
11	8.50	Cloud Top Phase		14	24	21	
12	9.61	Ozone		12	24	18-20	
13	10.35	Clean IR Longwave Window		12	24	24	
14	11.20	IR Longwave Window	Yes (10.7 µm)	12	24	24	
15	12.30	Dirty Longwave Window		12	24	21	
16	13.30	CO ₂ Longwave Infrared	Yes	12	24	18-20	

As of Sep 13, 2018

NOTE: Preliminary estimate; subject to change.





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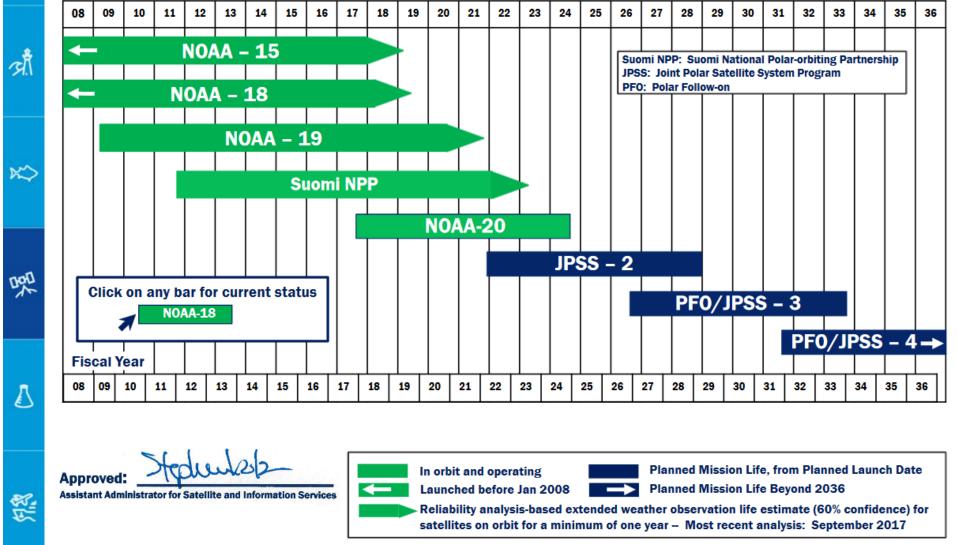






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Polar Flyout Chart



https://www.nesdis.noaa.gov/content/our-satellites



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JPSS Payload Capability

		JPSS Instruments	Measurements & Products	Vendor
₹.		ATMS – Advanced Technology Microwave Sounder	High vertical resolution temperature and water vapor information critical for	NGES
₽		CrIS – Cross-track Infrared Sounder	forecasting extreme weather events, 5 to 7 days in advance	
				Harris
招		VIIRS – Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite	Critical Imagery products, including snow/ice cover, clouds, fog, aerosols, fire smoke plume, vegetation health, phytoplankton abundance/chlorophyll	Raytheon
		OMPS – Ozone Mapping Profiler Suite (Nadir Mapper, Nadir Profiler, Limb - S-NPP, JPSS-2+)	Ozone spectrometers for monitoring ozone hole health, recovery of stratospheric ozone, and for UV index forecast	Ball Aerospace
77.S		CERES – Clouds and the Earth's Radiant Energy System (S-NPP & JPSS-1) New procurement (JPSS-3, 4)	Scanning radiometer that supports studies of Earth Radiation	CERES – NGAS

NESDIS Program Overview and Decadal Survey Priorities, 2016



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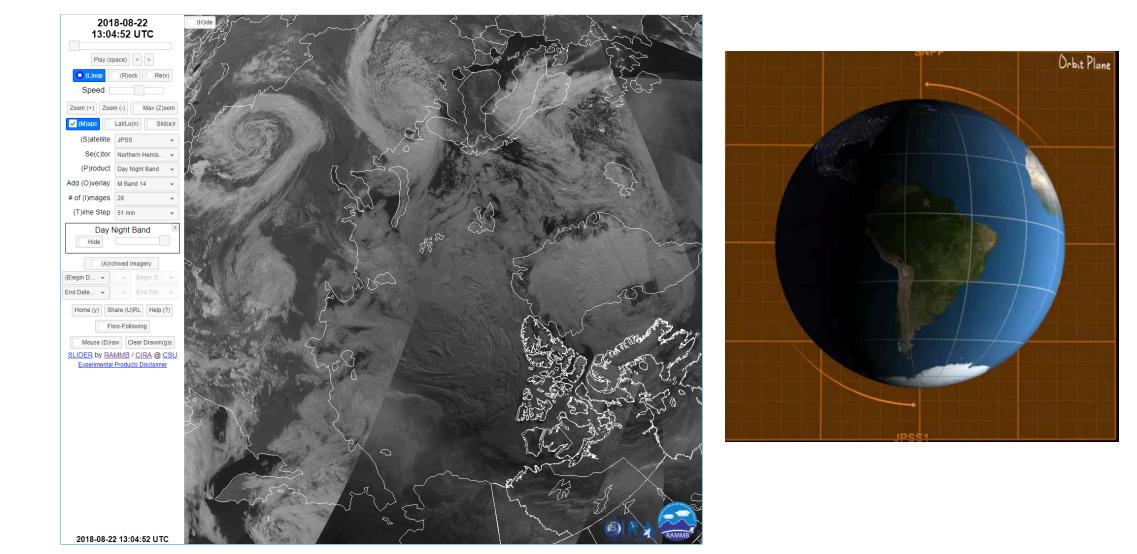
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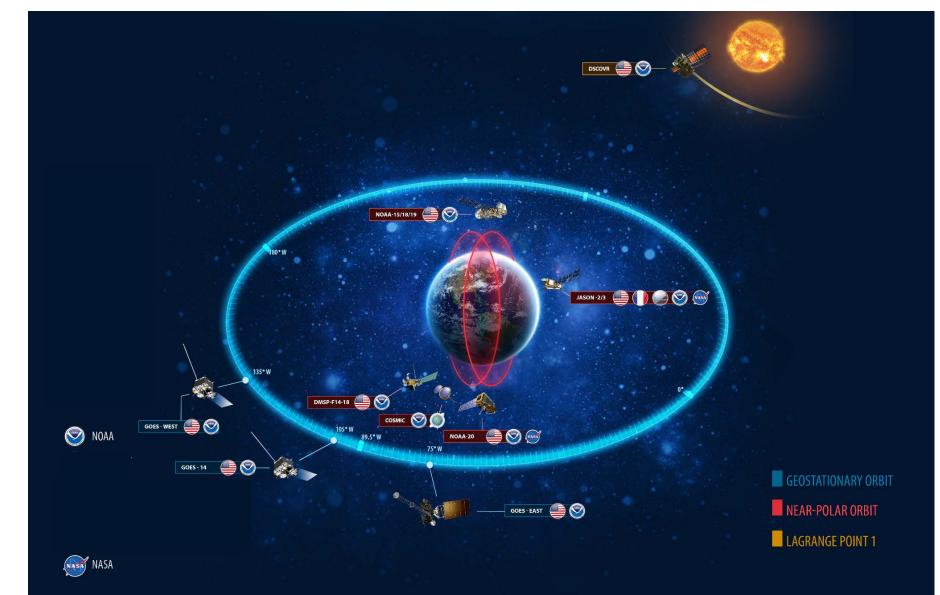
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NOAA Satellites







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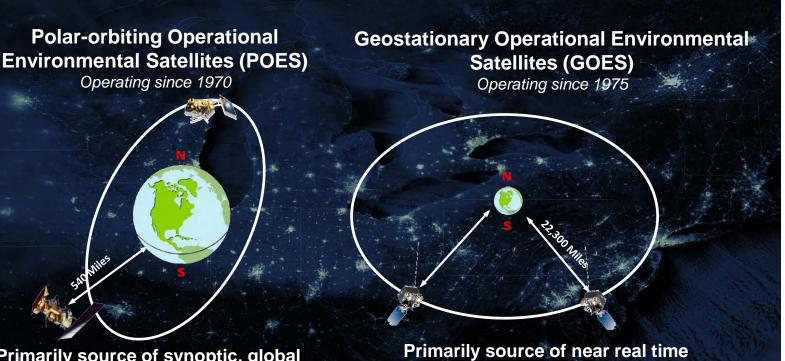
NOAA and International Partners







NOAA's Observational Paradigm Has Been: Two Orbits, One Mission



Primarily source of synoptic, global observations feeding Numerical Weather Models and forecasts Primarily source of near real time observations for nowcasting and imaging of severe weather events

S-NPP image of North America



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Evolution Space Architecture

- Conduct an architecture level review of NOAA requirements and partnership agreements with other nations and entities as well as evaluate emergent technologies and innovations in both space and ground systems approximately every five years.
- Develop an architecture that can accommodate emerging technologies, shorten development and production timelines and reduce technical and programmatic (e.g., budget) risk.
- Explore launch strategies and partnerships to allow rapid, reliable and affordable access to space.
- Annually explore the feasibility of commercially provided instrument, data, payload and communications solutions to further meet NOAA's operational needs from space.
- NESDIS is only one part of the global environmental observing constellation.
- Partnerships are essential,... define our role in the global Earth observing system as well as maintain our commitment to full and open data policies.



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Operational Cloud Products from Imagers

cloud probability, cloud mask, cloud type/phase
cloud-top pressure, height, temperature, altitude
cloud-base height (of highest cloud)
cloud geometrical thickness
cloud-cover and layers
cloud optical depth, particle size, water path (day/night/ir)

Maturity Levels:

Beta = minimal validation, available to internal users
Provisional = modest validation, made available to external users.
Validated = fully validated and fully archived.

	Beta	Provisional	Validated
AVHRR/GOES-15	n/a	n/a	n/a
GOES-16/ABI	✓	✓	Late 2019
GOES-17/ABI	\checkmark	March, 2019	Late 2019
SNPP/VIIRS	\checkmark	✓	March 2019
NOAA-20/VIIRS	\checkmark	\checkmark	March, 2019
PATMOS-x (climate)	n/a	n/a	n _/ a





Thank you



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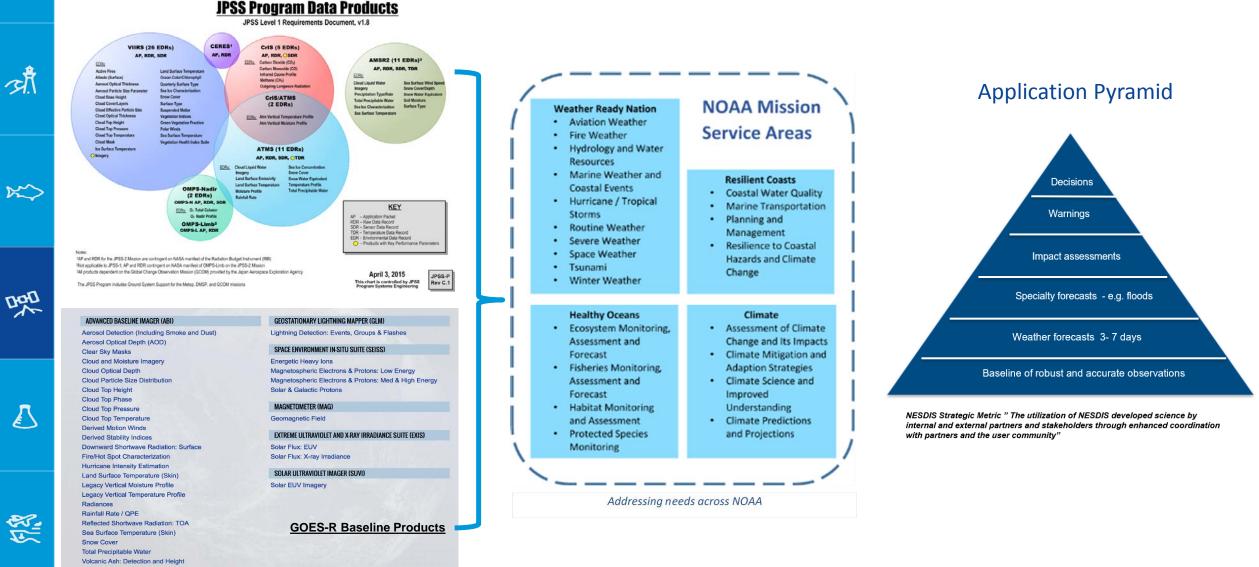
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Satellite Proving Ground: Goal is to improve NOAA Services through optimizing the use of satellite data along with other sources of data & information:







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