

Polar Orbiter Product Environmental Applications: Part 3

Kathleen Strabala
Hampton Direct Broadcast Polar Orbiter
Workshop
7 June 2017



VIIRS Day/Night Band



- Visible wavelength available at night!
 - 735 m spatial resolution centered at about .7 microns
- What can now be seen at night?
 - Cities
 - Smoke, Dust, Ash
 - Low Clouds/Fog
 - Fires, Volcanoes (Lava)
 - Auroras
 - Lightning
- How much can be seen depends heavily on lunar illumination – Phase of moon, and rising setting times



VIIRS Day/Night Band

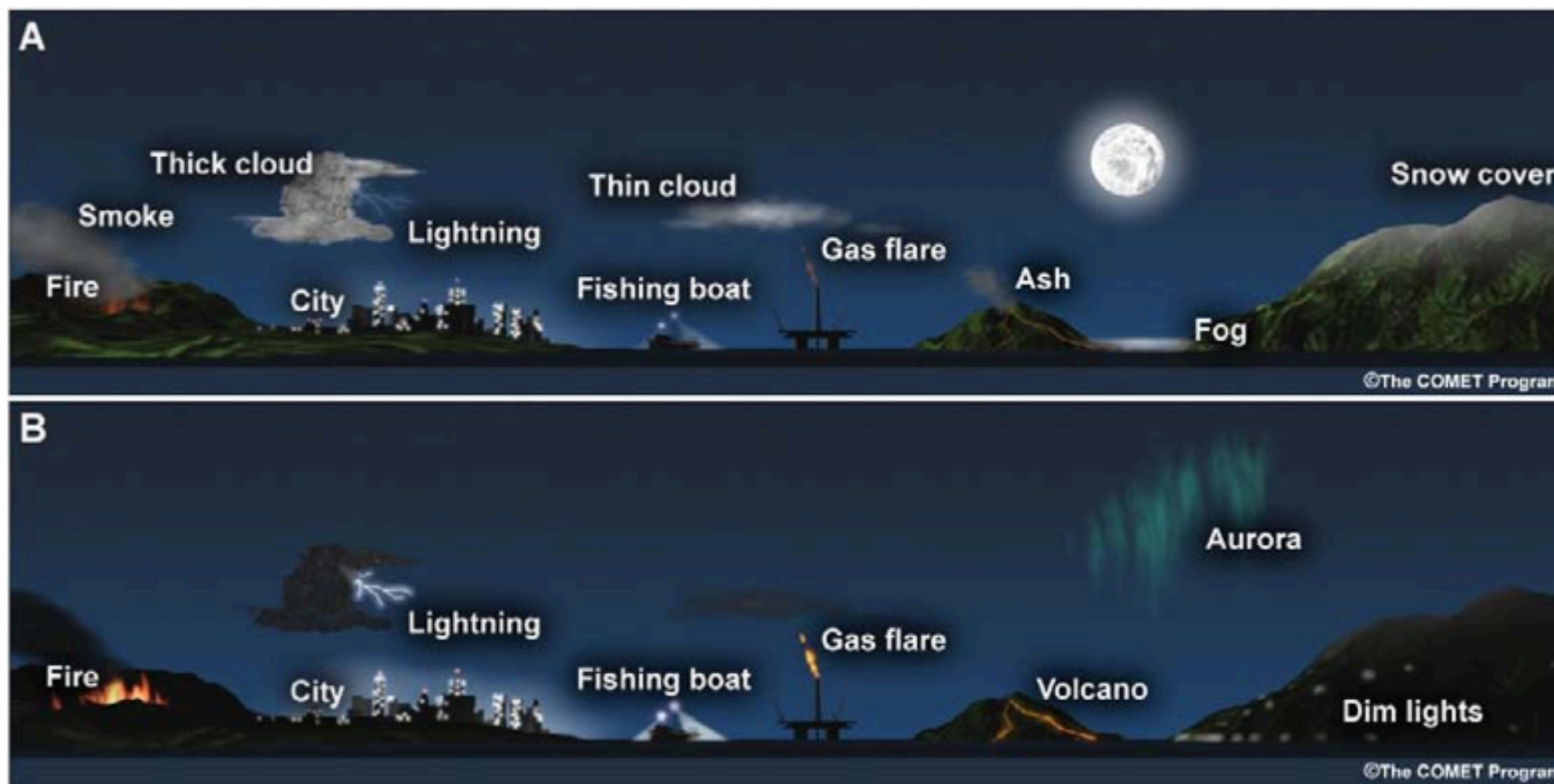


FIG. 1. Nighttime visible detection capabilities (a) with and (b) without lunar illumination.

Taken from: T. Miller, S. D. Turk, F. J. Schueler, C. Jullian, R. Deyo, S. Dills, P. Wang, S., 2006: The NPOESS VIIRS Day/Night Visible Sensor, Bulletin Am. Met. Society, DOI:10.1175/BAMS-87-2-191, p. 191-199.



Currently Displaying Radiances



- Data spans 7 orders of magnitude
- We display it in terms of radiance units
 - Difficult to model the top of atmosphere incoming radiation from the moon, yet it has been done

Lunar Reflectance Model

Date: 2005 Sep 1 02:23:28 UT



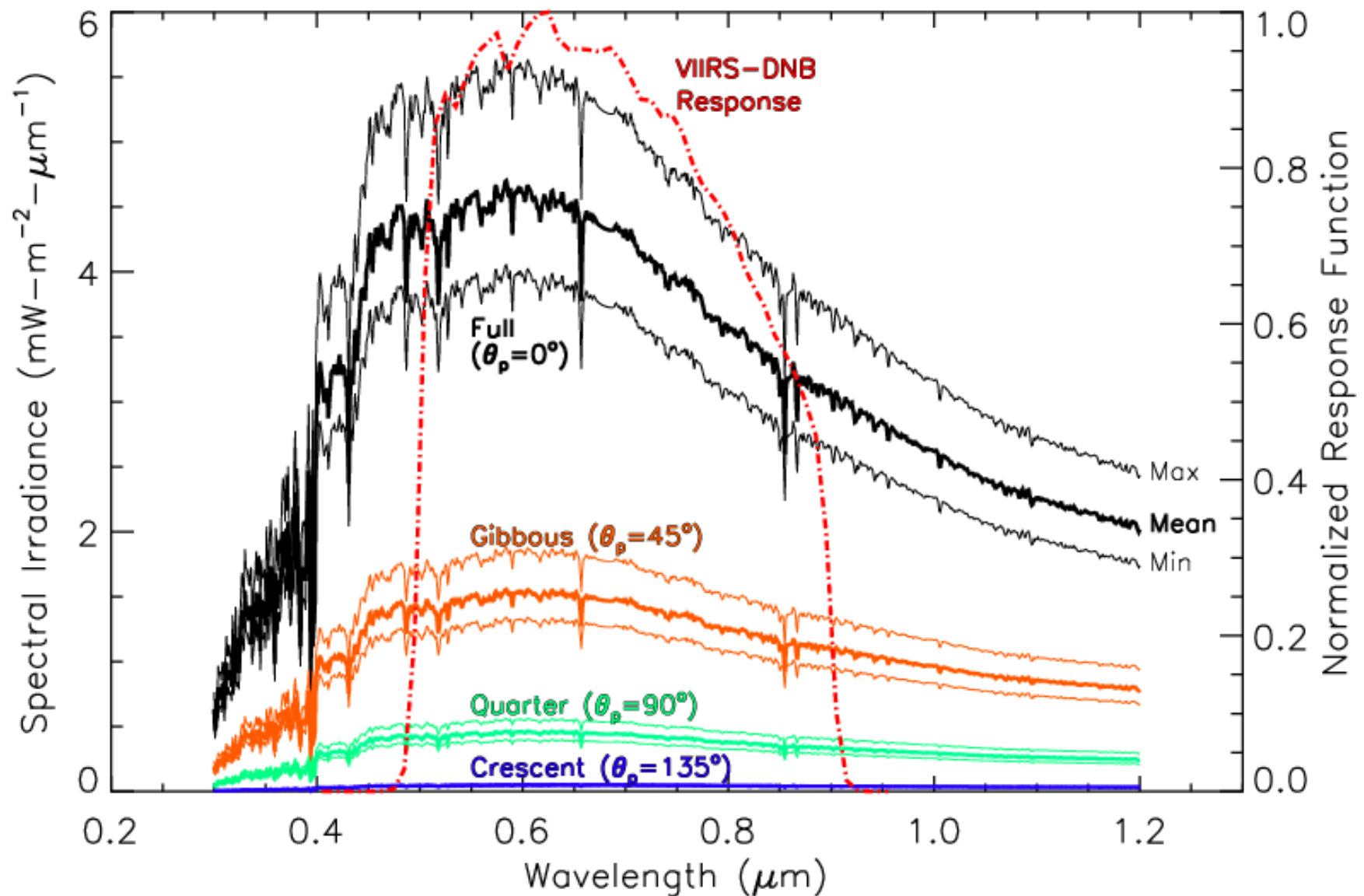
2 Feb 1988 1600 UTC



Apogee: 406,395 km

Mean Distance = 384,401 km

Lunar Reflectance Model

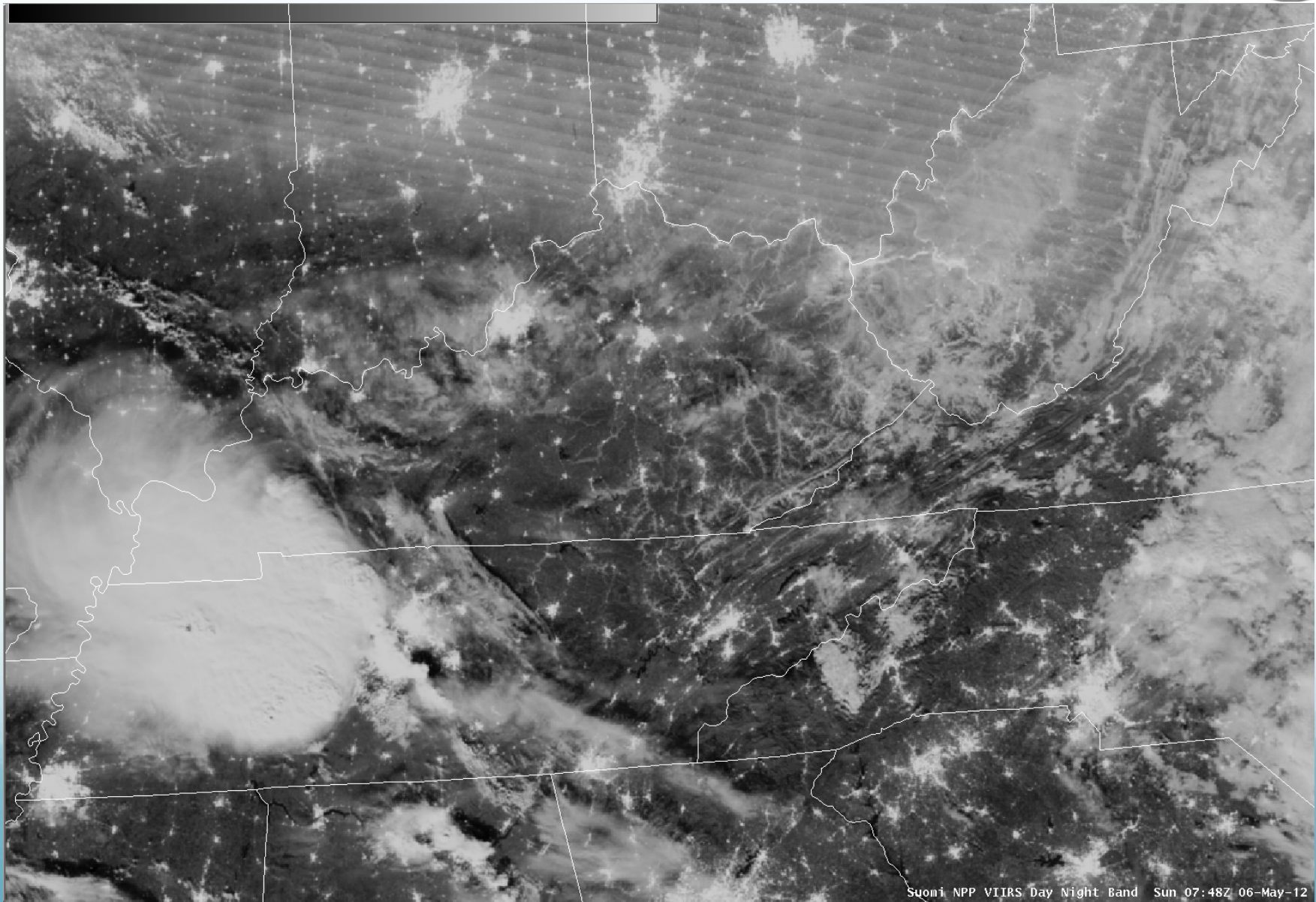


- ▣ Reflectance model created by Steve Miller
- ▣ Source code included in the CLAVR-x cloud retrieval software
- ▣ CLAVRx uses the DNB reflectances to retrieve cloud optical properties!
- ▣ Found to be consistent with daytime retrievals
 - Walther, A., Heidinger, A. K., & Miller, S. (2013). The expected performance of cloud optical and microphysical properties derived from Suomi NPP VIIRS day/night band lunar reflectance. *Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres*, 118(23).



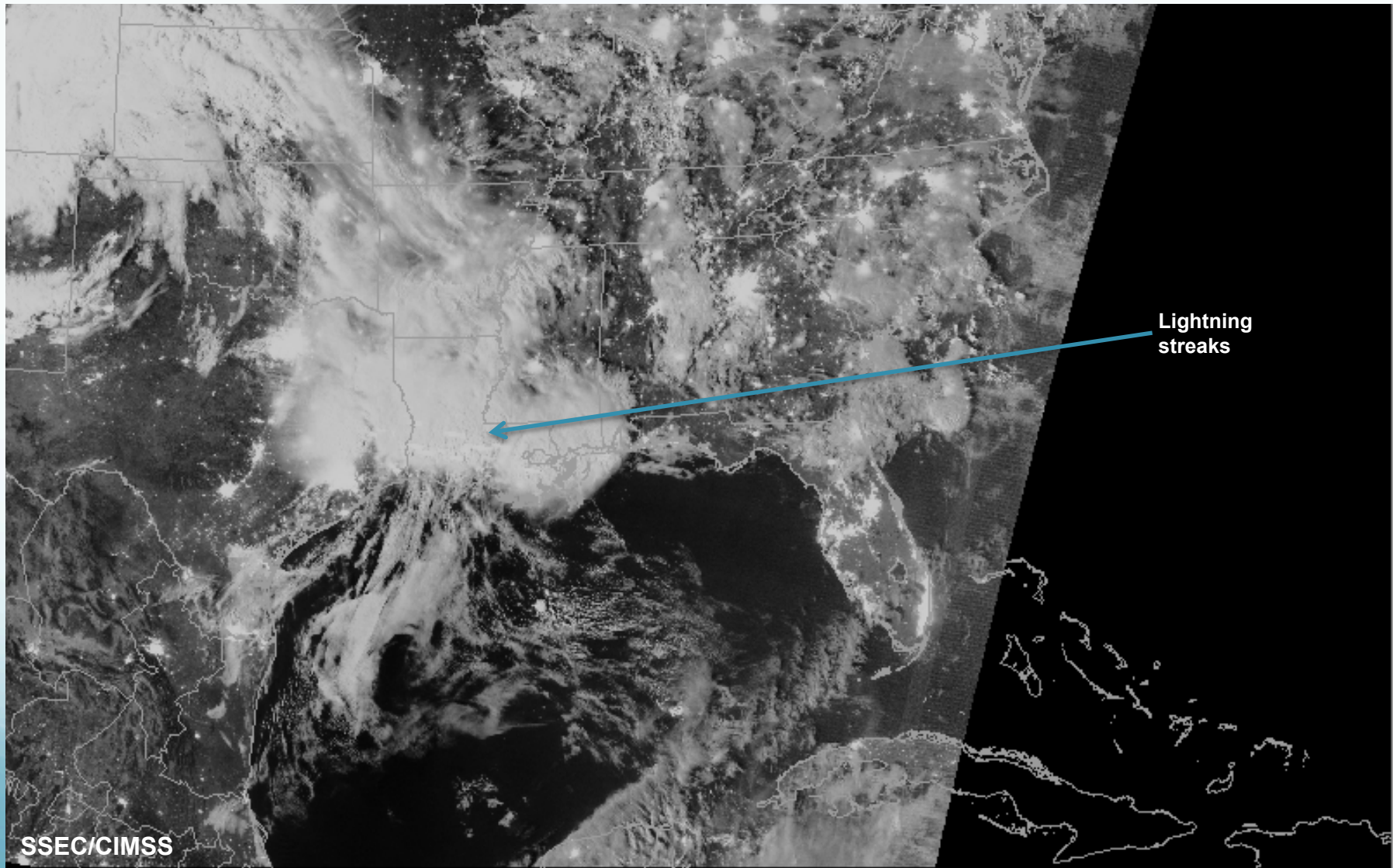
VIIRS Fog Detection Capability

Day/Night Band 6 May 2012





VIIRS in AWIPS Day/Night Band Lightning Detection 4 April 2012

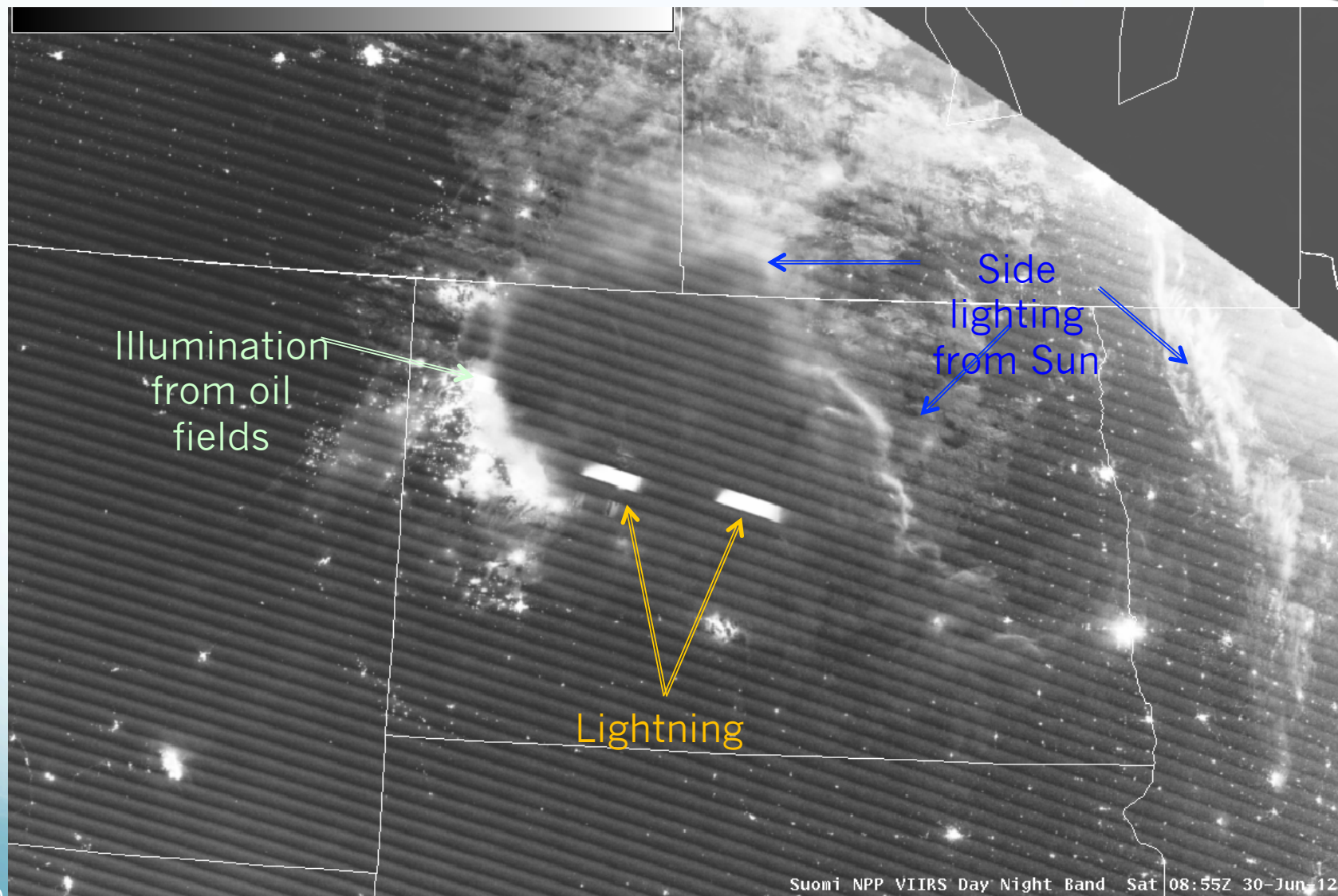


SSEC/CIMSS

Suomi NPP VIIRS Day Night Band Wed 07:50Z 04-Apr-12



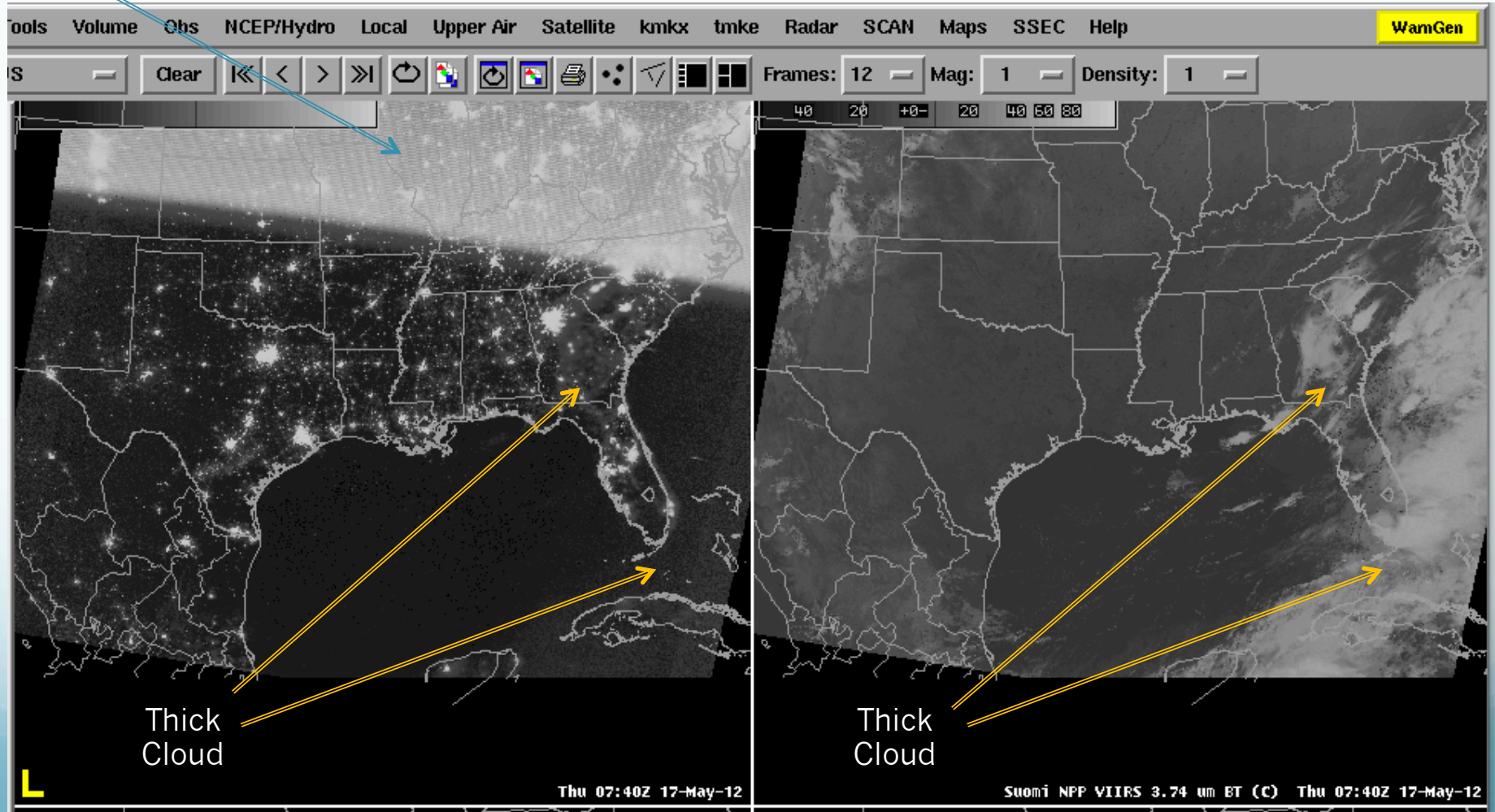
VIIRS in AWIPS Day/Night Band Lightning Detection 30 June 2012



Suomi NPP VIIRS Day Night Band Sat 08:55Z 30-Jun-12



Moon Phase Affects How Much Can be Seen

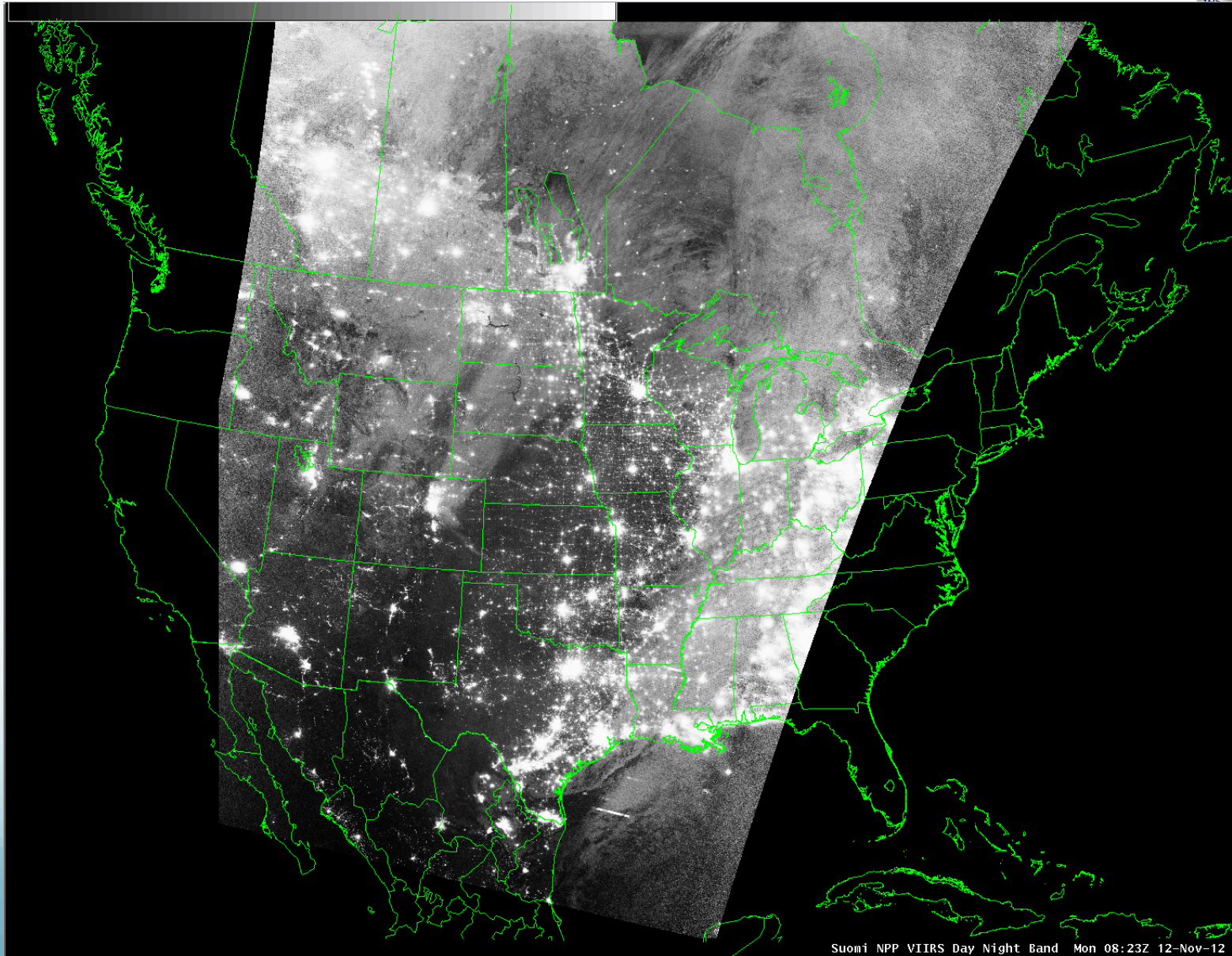


Crescent moon means less illumination making it difficult to identify clouds



VIIRS Day/Night Band

New Moon

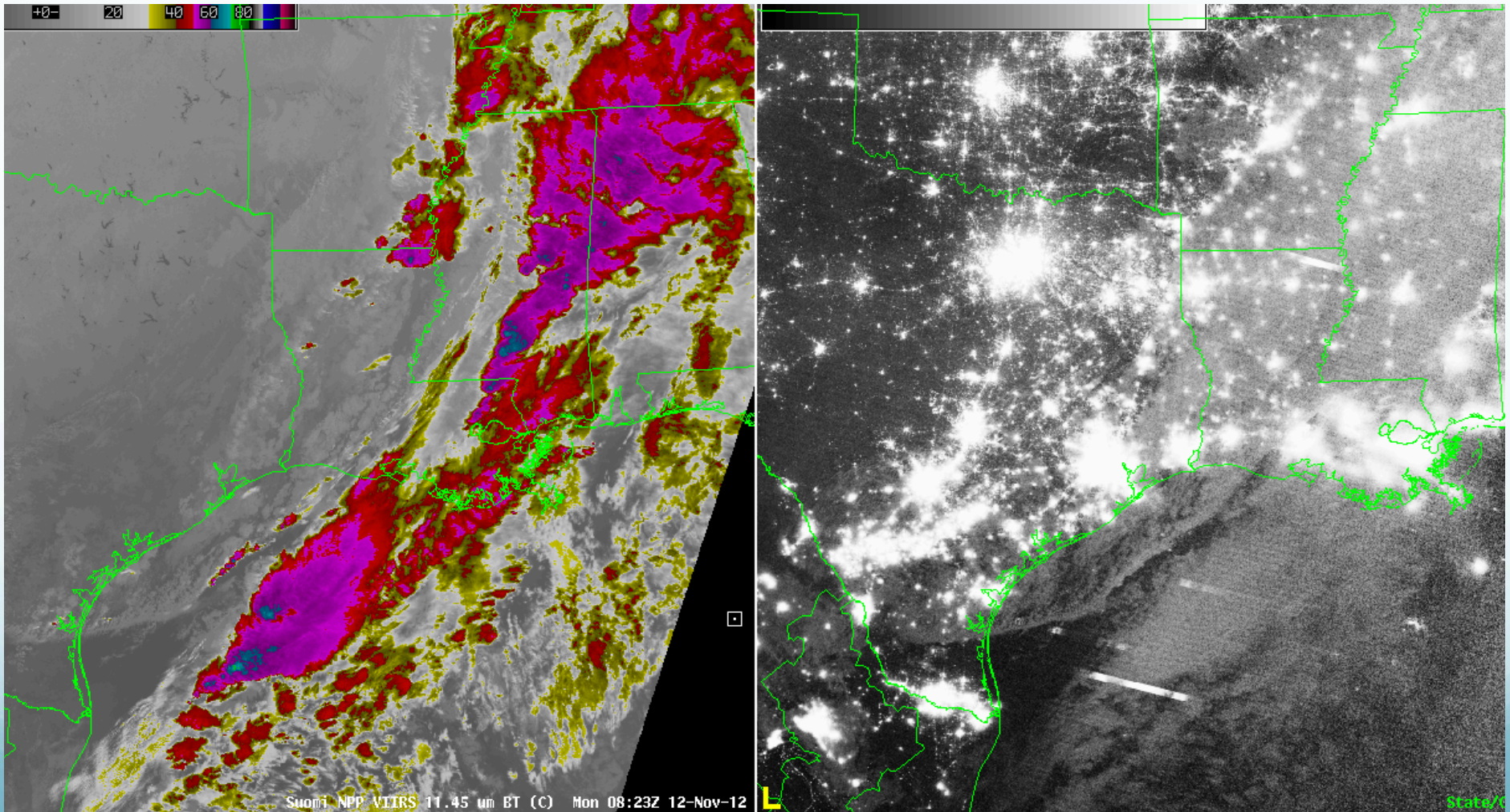


Suomi NPP VIIRS Day Night Band Mon 08:23Z 12-Nov-12



VIIRS Day/Night Band

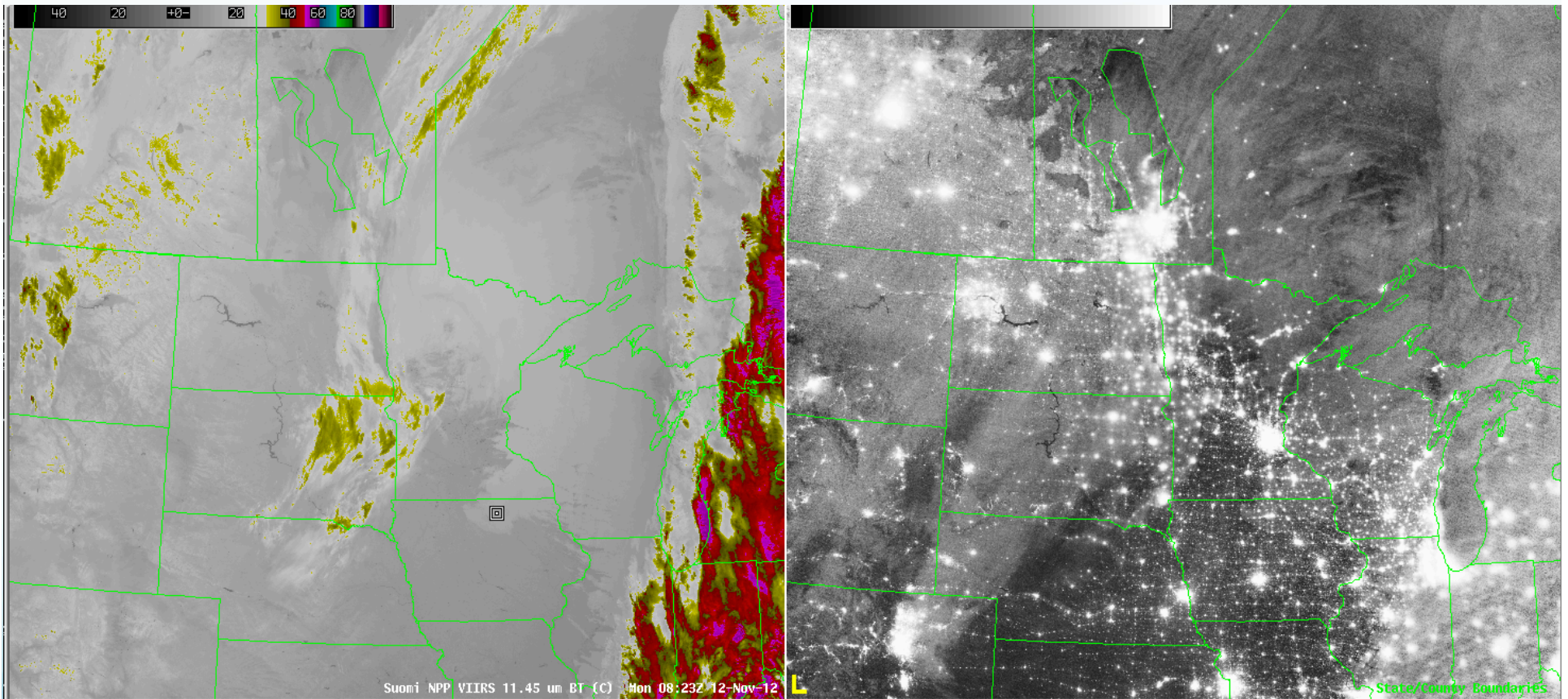
New Moon



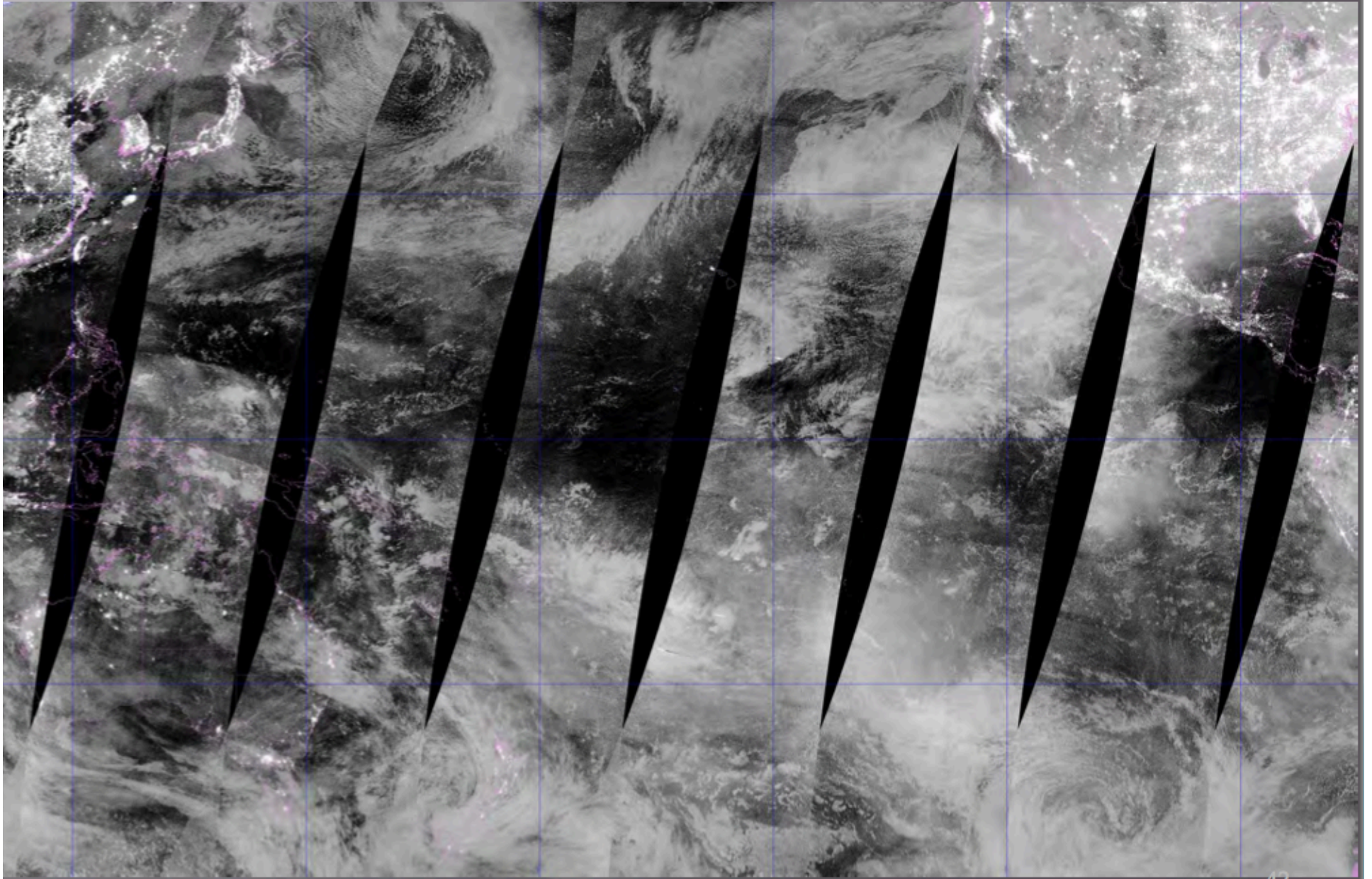


VIIRS Day/Night Band

New Moon

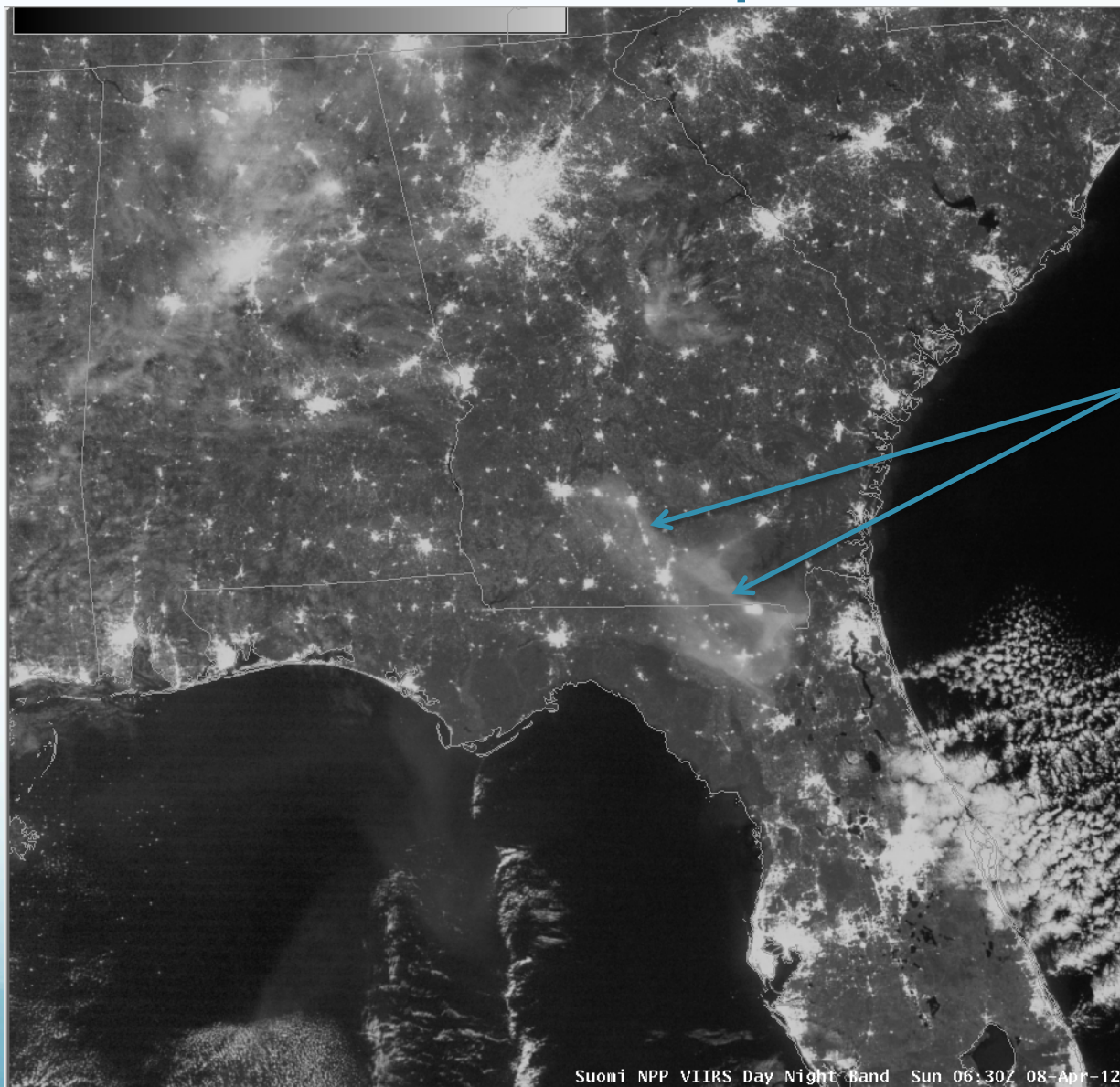


Clouds Reflecting Airglow & Starlight





VIIRS in AWIPS Day/Night Band Smoke Detection 8 April 2012



Smoke from
County Line
Fire in
northern
Florida

SSEC/CIMSS

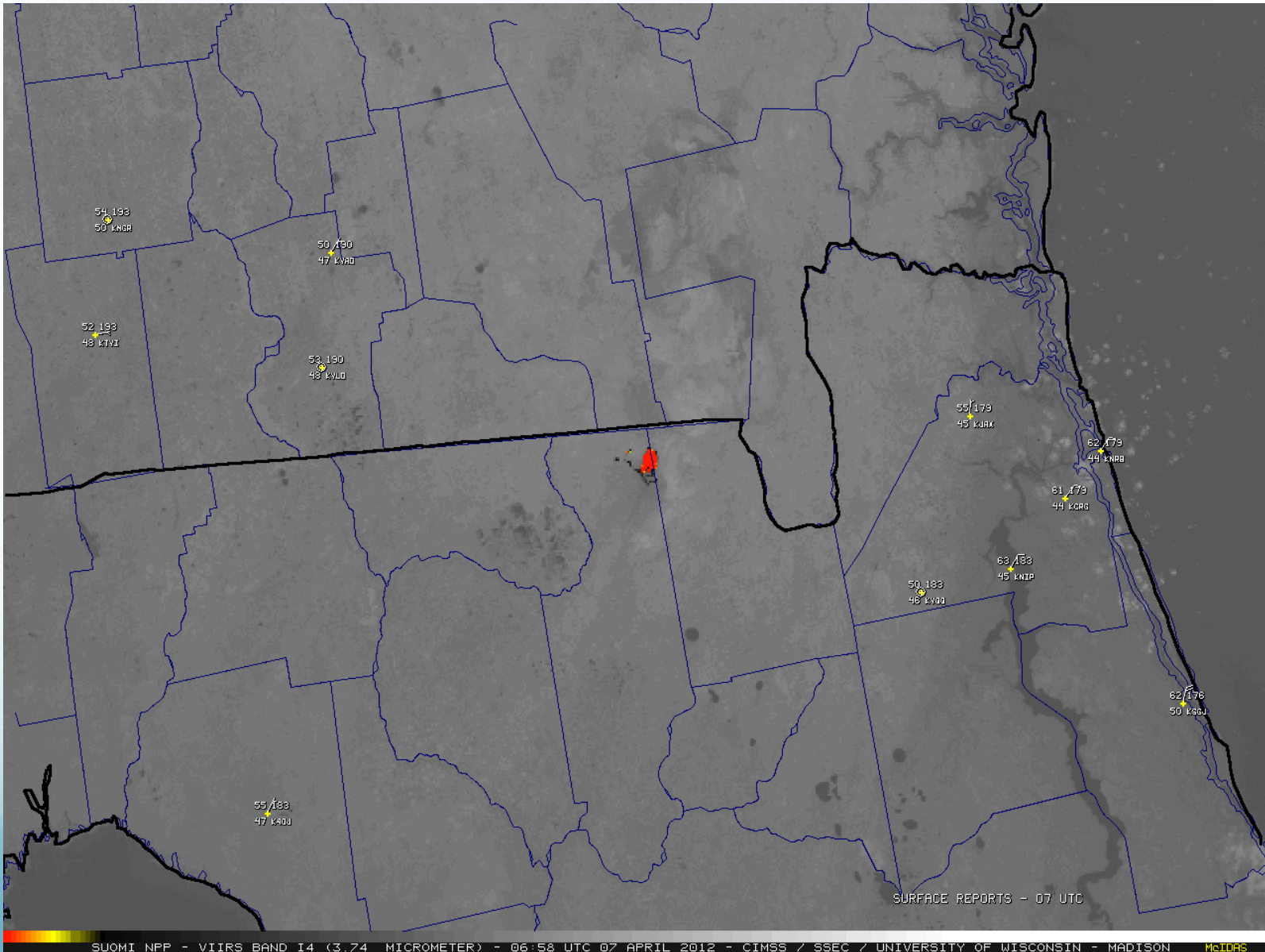
Suomi NPP VIIRS Day Night Band Sun 06:30Z 08-Apr-12



Hot Spot from Florida County Line Fire

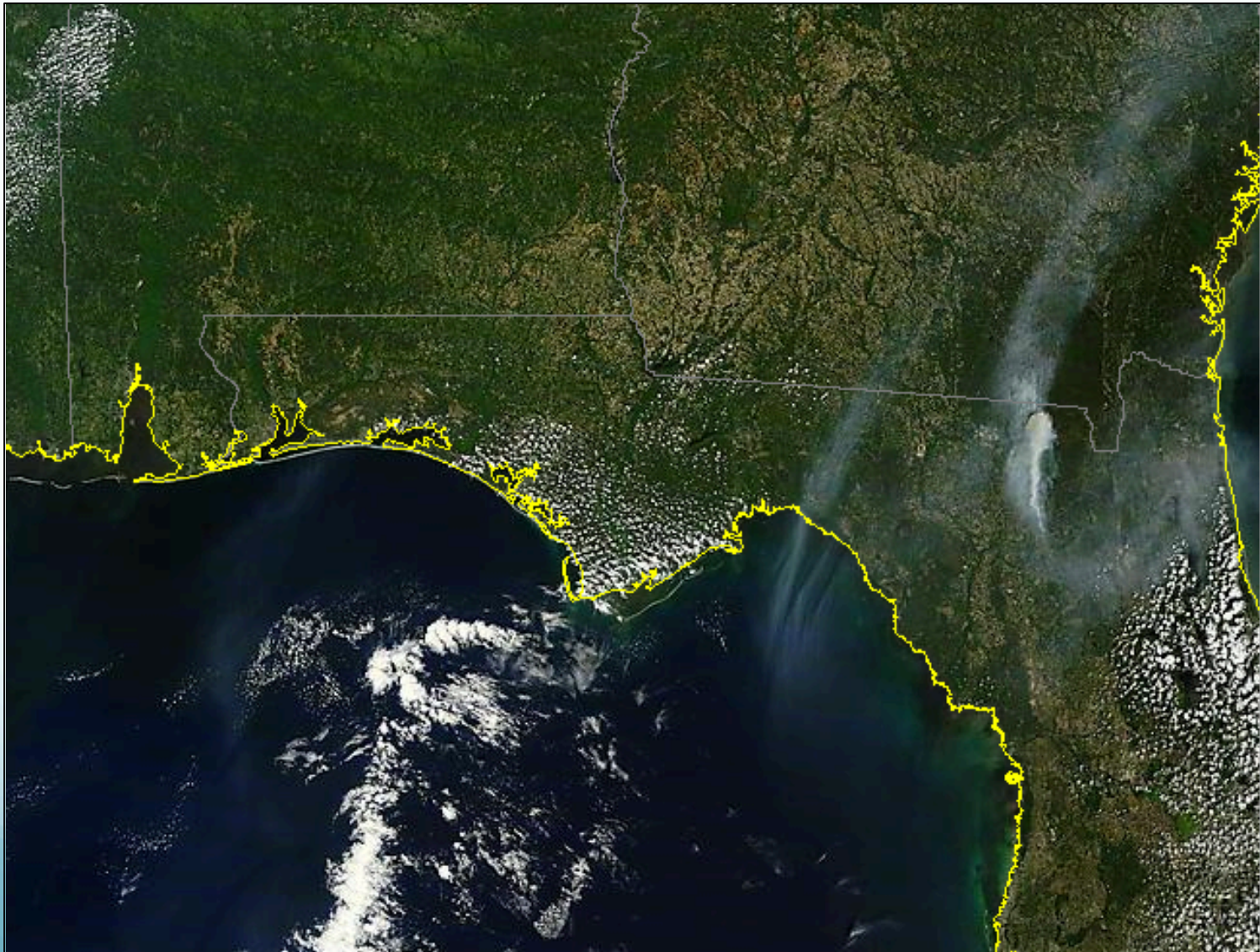
7 April 2012 06:58 UTC

Suomi NPP Data VIIRS I4 (4 μm) and IR Window (11 μm)





Terra MODIS 8 April 2012 16:15 UTC





Wildfires

VIIRS in AWIPS Fires

Timeline Photos

[Back to Album](#) · [US National Weather Service San Francisco Bay Area/Monterey California's Photos](#) · [US National Weather Service San Francisco Bay Area/Monterey California's Page](#)

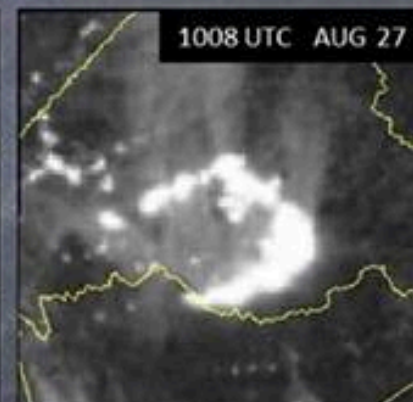
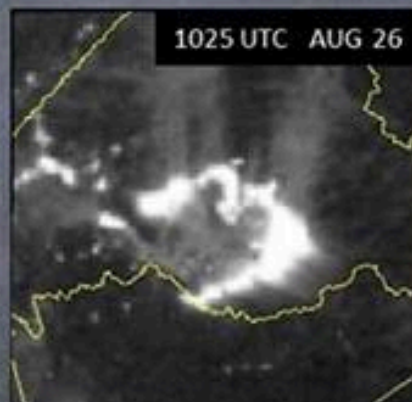
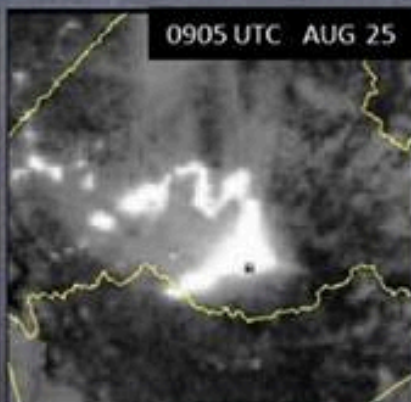
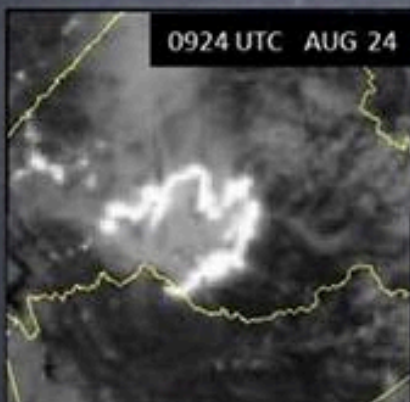
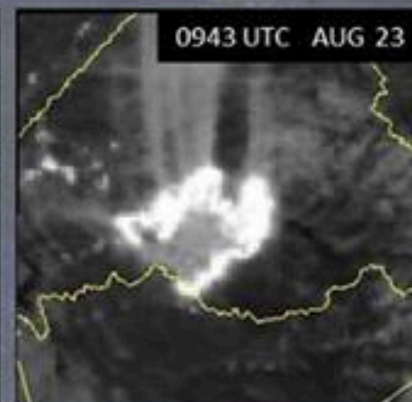
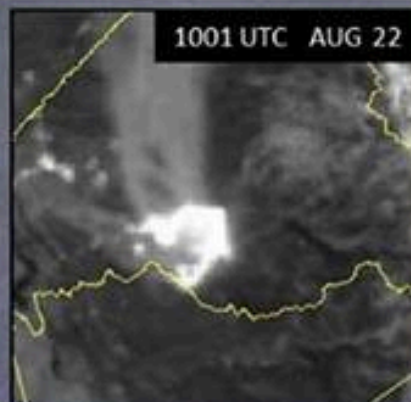
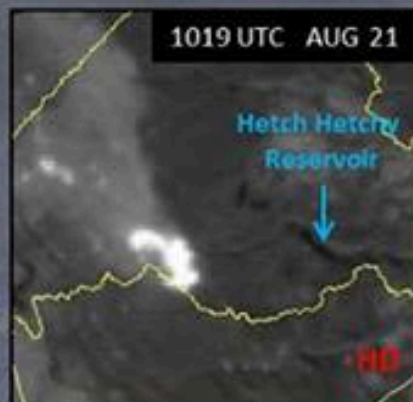
[Previous](#) · [Next](#)

500 Snippet



By Dr Warren Blier
Science and Operations
Officer (500)

The March of the Rim Fire



US National Weather Service San Francisco Bay Area/Monterey
California

Album: Timeline Photos

Shared with: Public



VIIRS in AWIPS Fire Detection Capability 15 May 2012



activefiremaps.fs.fed.us/#

Most Visited Red Hat, Inc. Red Hat Network Support Shop Products Training

USDA FOREST SERVICE REMOTE SENSING APPLICATIONS CENTER

Active Fire Mapping Program

ACTIVE FIRE MAPPING

Current Large Fires (Home)

Fire Detection Maps

Interactive Fire Detection Viewer

Satellite Imagery

Fire Detection GIS Data

Fire Data in Google Earth

Fire Data Web Services

Latest Detected Fire Activity

Burn Scar Data

Other MODIS Products

Frequently Asked Questions

About Active Fire Maps

RSAC

Remote Sensing Applications Center

2222 West 2300 South
Salt Lake City, UT
84119 - 2020

voice: (801) 975-3737
fax: (801) 975-3478

Large incident map is currently updated each Friday or as fire conditions warrant.
Current fire information may not be available due to IMSR updates occurring only on Friday.
Fire locations are based on data provided by the National Interagency Coordination Center and are subject to change.

Current Large Incidents May 15, 2012

IMSR Summary
May 15th, 2012

National Preparedness Level

Level 2
National Fire Activity
Initial attack activity: Light (110 new fires)
New large fires: 2
Large fires contained: 1
Uncontained large fires: 8
Area Command Teams committed: 0
NIMOs committed: 0
Type 1 IMTs committed: 1

Source:
[Incident Management Situation Report](#)

Active Fire Mapping News
August 22, 2011

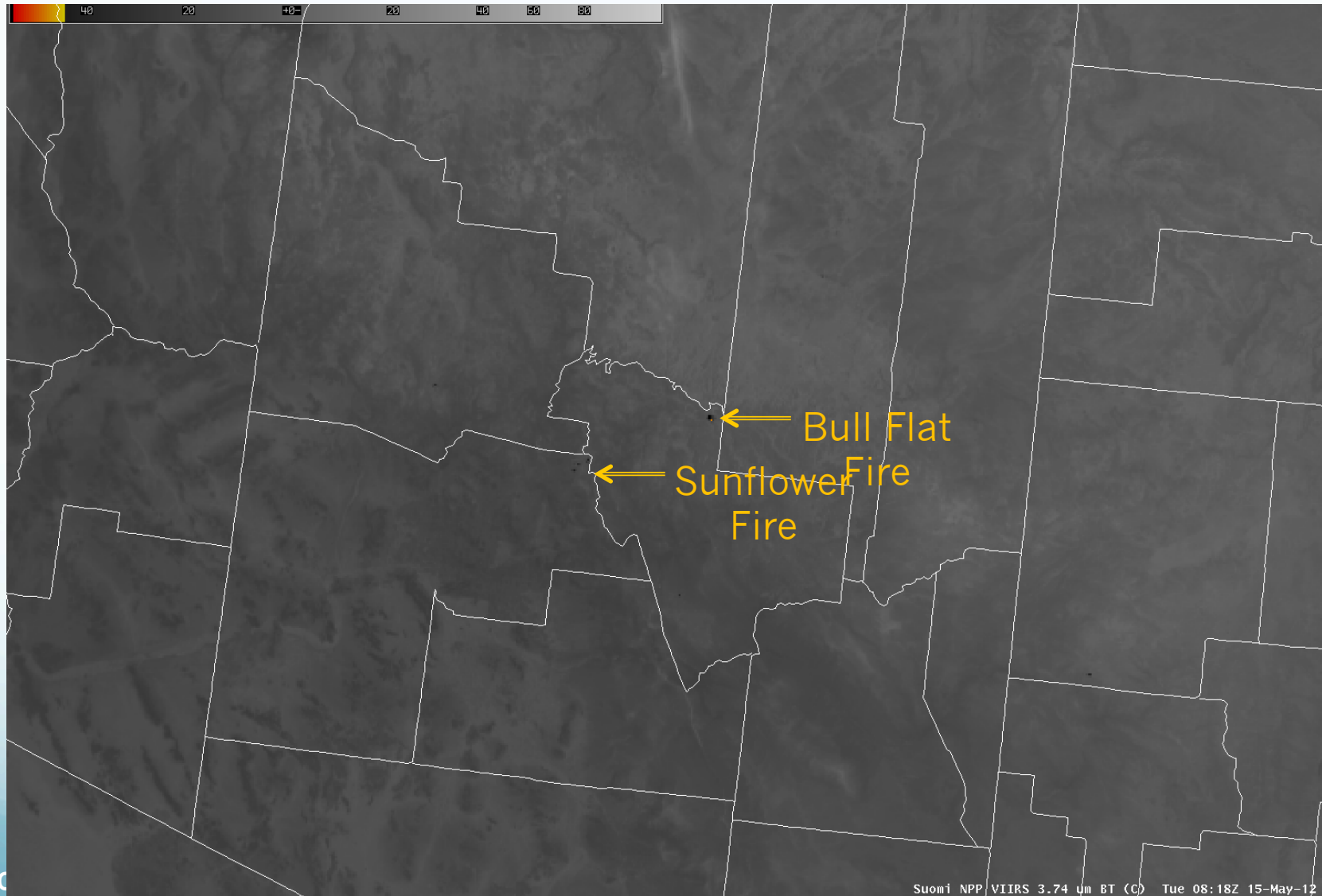
MODIS 500m direct readout burn scar product now available. Click [here](#) or the Burn Scar Data link on navigation menu to the left to access these data.

Legend:

- 1 ANTELOPE COMPLEX
- 2 PAHROC
- 3 GLADIATOR
- 4 SUNFLOWER
- 5 BULL FLAT FIRE
- 6 ELWOOD
- 7 STAG
- 8 HEWLETT

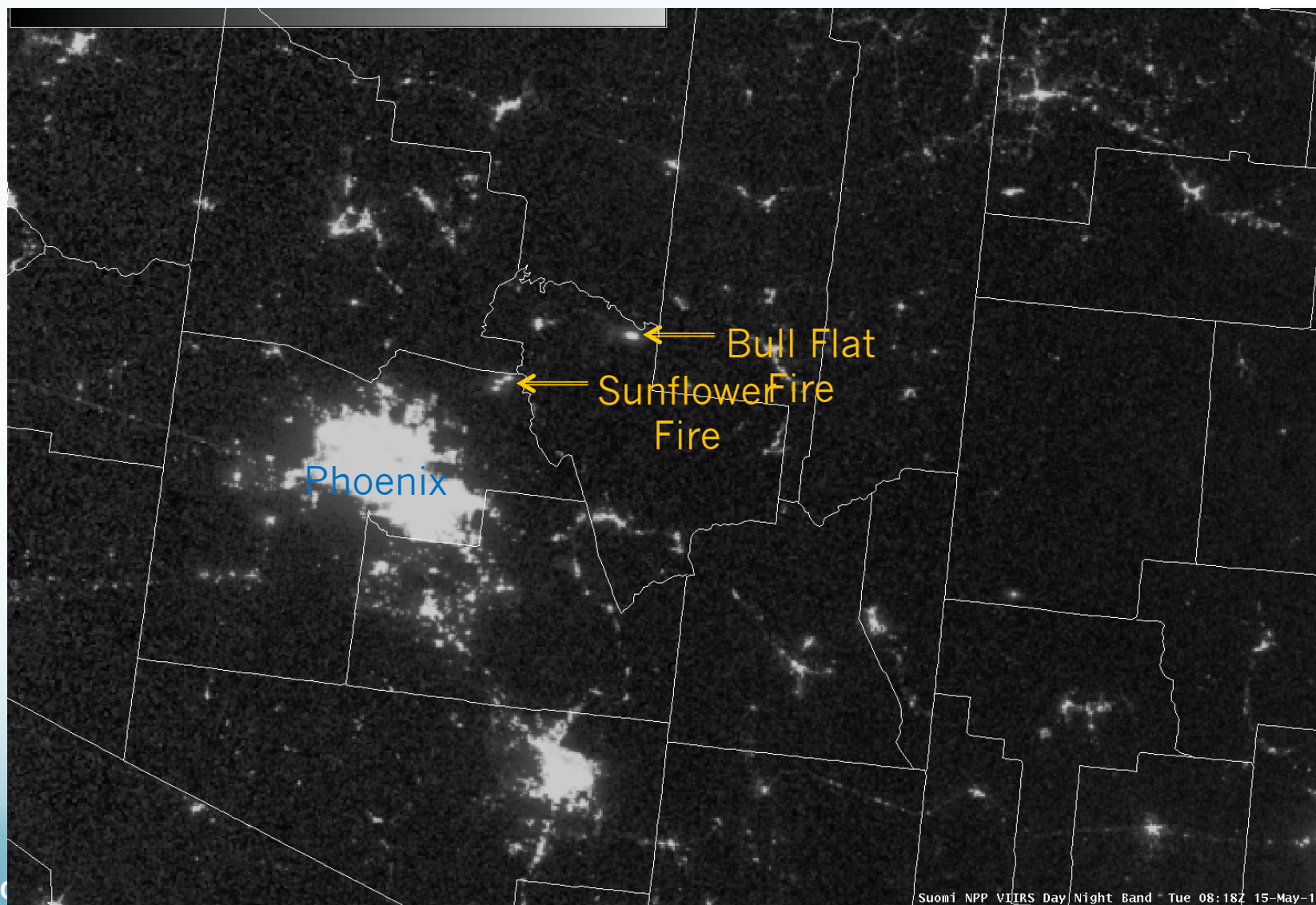


VIIRS in AWIPS Fire Detection Capability 15 May 2012





VIIRS in AWIPS Fire Detection Capability 15 May 2012



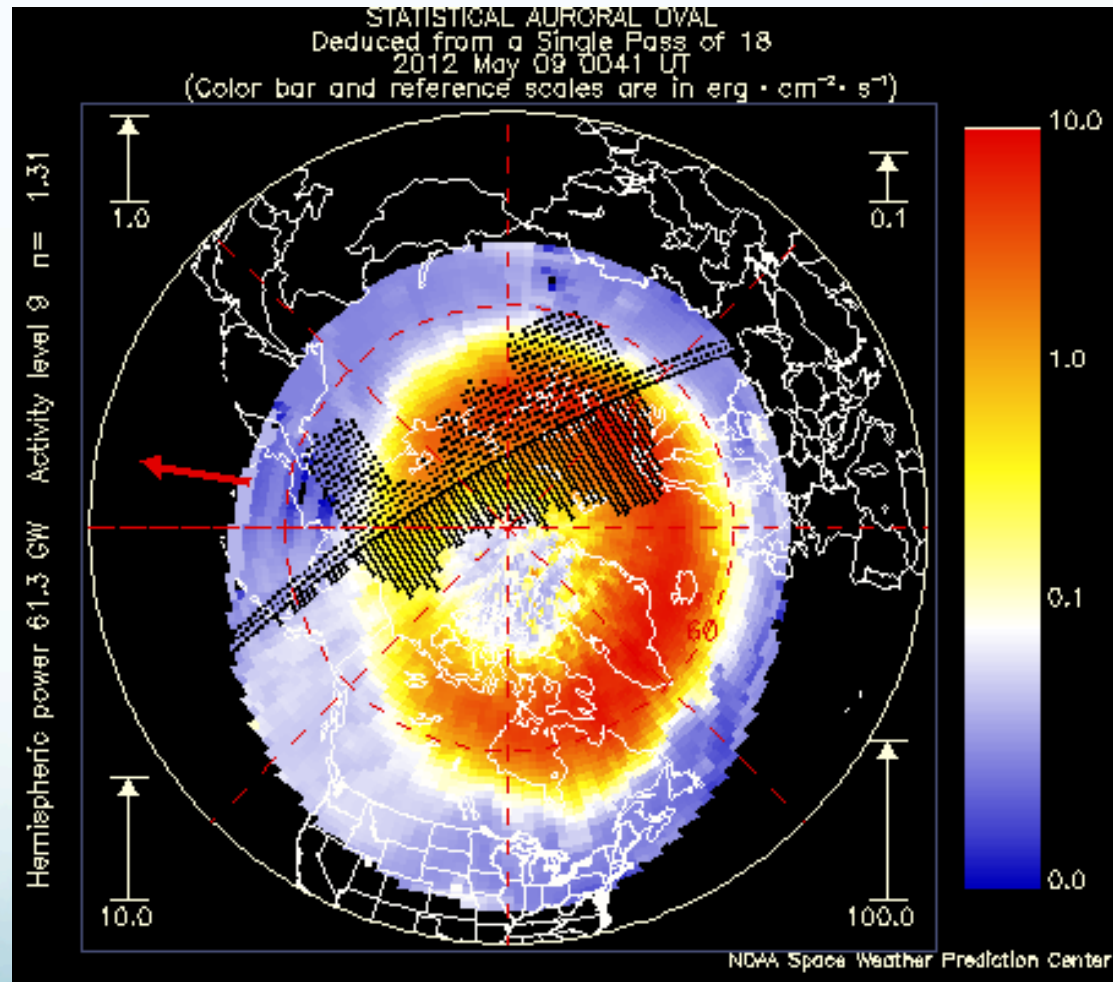
SSEC/

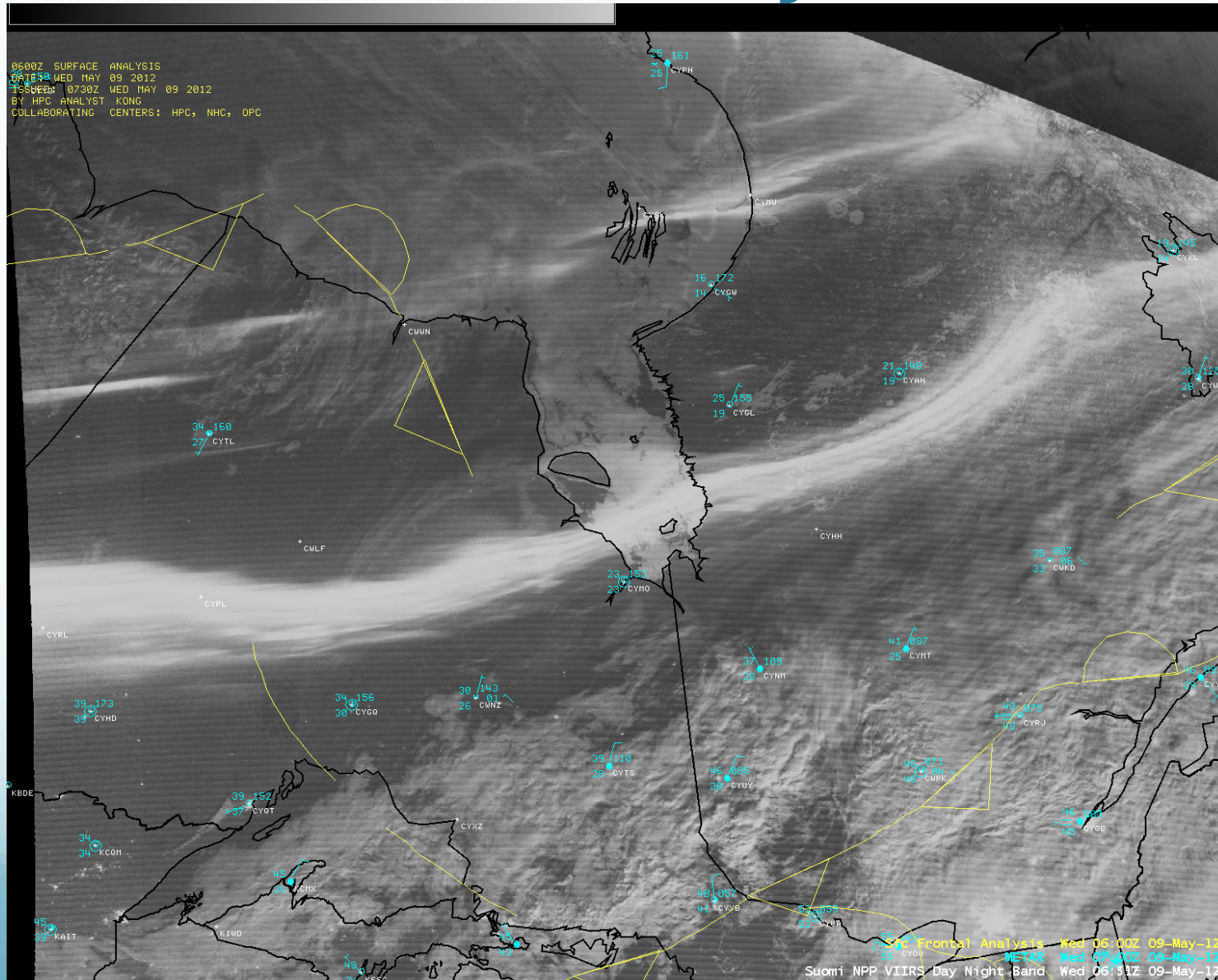
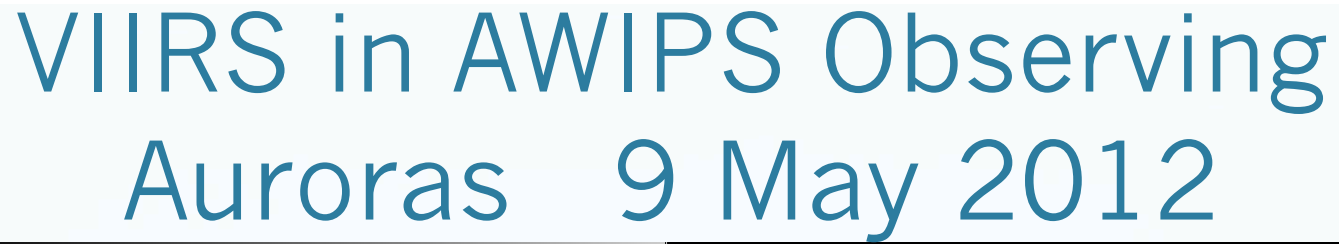
Suomi NPP VIIRS Day/Night Band - Tue 08:18Z 15-May-12



Auroral Oval

9 May 2012







spaceweather.com

News and information about the Sun-Earth environment

Subscribe to SpaceweatherNews

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[NIGHT-SKY CAMERAS](#)

Spaceweather Spotter | Photos and reports from the Spaceweather community: More



Sat Flybys for iPhone

[Click here for details!](#)

AURORAS

[Paul Beebe](#)

Image taken:

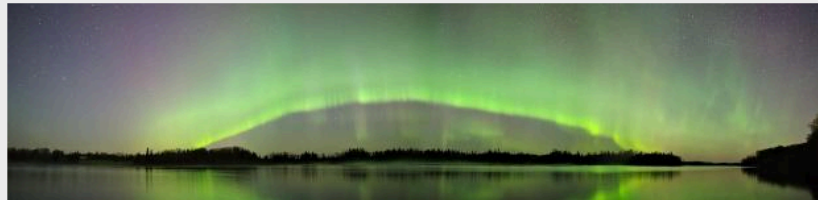
May. 9, 2012

Location:

Lang Lake in Upsala, Ontario, Canada

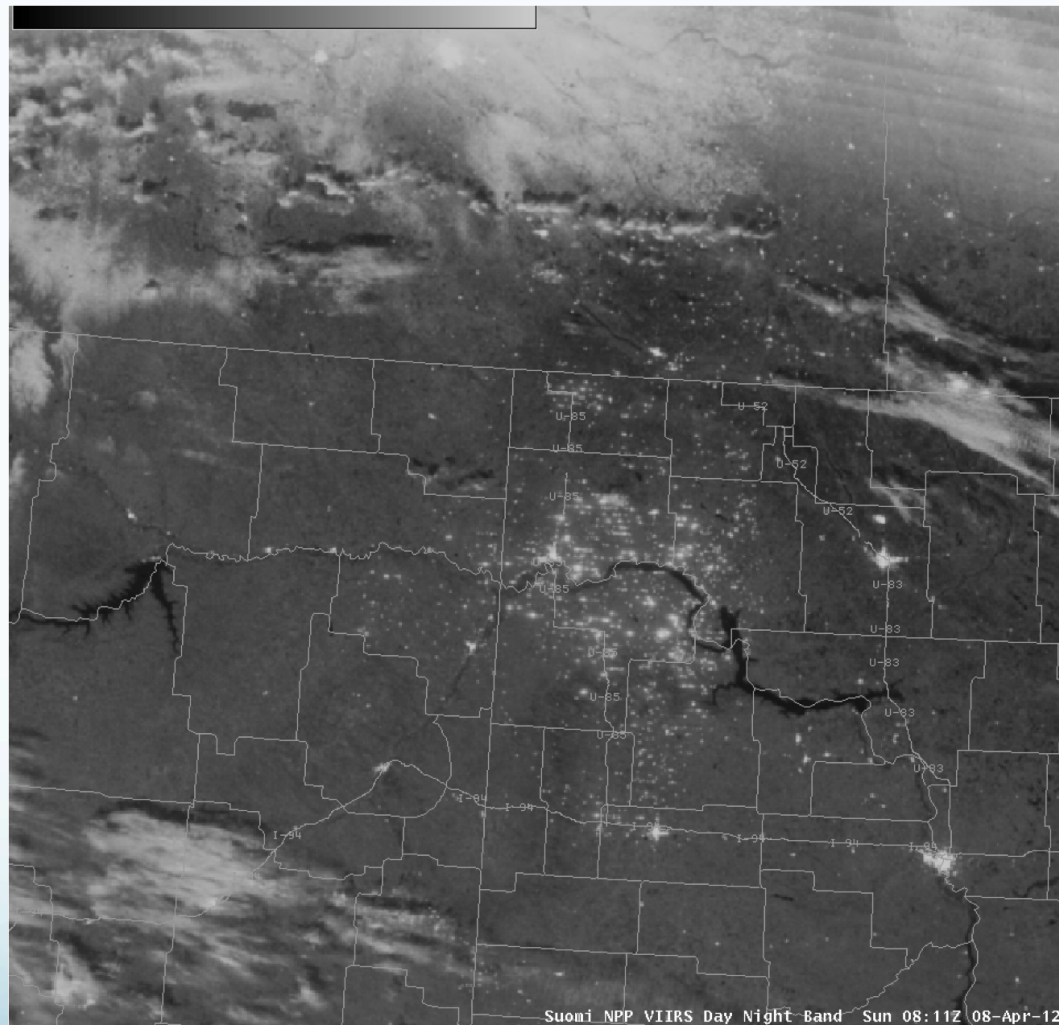
Details:

The night started out not all that exciting, with just a green arch in the northern sky, but sometime between 12:30 and 12:45am local time they brightened up and became quite active with spikes and curtains of greens and reds. Shot with a Pentax K-5 with lens set to 18mm, f3.5, ISO 3200, shutter speeds from 10 to 15 seconds.





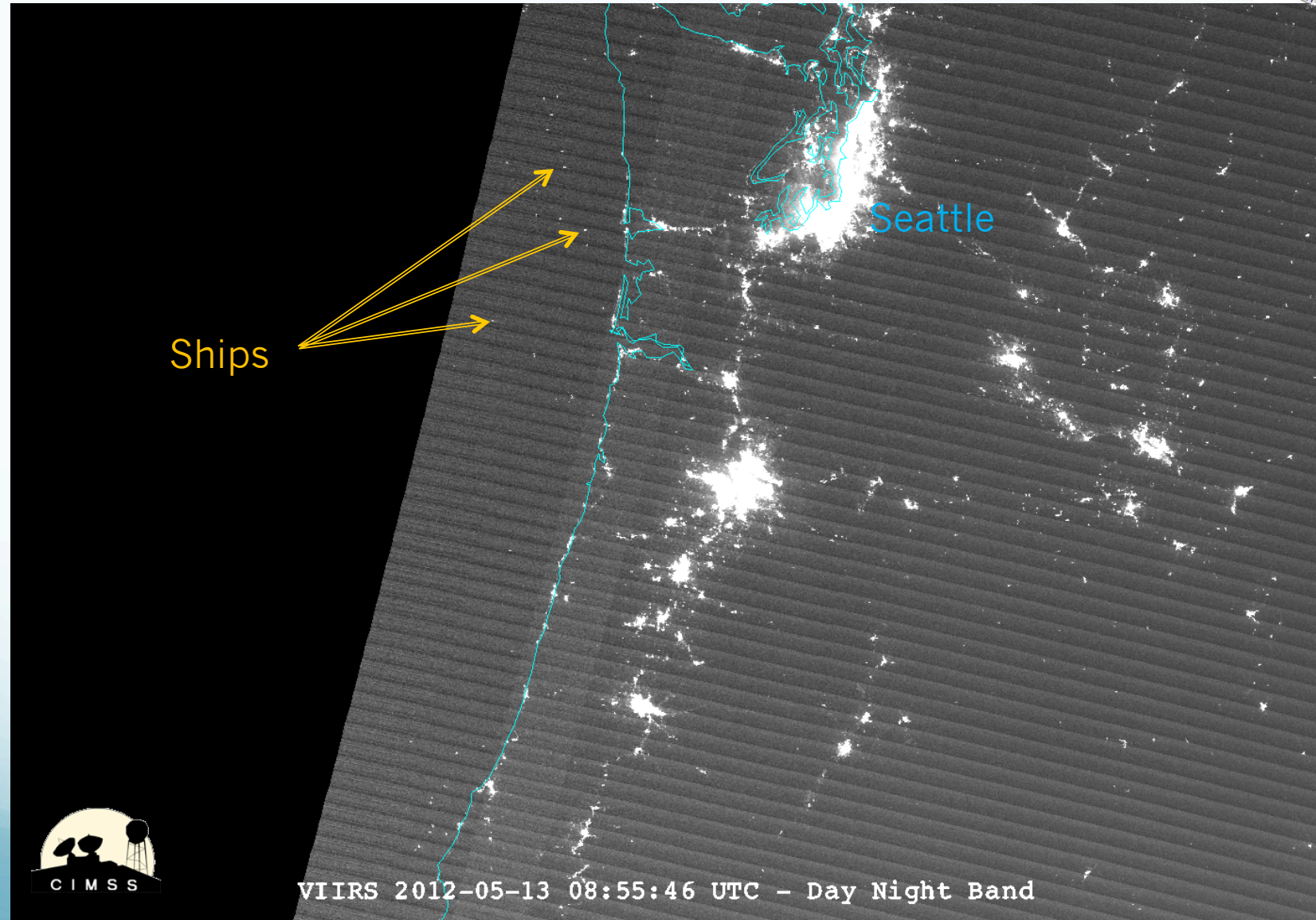
VIIRS in AWIPS Day/Night Band Mining Operations 8 April 2012



Another example of a Day/Night Band image from 08 April 2012 revealed a large number of natural gas flares and illuminated “man camps” associated with extensive drilling operations in the Bakken Shale Oil Field area of eastern Montana and western North Dakota.

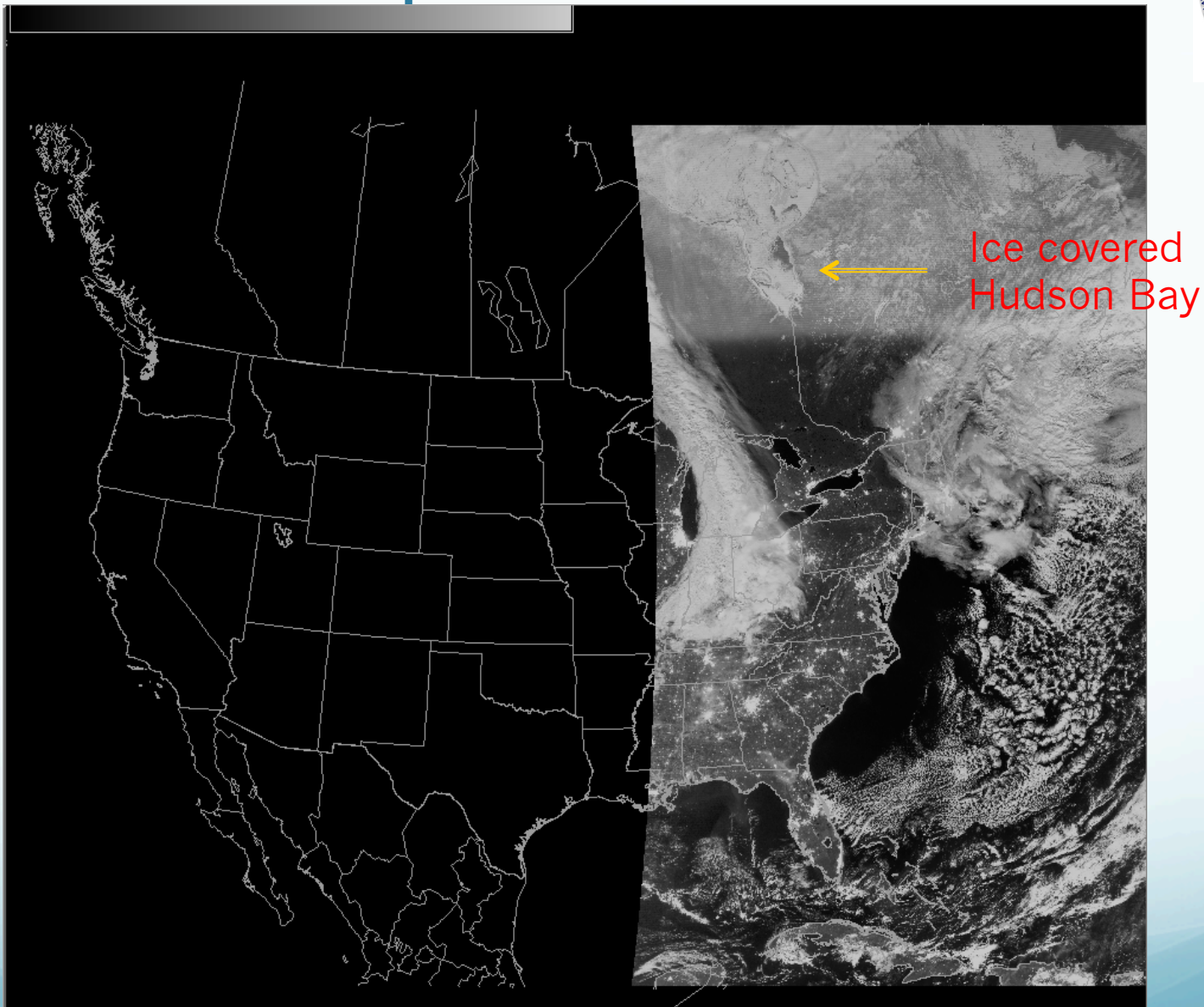


Examples Ships

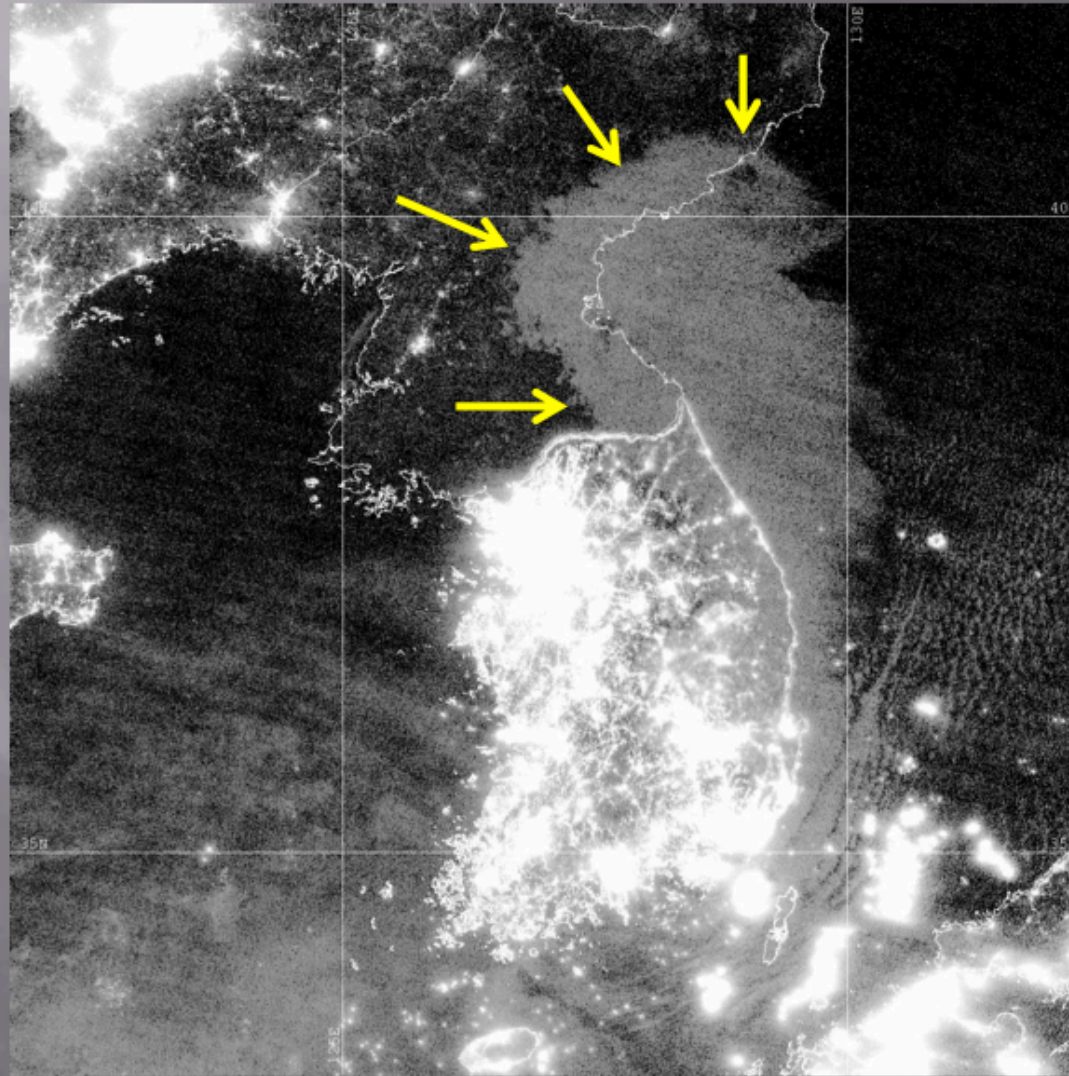




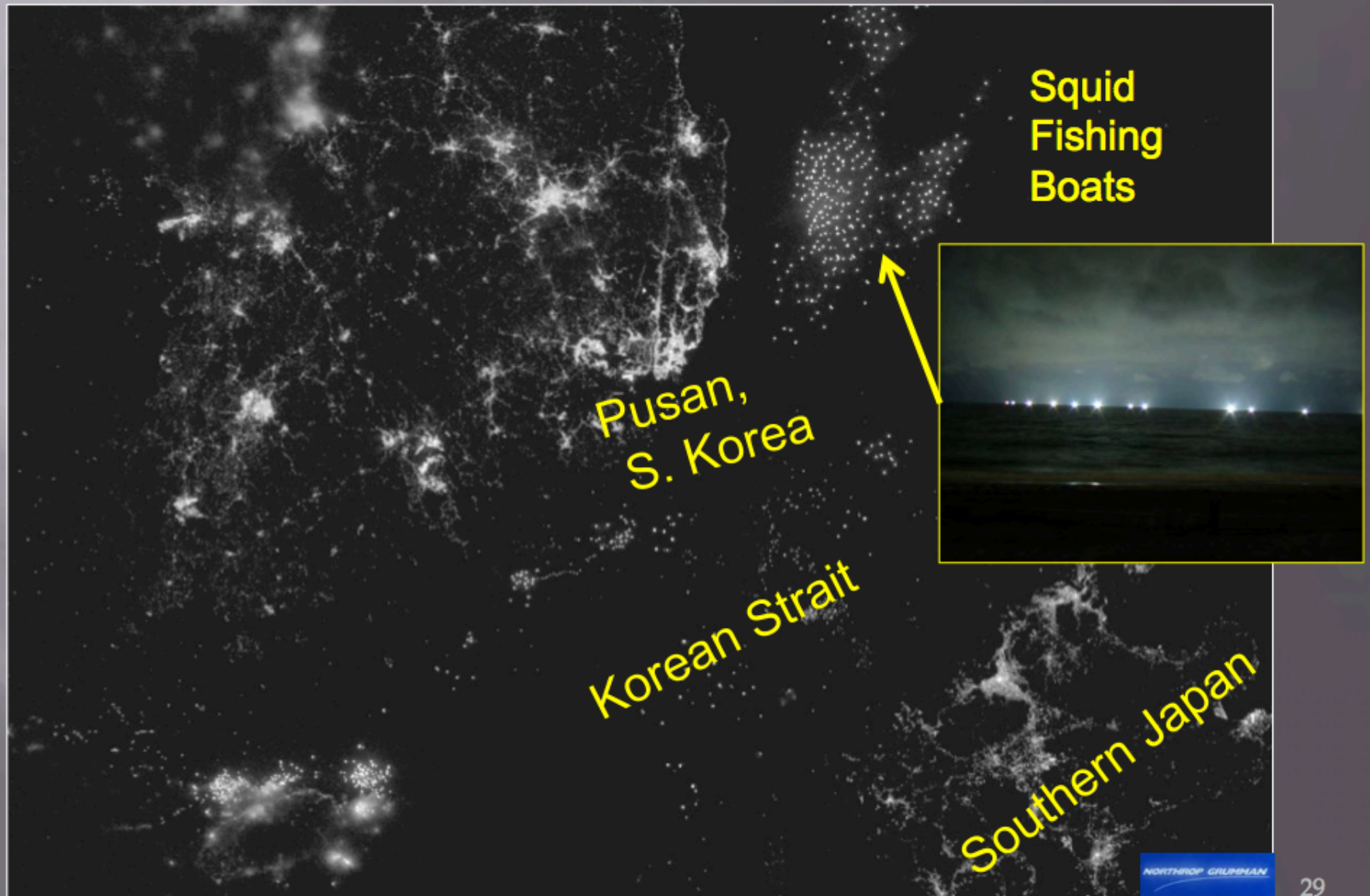
Examples- Sea ice

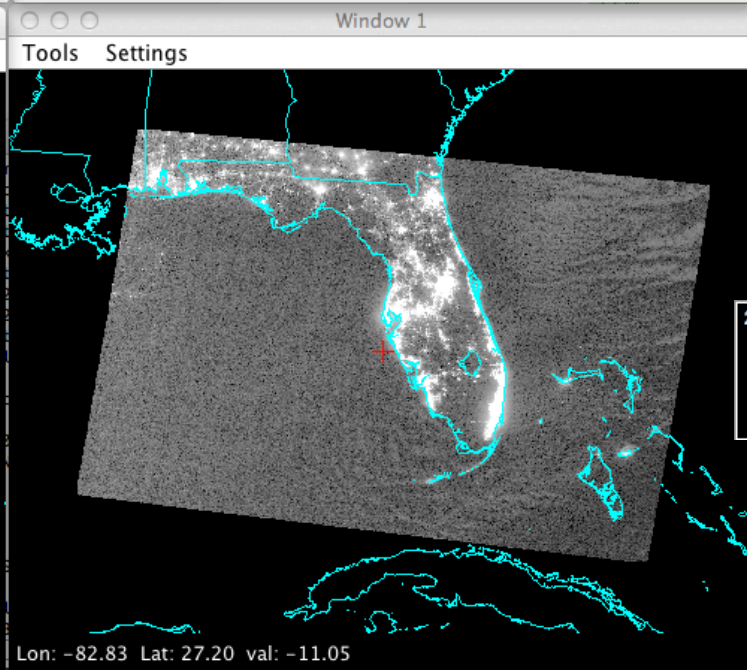
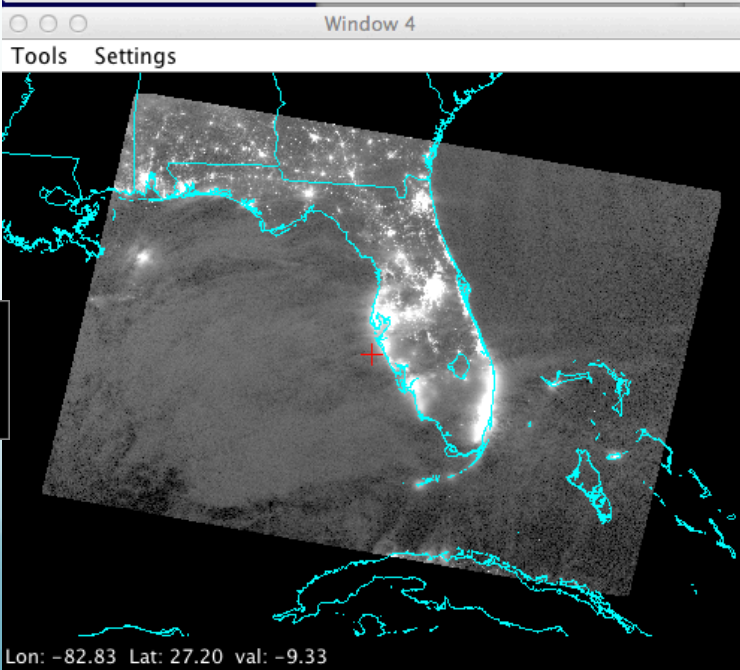
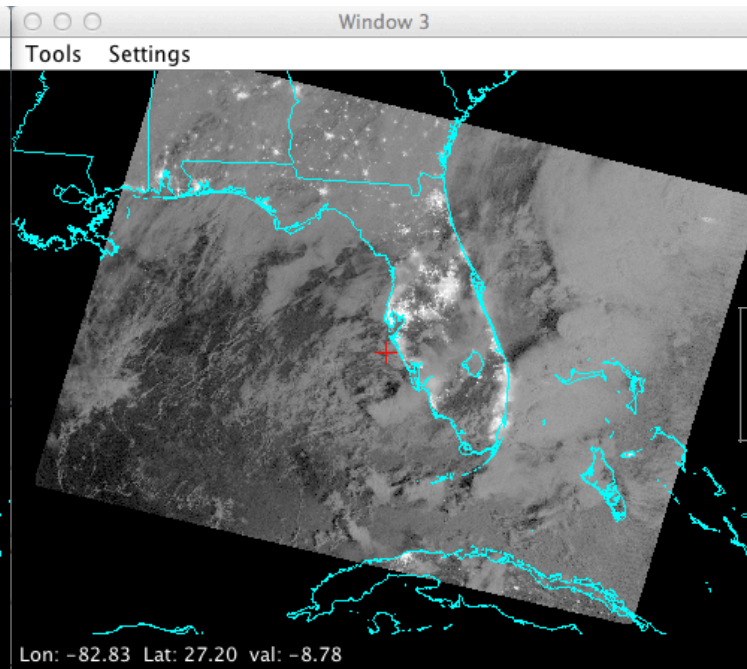
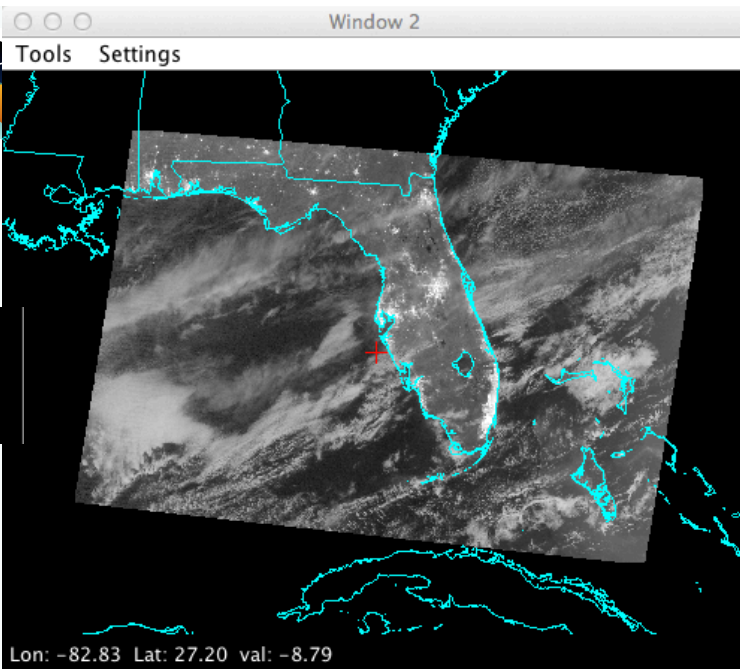


A New Way of Seeing Low Clouds



Korean Strait





☒ 2:DNE

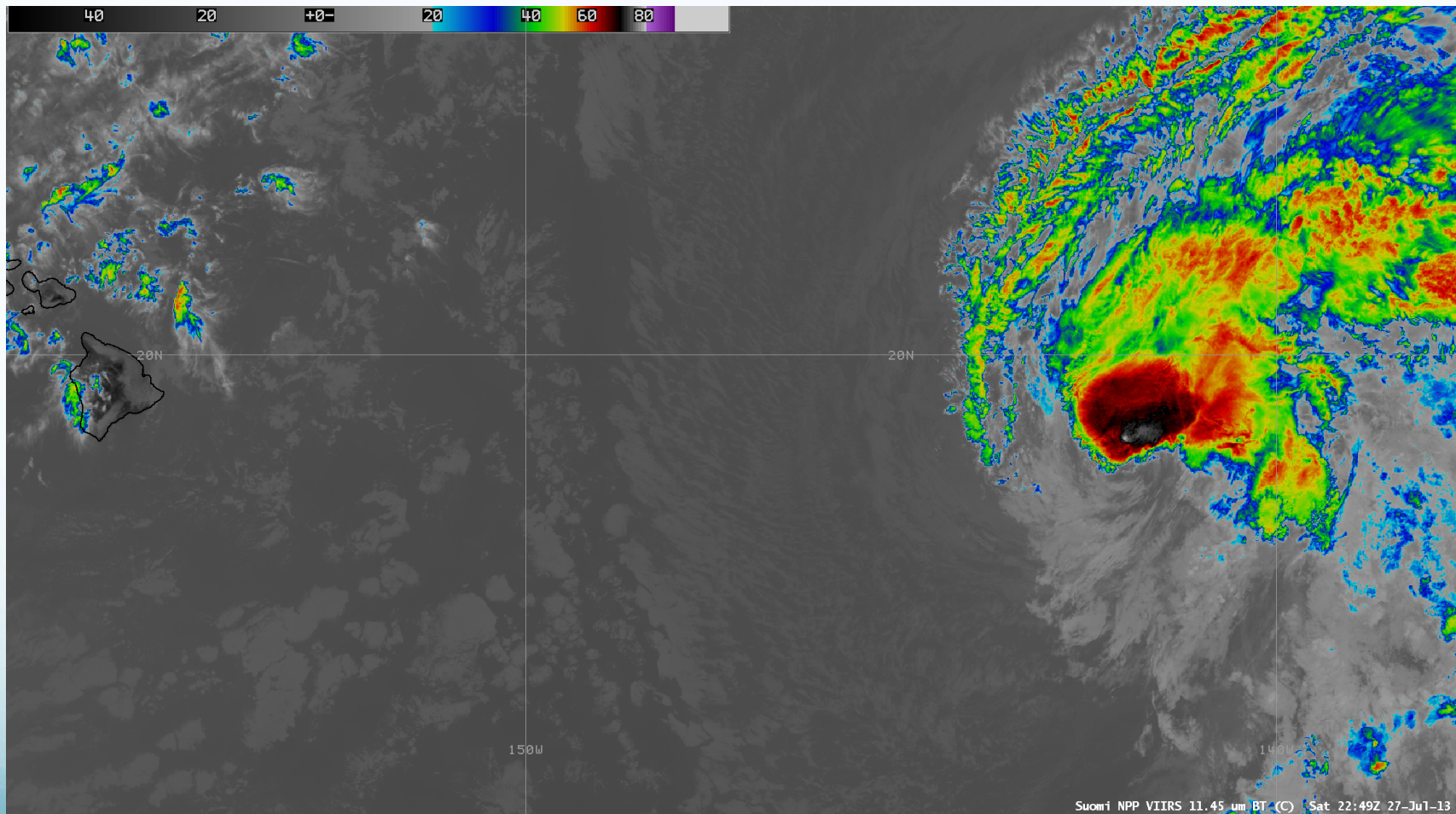
☒ 3:DNE



Tropical Storm Flossie Approaching Hawaii

S-NPP VIIRS IR Window Loop

27-28 July 2013

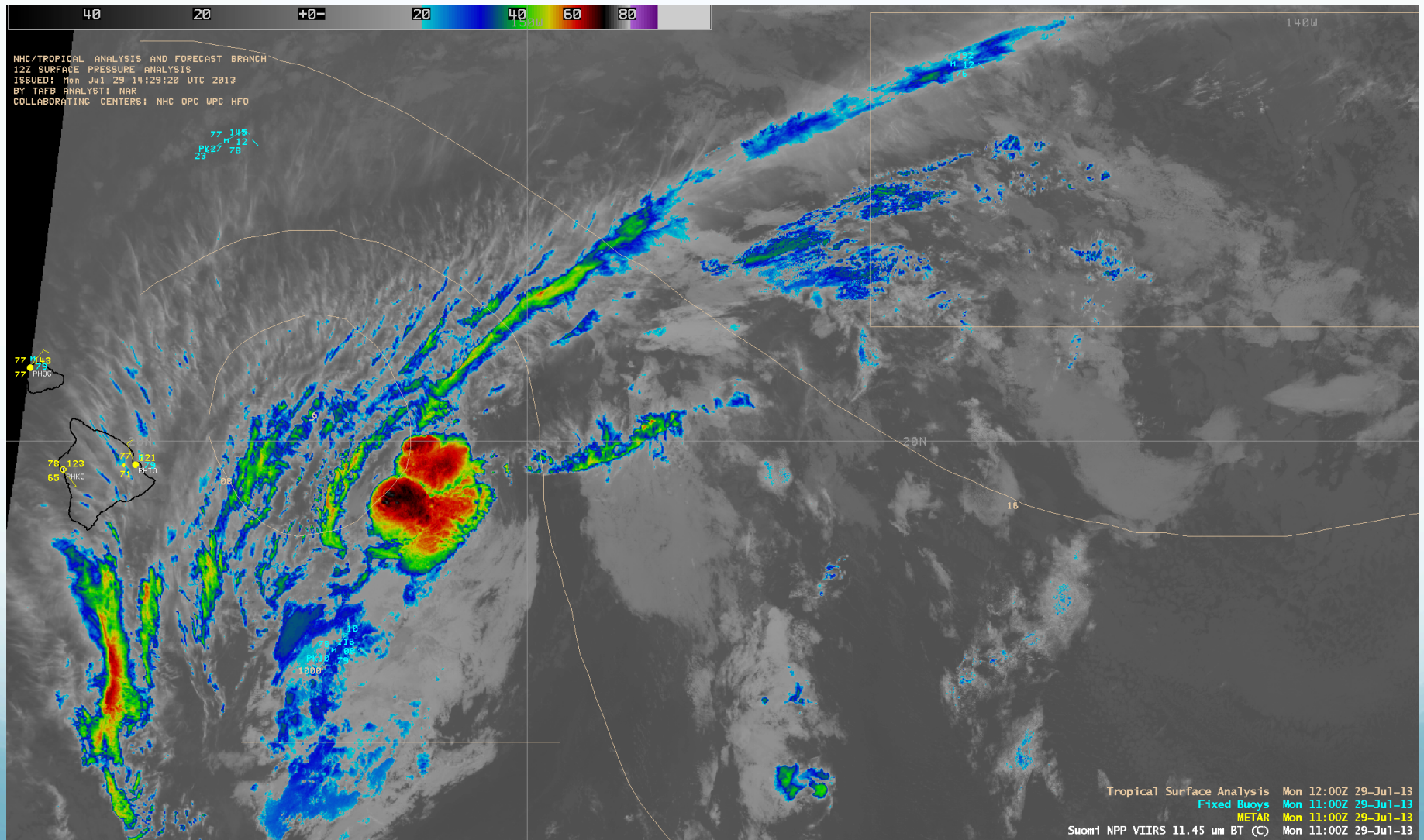


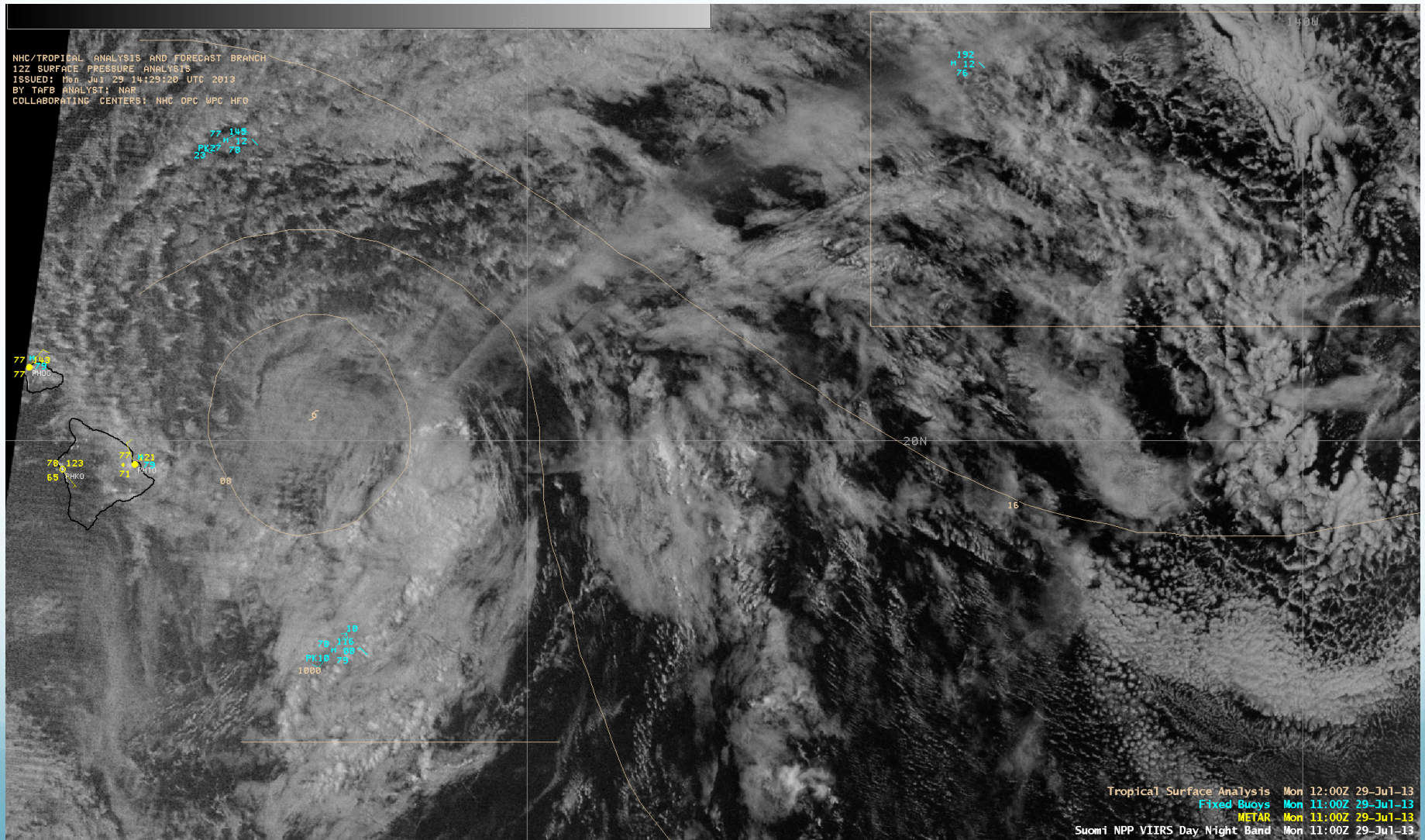
Data acquired by Honolulu Direct Broadcast Antenna
processed using CSPP software and displayed in AWIPS-I



Tropical Storm Flossie

VIIRS IR Window 29 July 2013







S-NPP DB Data Used by NWS Central Pacific Hurricane Center



TROPICAL STORM FLOSSIE DISCUSSION NUMBER 19

NWS CENTRAL PACIFIC HURRICANE CENTER HONOLULU HI EP062013

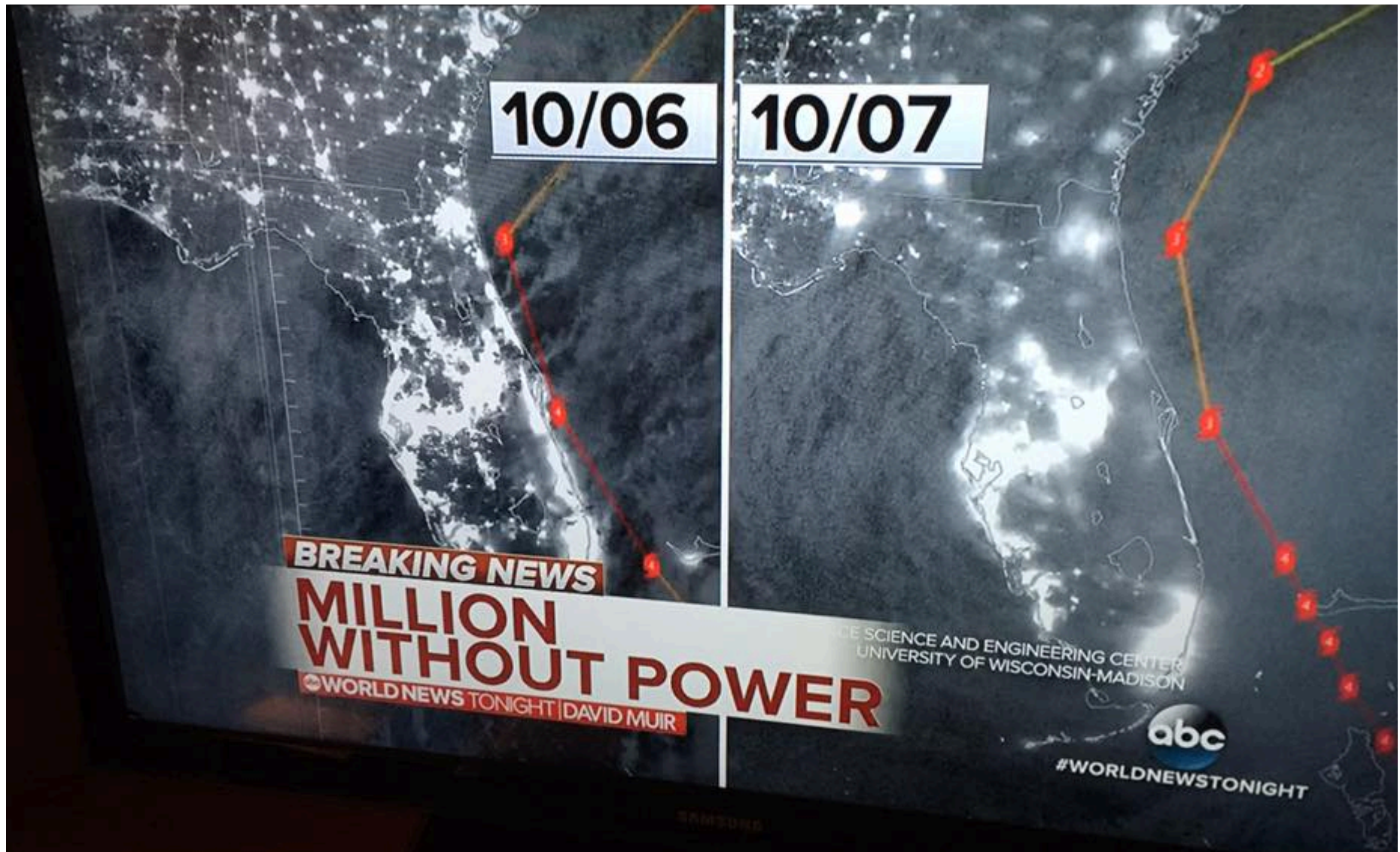
500 AM HST MON JUL 29 2013

THE CENTER OF FLOSSIE WAS HIDDEN BY HIGH CLOUDS MOST OF THE NIGHT BEFORE VIRS NIGHTTIME VISUAL SATELLITE IMAGERY REVEALED AN EXPOSED LOW LEVEL CIRCULATION CENTER FARTHER NORTH THAN EXPECTED. WE RE-BESTED THE 0600 UTC POSITION BASED ON THE VISIBLE DATA. SUBJECTIVE DVORAK ANALYSES CONTINUED SHOW CURRENT INTENSITIES OF 3.0 BUT SATELLITE LOOPS SUGGEST A RAPID WEAKENING TREND WITH THE LOW LEVEL CENTER PULLING AWAY FROM A SMALL AREA OF CONVECTION SOUTHEAST OF THE CENTER. IT IS LIKELY THAT CONTINUED NORTHWEST SHEAR WILL MAINTAIN THIS WEAKENING TREND.

THE TRACK HAS BEEN SHIFTED NORTH TO REFLECT THE RE-LOCATED CENTER. THE TRACK GUIDANCE SHIFTED FOLLOWING THE TRACK CHANGE AND WAS CONSISTENT WITH A NEW TRACK FARTHER TO THE NORTH. THE TRACK NOW SHOWS FLOSSIE PASSING OVER MAUI TODAY...OVER OAHU TONIGHT...THEN PASSING SOUTH OF KAUAI EARLY TUESDAY MORNING. WE EXPECT FLOSSIE TO WEAKEN STEADILY AS IT TRACKS WEST NORTHWEST AND DISSIPATE WITHIN 96 HOURS.



The Effects of Hurricane Matthew as seen in the VIIRS DNB





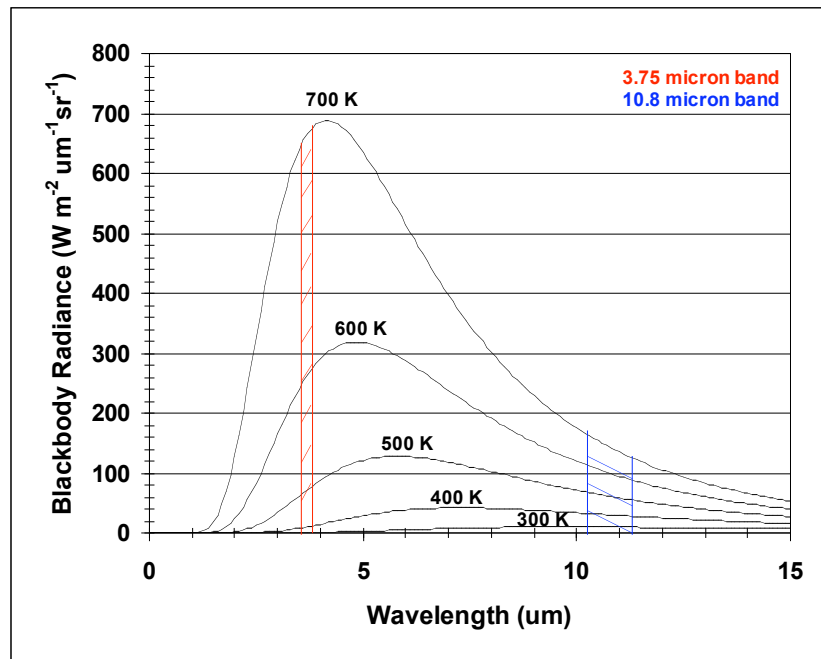
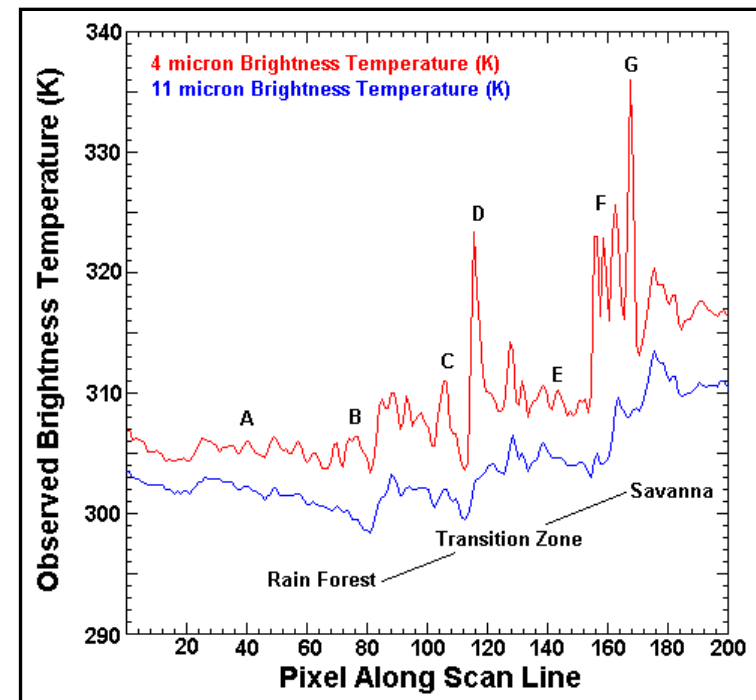
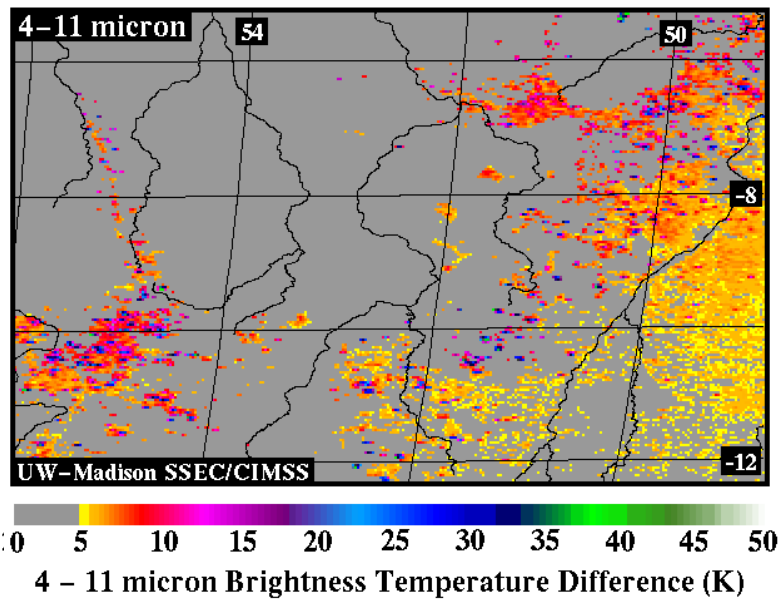
Hot Spot Detection

Hot Spot Detection

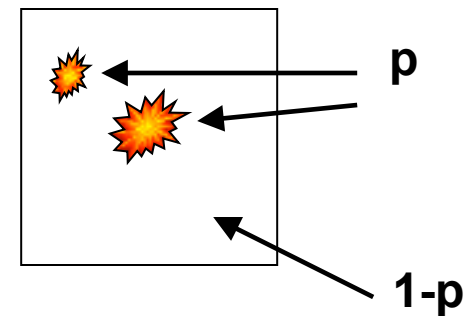
(Fire Product, Thermal anomalies)

- Based upon the difference in Temperature Sensitivity between 4 and 11 microns
- Contextual Fire Detection Algorithm
 - Infrared static Brightness Temperature thresholds
 - Dynamic thresholds compare pixel to surrounding background

How are Meteorological Satellites Used to Monitor Fires?



Pixel



$$B_4(T_4) = pB_4(T_{fire}) + (1-p)B_4(T_{bg})$$

$$B_{11}(T_{11}) = pB_{11}(T_{fire}) + (1-p)B_{11}(T_{bg})$$

Fire Output Parameters

1km resolution

- **fire_mask** 8 bit unsigned integer
 - 0 missing input data
 - 3 water
 - 4 cloud
 - 5 non-fire
 - 6 unknown
 - 7 fire (low confidence)
 - 8 fire (nominal confidence)
 - 9 fire (high confidence)
- Line and element of fire pixel
- Latitude and longitude of fire pixel
- Fire pixel confidence (one value for each fire detected per scene)

MODIS Emissive Bands

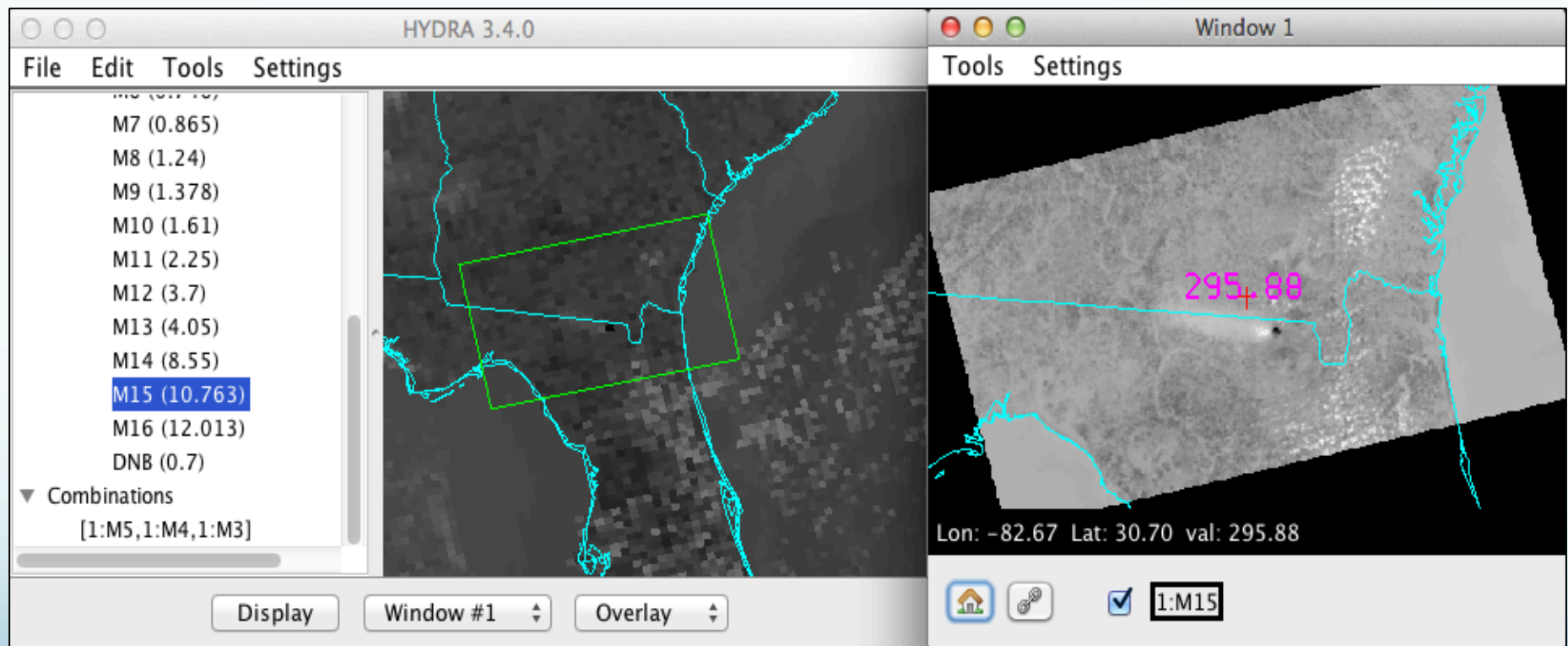
Primary Use	Band	Bandwidth ¹	Spectral Radiance ²	Required NE[delta]T(K) ⁴
Surface/Cloud Temperature	20	3.660 - 3.840	0.45(300K)	0.05
	21	3.929 - 3.989	2.38(335K)	2.00
	22	3.929 - 3.989	0.67(300K)	0.07
	23	4.020 - 4.080	0.79(300K)	0.07
Atmospheric Temperature	24	4.433 - 4.498	0.17(250K)	0.25
	25	4.482 - 4.549	0.59(275K)	0.25
Cirrus Clouds Water Vapor	26	1.360 - 1.390	6.00	150(SNR)
	27	6.535 - 6.895	1.16(240K)	0.25
	28	7.175 - 7.475	2.18(250K)	0.25
Cloud Properties	29	8.400 - 8.700	9.58(300K)	0.05
Ozone	30	9.580 - 9.880	3.69(250K)	0.25
Surface/Cloud Temperature	31	10.780 - 11.280	9.55(300K)	0.05
	32	11.770 - 12.270	8.94(300K)	0.05
Cloud Top Altitude	33	13.185 - 13.485	4.52(260K)	0.25
	34	13.485 - 13.785	3.76(250K)	0.25
	35	13.785 - 14.085	3.11(240K)	0.25
	36	14.085 - 14.385	2.08(220K)	0.35

Algorithm Description

- MODIS bands 21 and 22 (3.99 micron)
 - Band 22 saturates at 331 K
 - Band 21 “fire channel” saturates at ~ 500 K
 - 12 bit range broader – less sensitive
 - The calibration of B21 uses fixed calibration coefficients and not using the scan-by-scan onboard black body (more noise)
 - So use Band 22 unless it is saturated
- MODIS band 31 (11 micron)
 - Saturates at ~ 400 K for Terra
 - Saturates at ~ 340 K for Aqua



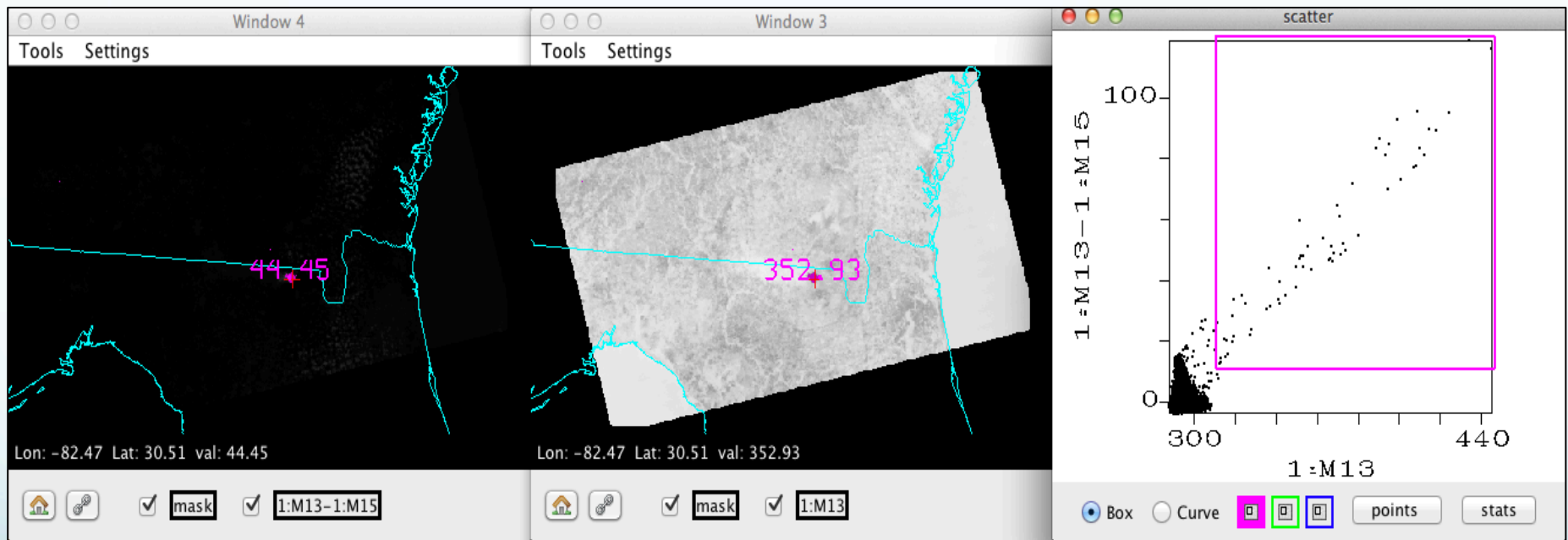
S-NPP Band 13 4.05 microns





S-NPP IR Bands

11 August 2013





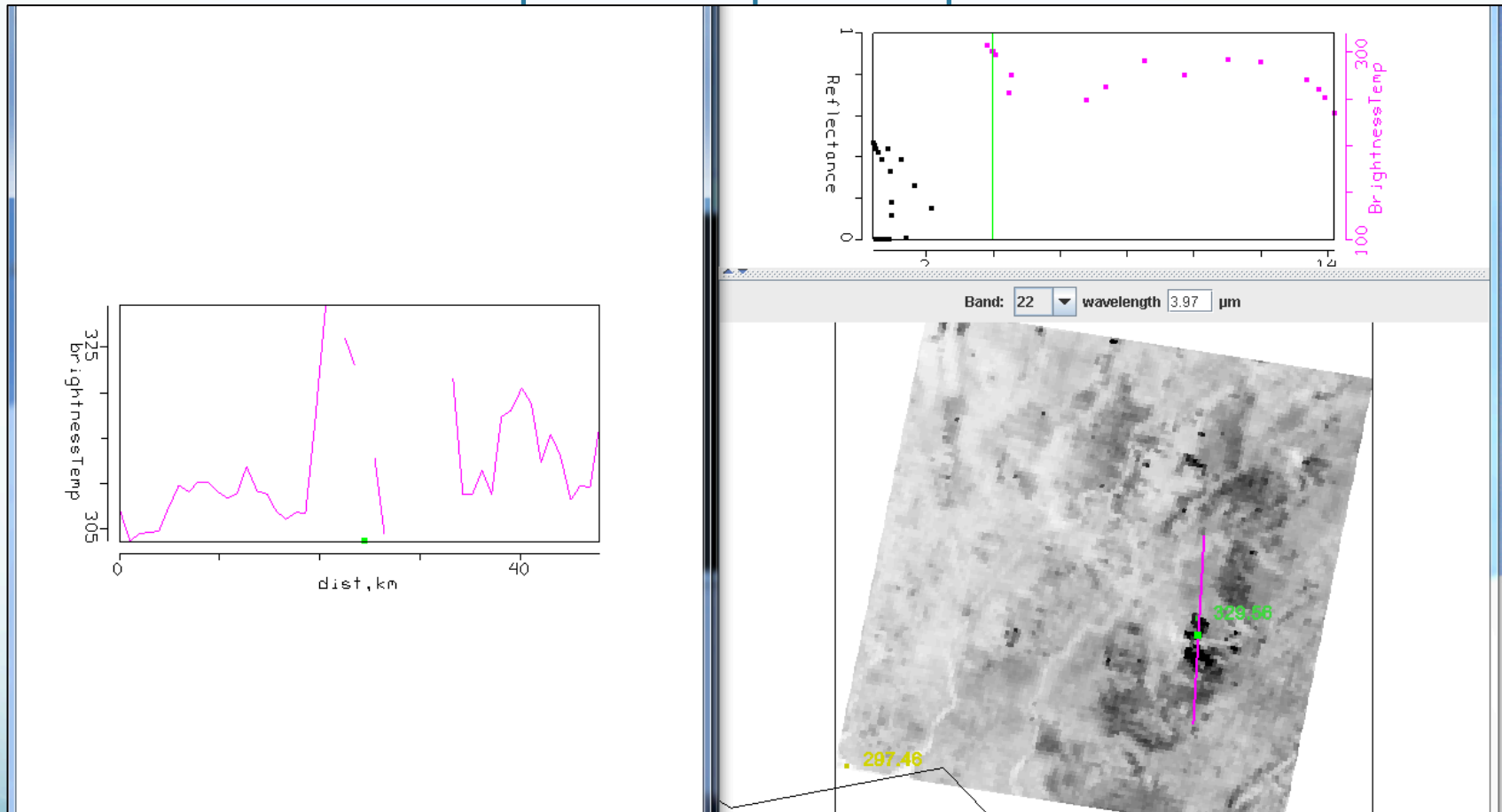
Algorithm Description (cont.)



Aqua MODIS true color image 18 April 2003 12:45 UTC

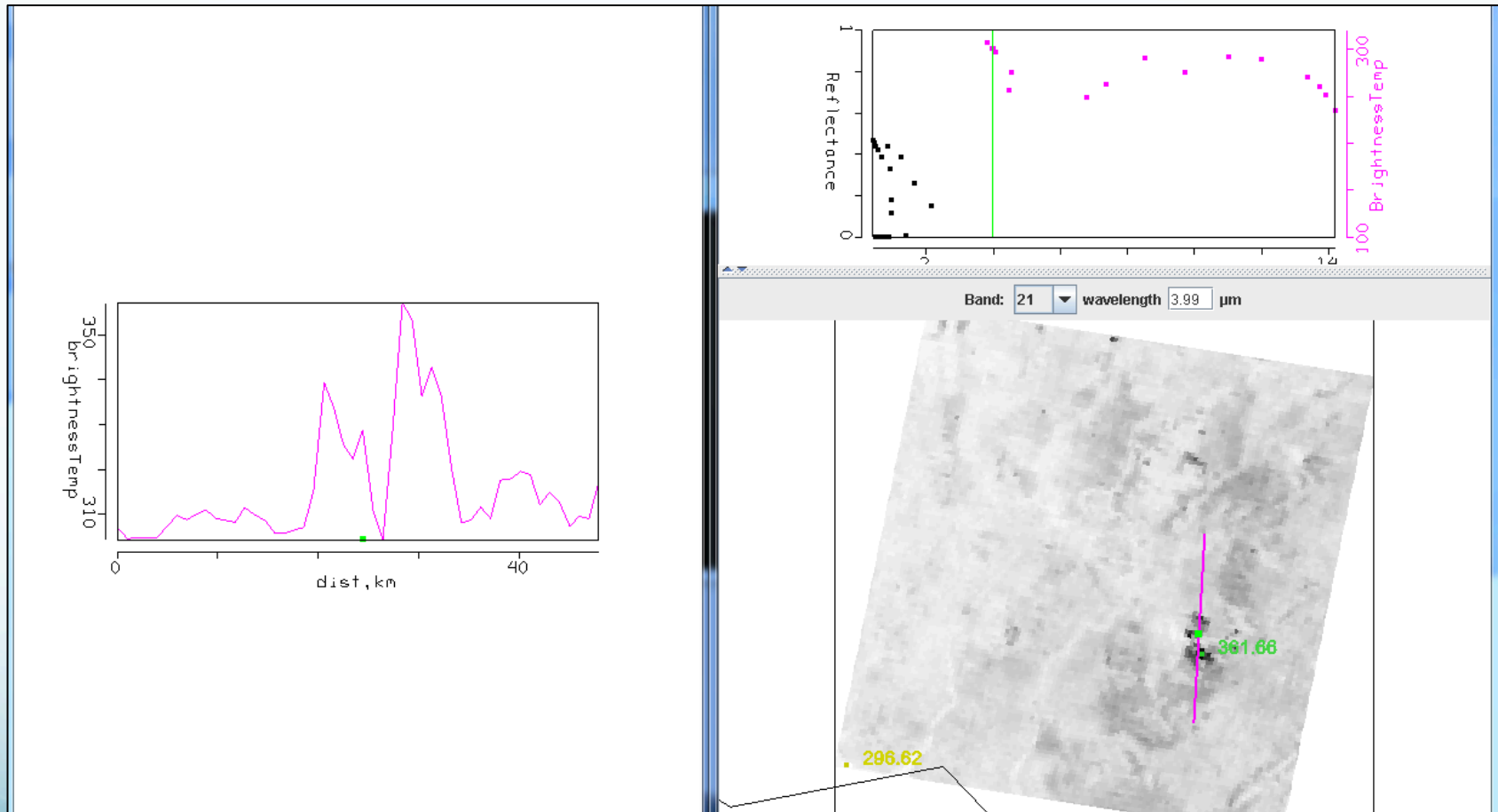


MODIS Terra Band 22 (3.99 micron)



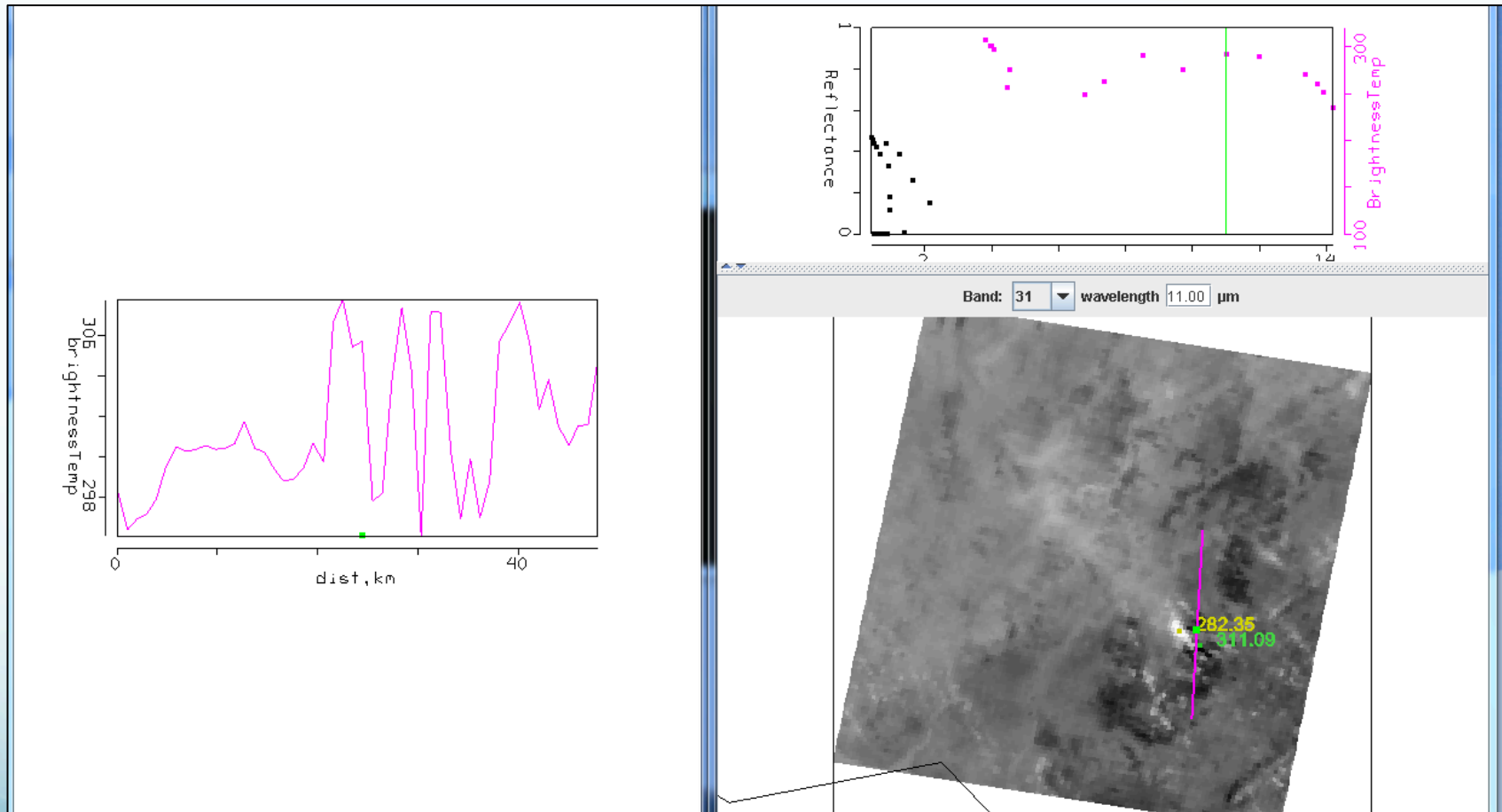


MODIS Terra Band 21 ($3.99\text{ }\mu\text{m}$) transect over fires





MODIS Terra Band 31 ($11\text{ }\mu\text{m}$) transect over fires





Algorithm Description (cont.)

- Potential Fire Pixel identified
 - $BT4 > 310 \text{ K}$ ($\sim 37 \text{ C}$)
 - $BT4-11 > 10 \text{ K}$
 - $.86 \text{ micron reflectance} < .3$
- Otherwise flagged as non-fire pixel



Screening Potential Fire Pixels

(1) $BT4 > 360 \text{ K } (\sim 87 \text{ C})$

Contextual Tests: Performed on as many as 21×21 box surrounding potential fire pixel to separate out from background

$$(2) \quad BT4 - 11 > \overline{BT4 - 11} + 3.5\delta_{BT4-11}$$

$$(3) \quad BT4 - 11 > \overline{BT4 - 11} + 6K$$

$$(4) \quad BT4 > \overline{BT4} + 3\delta_{BT4}$$

$$(5) \quad BT11 > \overline{BT11} + \delta_{BT11} - 4K$$

$$(6) \quad \delta'_4 > 5K$$

Where δ is the Mean Absolute Difference (MAD):

$$MAD = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i |x_i - \bar{x}|$$



Problem Areas

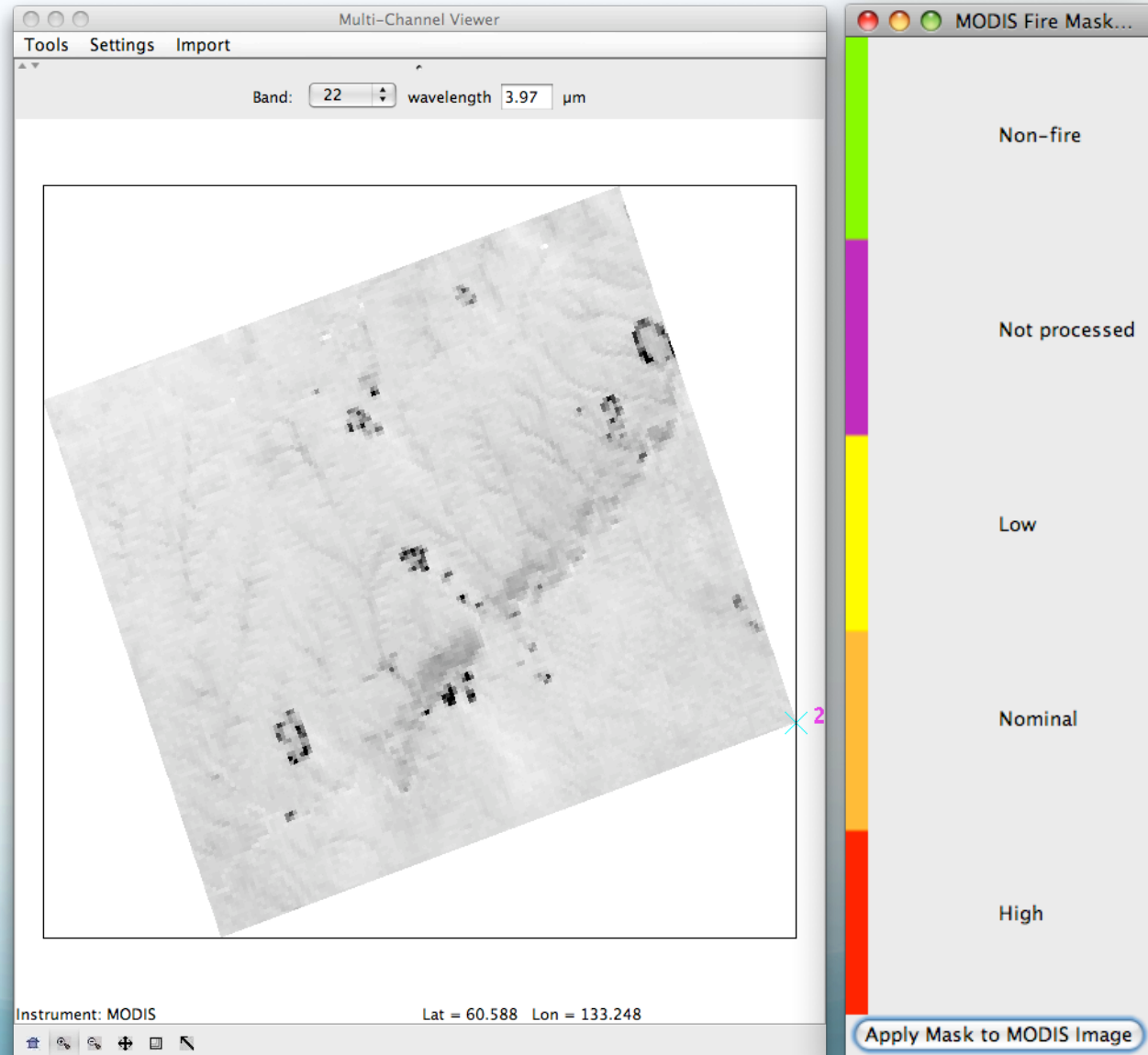
- **If there are many fires** – hard to get representative background temperature in max 21x21 pixel region
- **Sunlint** – Affects 4 micron band radiance
- **Transition areas** – contextual tests pick up boundaries
- **Coastal areas** – need really good geolocation so no mixed pixels are included
- **Clouds** – BT4-11 large over water and thick ice cloud



MODIS Fire Product



11 May 2011
03:40 UTC
Aqua MODIS

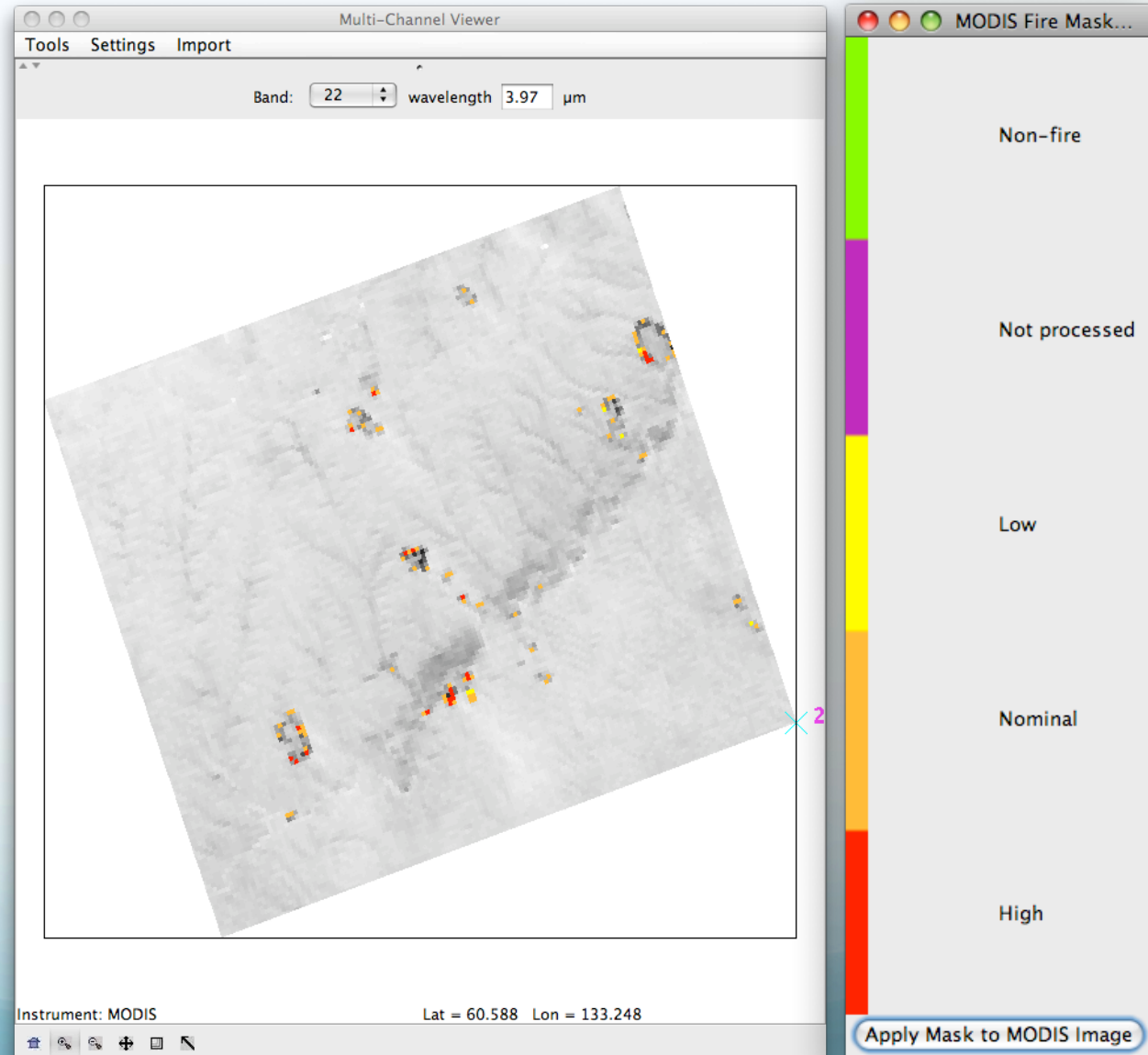




MODIS Fire Product



11 May 2011
03:40 UTC
Aqua MODIS





Fire Detection



AREA FORECAST DISCUSSION

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE LUBBOCK TX

315 PM CDT MON APR 11 2011

.FIRE WEATHER...*GOES 3.9 MICRON AND MODIS/POES 3.7 MICRON SATELLITE IMAGES SHOW ONLY ONE FIRE START SO FAR THIS AFTERNOON ALONG THE KENT/SCURRY COUNTY LINE. GOOD NEWS IS THAT THEY ARE NOT SHOWING ANY LARGE FLARE-UPS ON THE SWENSON/STONEWALL AND KING COUNTY FIRE.* DECREASING WIND SPEEDS WILL ALSO HELP WITH ANY CONTINUED FIREFIGHTING EFFORTS THROUGH TONIGHT. BY LATE TOMORROW MORNING...CONDITIONS CONTINUE TO LOOK MARGINAL TOMORROW FOR MEETING RED FLAG CRITERIA...BUT SOUTH WIND OF 15 TO 25 MPH AND RH VALUES BETWEEN 10 TO 15 PERCENT WILL RESULT IN AT LEAST AN INCREASED FIRE DANGER OVER THE REGION. WILL HOLD ONTO THE FIRE WEATHER WATCH FOR ANOTHER COUPLE OF SHIFTS TO MAKE SURE THE FORECAST REMAINS CONSISTENT IN THE COMPUTER MODELS FOR TOMORROW.

- Due to wildfires, the NWS WFO in Lubbock, Texas, is using the AWIPS alerting system, GUARDIAN, to inform forecasters of each new MODIS and AVHRR shortwave IR image that arrives.

Contact Information

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